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### Report on West Point Athletics Published

THE report of the investigation of West Point athletics, made by Maj. Gen. Hugh A. Drum, the Inspector General, previously withheld from publication by the War Department, was entered into the Congressional Record this week when Representative Roy G. Fitzgerald, of Ohio, addressed the Committee of the Whole House in answer to the charges recently made against the academy's conduct of athletics by Representative Hamilton Fish, Jr.

"I commence to wonder," Mr. Fitzgerald said, "from whom the apology is due. Is it from the Secretary of War, as claimed by him, who should be West Point's champion, or may it not rather be from our colleague himself?"

Gen. Drum's report gave the conduct of athletics at the academy a clean bill of health with the exception that a certain form of "recruiting" of athletes is being practiced. This "recruiting," according to the report, consisted of giving to athletes who asked for information the following assistance: Advice as to prospective vacancies; interesting friends from or through whom appointments could be secured; securing special scholarships at West Point preparatory schools, and following up likely athletes.

#### Fish Answers

In regard to this Gen. Drum reported to the Secretary of War, "While this recruiting involved no action on the part of any person which could be associated in any way with the allegations under investigation, I am of the opinion that such methods do not accord with the recognized high ethical standards of the academy."

Two days later, on Thursday, Representative Fish charged that the Drum report in referring to the number of former college players who have played football at West Point is "utterly misleading, evasive, and is an attempt to deceive the American public and whitewash" the situation. He stated that the percentage of former college players at West Point was 62 instead of the much lower figures quoted in the report.

#### A Professional Eligible?

It was Mr. Fitzgerald's contention that both of the service academies are democratic institutions and that anyone eligible to enter them and be trained for the service of national defense is worthy to represent that institution in sport competitions. In bringing up that phase of the subject talk of professionalism naturally entered and the following colloquy occurred.

Representative Fred Britten: "\*\*\* Would the gentleman go so far as to say that a professional runner or a professional boxer or a professional swimmer or a professional football player, once he gets into one of these academies, should play with those amateurs?"

Representative Fitzgerald: "Absolutely. If we can get the best men in the United States, even if it is Fred Britten, with his fine athletic career behind him, as a soldier at West Point, we are accomplishing what we set out to do—to get the finest manhood of America into Annapolis and into West Point."

Representative Britten: "But I am sure when my friend gives serious consideration to my question he will not say that a professional prize fighter, a professional swimmer, or any other professional athlete, once he gets into the Naval or Military Academy, should compete with all the other amateurs

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### Pay Commission Seeks To Unify Promotion Systems

## The Gold Brick

THE CONGRESSIONAL PAY COMMISSION has handed the people and the Services a gold brick. That is the only conclusion we can draw from its action in introducing in the two Houses the joint resolution entangling the pay and promotion problems. No one knew better than Senator Reed, Chairman of the Commission, and Chairman of the Senate Military Committee, the difficulties attendant upon the solution of the promotion problem. This knowledge likewise was shared by the House members of the Commission, and by the Administration, which undoubtedly was consulted.

In order not to embarrass pay relief and promotion reform, the program was adopted several years ago of pressing legislation for each separately. That program led to lengthy investigations into promotion, and the passage of bills by the two Houses during the last Congress and the passage of the Reed bill by the Senate during the current session. The illness of Congressman James prevented action by the House Military Committee. When the question of creating the Pay Commission was under consideration in the House Rules Committee, Congressman James protested against granting that Commission authority to deal with promotion, and his protest was heeded.

Now, after months of inaction, with the report of the Interdepartmental Pay Board before it, with the Naval promotion bill approved unanimously though at different Congresses by the two Houses, and with numerous reports of the War Department and the hearings of the Committee on Army Promotion available, the Commission gravely requests the creation of another Interdepartmental Board to inquire into both pay and promotion! It does fix the date when the Board must report, but now that pay and promotion are made interdependent we wonder, first, if the Board itself can unite upon the provisions of a bill for the settlement of Army promotion—the Navy is in agreement—and secondly, if it does unite, whether a desperate fight will not be precipitated in the Commission and on the floor of the two Houses. We foresee demands by the House Military and Naval Committees to examine a bill approved by the Commission. This would mean hearings. The short session will expire on March 4. Thus no action at all is likely. Then in the new Congress, which will not convene until December, 1931, the weary round will have to be gone over again.

The responsibility for this procedure, this delay to act, rests squarely upon the individual members of the Pay Commission. They have flouted the will of the people. They deliberately have set out to thwart the demands of business, as represented by Chambers of Commerce, of Labor, as represented by the American Federation of Labor, of the Veterans, as represented by the American Legion, Veterans of Foreign Wars, etc., and of the Press, which has been insistent upon action. There is only one way in which the harm done can be averted, that is by report by the Commission to Congress in December next, a report which will be accepted without delay by the Service Committees, and enacted by the two Houses before March 4. It looks like an impossible task, but if the suspicion of deviousness in order to avoid action is to be rooted out, it must be done.

#### House Committee Reports New Army Housing Bill

REDUCTION from the \$15,000,000 authorized in H. R. 12719 to \$10,410,320, is made in H. R. 12996, the substitute bill for construction at military posts introduced on June 16 by Mr. Ransley, and reported out of the Military Committee the following day. At Albrook Field, C. Z., provision for the noncommissioned service club, the officers' mess, the guardhouse, the garage, the theater, the gymnasium and the post exchange are eliminated. The sum authorized for officers' quarters at Corozal is cut from \$319,500 to \$140,000.

The previous figures of \$225,000 for officers' quarters at Schofield Barracks is reduced to \$135,000. The guardhouse and garage at Wheeler Field are omitted.

Officers' quarters at Ft. Benning are reduced from \$716,660 to \$350,000.

The garage, guardhouse, post exchange and theater and gymnasium are omitted for Bolling Field. Noncommissioned officers' quarters are cut from \$162,000 to \$81,000; officers' quarters from \$285,000 to \$150,000.

The officers' quarters at Ft. Bragg are omitted.

Officers' quarters at Ft. Sam Houston are reduced from \$322,800 to \$250,000.

At Langley Field \$340,000 is authorized for noncommissioned officers' quarters, \$375,000 (in lieu of \$750,000) for officers' quarters, and \$510,720 for barracks, other construction being omitted.

Officers' quarters at March Field are reduced from \$405,000 to \$180,000, and the guardhouse, garage, gymnasium and post exchange are stricken out.

At Mitchel Field officers' quarters are

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#### Full Text of Joint Pay Committee's Resolution

THE Reed joint resolution, S. J. Res. 192, providing for the appointment of a joint interdepartmental board to study pay and promotion in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Public Health Service, and Coast and Geodetic Survey, is given here in full. It was passed by the Senate Monday by unanimous consent, but an attempt to pass the measure in the House on Tuesday was blocked by Representative McSwain, D. of South Carolina, and it is still on the Speaker's table.

Resolved, etc., That the President appoint commissioned officers of the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Public Health Service, and Coast and Geodetic Survey as members of a board which shall be required to evolve plans of (1) equalizing as nearly as may be consistent and practicable the systems of promotion obtaining in such services so as to provide for the regular and uniform advancement of all physically and professionally qualified commissioned personnel therein to the grades now authorized by law in and under such services, and (2) a modified pay schedule, including pertinent matters, applicable to all personnel of each of such services predicated upon the equalization principle and taking cognizance in the respect of commissioned personnel of the promotion plan of such board.

Sec. 2. The board appointed pursuant to section 1 hereof shall present with its report a draft of a legislative bill embracing both of the plans indicated in section 1 hereof. Such draft,

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#### Asks Creation of Board To Devise Plan for Six Services

#### Viewed As Severe Setback To Solution of Both Major Problems

THE Joint Congressional Committee on Service Pay has decided that it can do nothing towards the solution of the pay problem without simultaneously working out a promotion system equalizing the rate of advancement in the six services as nearly alike as is "consistent and practicable."

This definitely puts off any possibility of action on the important question of pay until fall, and, many believe, may forestall for the remainder of the life of this Congress any pay relief legislation at all because of the injection of the highly controversial promotion problem which has been the subject of so many bitter struggles both within the individual services themselves and in Congress.

#### To Report Bill

The course taken by the joint committee so that it might secure legislative authority to delve into the promotion problem was the reporting of a resolution calling upon the President to appoint an Interdepartmental Board composed of officers of the six services to work out the new promotion system for them and a "modified" pay schedule to accompany it. This is to be done in the form of a bill, accompanied by supporting data and is to be turned over to the Comptroller General by November 1, 1930, for such comments as he cares to make on it. He in turn is to send it to the Speaker of the House by November 15 from whence it is to go to the Joint Pay Committee, which, of course, set no date upon the time it is to take action.

While no mention was made of the lack of legislative authority of the Joint Pay committee to take up promotion, it is believed that the adoption of the resolution is being sought so that such authority will be given to it indirectly. It is well known that any data it seeks will be readily given by the Departments concerned. However, it is recalled that at any time the original resolution creating the pay committee was before the Rules Committee of the House it was specifically decided that power to go into the promotion systems should not be given to the committee. It was Representative James, chairman of the House Military Committee, who appeared personally before that committee and asked that promotion be left out of the resolution and warned them that "if the word 'promotion' is put in, it will be absolutely impossible to get the two schools of thought in the Army and Navy to agree upon any bill." Representative Snell, chairman of the Rules Committee, who had previously favored the inclusion of promotion, agreed with Mr. James and said, "After talking it over further with you and Mr. Britten, I guess I am wrong and we will not put that word in this year."

#### Reed Named Chairman

In executive session last Monday the Joint Pay Committee accepted the resignation of Senator Jones, of Washington, as chairman, retaining him however as a member of the committee and Senator Reed was selected to succeed him as chairman, as forecast in the *Army and Navy Journal*. Then the promotion resolution, which is generally understood to be fathered by Representative French, was taken up, a report to accompany it drafted and

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## Prince Carol's Coup d'Etat Seen As Significant In European Diplomacy

**P**RIOR TO HIS renunciation of heirship in 1925, Carol was a dashing and romantic soldier," states the New Orleans *Times Picayune* (Independent Democratic). "He retained his hold upon the affections of the army and its support strengthens his hold upon the crown. He has still to reckon with Roumania's political leaders and parties. The political coalition which delivered the Parliament to him may go to pieces as swiftly as it was organized. He has yet to prove his capacity for statecraft and rulership. Unless his conduct and administration are such as justify his recall, to the party leaders and the Roumanian people, there may be another upset."

**R**OUANIA HAS made a poor choice in placing the dissolute and unreliable Carol on the throne," declares the Washington *Post* (Independent). "Roumania's domestic affairs are none of the outside world's business. The world will take leave, however, to watch the course of events in eastern Europe with special attention for a while, in order to ascertain whether or not Carol, among his other activities, is a political adventurer. \* \* \* Sooner or later a clash between Roumania and Soviet Russia is to be expected. The Red Army may not be willing to fight to acquire foreign territory, but it certainly would fight to regain Bessarabia, which every Russian regards as Russian territory. \* \* \* If the crisis should come, Roumania would need a real king and not a night club hero."

**T**HE ROUMANIAN restoration, or whatever else it may be called, went through with complete Hollywood fixings," states the New York *Herald Tribune* (Independent Republican). "Reality has outrun film fancy in this latest rendering of the Return of the Prodigal. \* \* \*"

"If the restoration can be taken to have a significance in foreign relations, Carol's accession probably strengthens Italy's position in southeastern Europe. \* \* \* But the suggestion, made in London, that the new Roumanian regime points toward amalgamation of Roumania and Hungary under one sovereign seems fantastic. \* \* \* Differences in language, in national and racial traditions and in economic interests would make a merger under any circumstances hazardous."

"Probably the readjustment within the dynasty will have little effect on foreign policies. The King does not rule in Roumania. The Parliament and the political parties are all powerful."

**T**IRE OF dynastic wranglings, of factional intrigues and of political crises, the Roumanians no doubt very generally welcome the return of the legitimate successor of the decent and patriotic King Ferdinand, in spite of his bad personal record," remarks the Boston *Evening Transcript* (Independent Republican). "But in Roumania, 'unanimity' frequently ceases to be unanimous, and personal popularity fades away into contempt. At all events, the Roumanians are not to be congratulated on their king. \* \* \* Just the same, we may wish Roumania peace and contentment at least, under his flimsy scepter."

**C**AROL NEEDS the Princess Helene to give a greater air of respectability to his return from chosen exile," says the Pittsburgh *Press* (Independent). "He wishes a reconciliation and an annulment of their divorce. \* \* \* So Carol refuses to let the Princess have the son she has cared for while he was touring Europe with other women, unless she will agree now to a reconciliation. "Making the boy a pawn in such an intrigue is hardly a kingly act. Or maybe it is, as Kingfish is practiced in some ruling houses."

### Pay-Promotion Tangle

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unanimously favored. Senator Reed, immediately at the conclusion of the meeting, took the resolution and report upon the floor of the Senate and it was passed without comment.

In the House of Representatives, however, it was a different story when the resolution, already adopted by the Senate, was called up.

Representatives McSwain, (D), of South Carolina, and Cramton (R), of Michigan, attacked the Reed Resolution, S. J. Res. 192, when Mr. French attempted to secure its passage by unanimous consent on June 10. Following appears extracts from the debate on the measure:

Mr. French—\* \* \* The fact is that the promotion question goes right to the heart of the pay question. It does not meet the situation to say that you have officers in the several services of comparable rank, regardless of their nominally equivalent grades, providing the promotion plans in one service are different from the promotion plans in another. For instance, at this time there is a difference in the promotion plans that pertain to the Army in contrast with the promotion plans that pertain to the Navy to such an extent that I venture to say that nearly all Army officers are rather resentful as they look across and see promotion going to naval officers at an age junior to that of Army officers in attaining a rank that is comparable. For instance, take the rank of major in the Army or the Marine Corps, which is said to be equal to the rank of lieutenant commander in the Navy. If you say that the pay and emoluments and allowances of these relative officers are the same, you do not meet the question if, under a system of promotion, the lieutenant commander may be advanced to his rank several years earlier in life than officers in the Army or the Marine Corps would be advanced to the corresponding rank of major. In other words, we have introduced this resolution, representing the unanimous vote of our committee, with the judgment that promotion is part of the pay problem and thus lies at the very heart of the question of any reasonable pay bill. In the pending resolution we do not seek to change any law. We do not incur any obligations for the Treasury to meet. We seek for information and tentative language that would provide for the several services the pro-

visions we are undertaking to shape for the consideration of the Congress.

Mr. McSwain—Is not the purpose of the resolution to authorize the joint committee of which the distinguished gentleman is a member to bring in a bill and put that bill on the calendar for consideration by the House, without that ever having been considered by either of the legislative committees involved? That was the construction put upon the resolution with reference to the pay situation, and, as I apprehended, on the same language, with reference to the promotion matter, so that whatever bills may be recommended, if this should become a law, would go upon the calendar and be considered, and the legislative committees would be simply sitting on the side line observing the main performance of the circus?

Mr. French—Any bill reported by the joint pay committee would have the standing of a bill that would be placed upon the calendar by any permanent committee of the House. \* \* \*

Mr. Cramton—Mr. Speaker, my point of view may differ somewhat from the gentleman from South Carolina, but I do not believe that the Congress wants to adopt any legislation that means a wholesale pay advance to the Army and Navy, whether through promotions or otherwise. This resolution sets up a new commission to be appointed by the President, not by the Congress, representing all the different services. No one of these services is interested in economy in the expenditure of public funds. Each one of them is concerned about improving pay conditions in that particular service, and the information that comes to Congress from a commission organized in that way does not impress me as being likely to be the kind of information upon which Congress can ever base any kind of an economy program. \* \* \*

Mr. Snell—This commission in making a study of the question of promotion will find it will be so closely united with the pay proposition that it seems impossible to make a proper recommendation in regard to pay unless the commission has before it what all these various departments have in mind to recommend to the various committees of the House in regard to promotion. It is absolutely necessary for this committee to have definite information, and they are only asking for that commission at this time in order to obtain the proper information. \* \* \* If these promotions are going to take place, I

**S**PEAKING OF the romantic element of Carol's return, which has received so much comment recently, the New York *World* (Democratic) states: "All this makes good reading, but it probably does not tell us much about the real reason for Carol's return from exile. \* \* \* As in the case of other Balkan countries, Roumania since the war has been the scene of a conflict between a conservative party, centralist in character, representing the banks and the larger industrial interests, and a peasant party, favoring decentralization, a broadening of the electoral franchise and radical program of land reform. \* \* \* For some years the Bratianu brothers and the conservative party had things their own way. \* \* \* In November, 1928, however, they lost control of the situation. \* \* \* Since then the peasant party has been attempting to consolidate its power in the country. It may be they key to the mystery of Carol's return that the peasant leaders wished to make a clean break with the past and give their own regime authenticity by placing a new king on the throne. It is at least significant that it is the peasant leaders who welcomed the returning exile with wide-open arms."

**A**LTHOUGH THE dramatic human element in the restoration of the wayward Carol on the throne he renounced several years ago has taken the center of the stage in the unfolding of events in Roumania during the past few days, the episode has intense and serious political undercurrents which have a bearing on foreign affairs in Europe, in the opinion of many newspapers. Besides the comic opera aspect of the situation, many writers point out that the advent of Carol may very possibly change the policies of his country, not only with respect to Italy and the Balkan Entente of which Roumania is a part, but in regard with the ill-feeling still prevalent in Russia over the acquisition of Bessarabia by the descendants of the Romans.

**P**RIOR TO HIS voluntary exile, he declared that while the peasants had been given land and political rights, and in his opinion constituted the healthiest and least demoralized element in the nation, they remained nevertheless illiterate, and that it was of the utmost importance that this condition be changed," says the Providence *Journal* (Independent). "Education," he said at that time, "is a question of life or death with Roumania," and presumably his views have not altered.

"He has a clean state and power now by virtue of the remarkable series of events that have followed his return. It is impossible to surmise what fate has in store for him. \* \* \* Nor is it clear what his capacities for constructive leadership are, he has been so busily engaged in romantic enterprises. But he will have many a well-wisher abroad as well as at home."

**H**AD THE transformation scene been conducted with less secrecy and expedition various European powers might have voiced their opposition to the return of the wandering and unstable Carol," comments the Chicago *News* (Independent). "Rumors have been current of intrigues between Mussolini and the brand-new king. For the moment the chancelleries of Europe cannot fail to be impressed with unanimity of opinion and the spontaneity of emotion manifested in Roumania. \* \* \* If King Carol devotes himself henceforth to promoting the welfare of his people and peace and amity with Roumania's neighbors, the world at large will not care to criticize the dramatic change of rulers and regimes at Bucharest. After all, a nation's right of self-determination includes the right to forgive and welcome home a royal prodigal son."

am opposed to increasing the salaries all along the line. I want that information before we undertake the other matter.

Mr. Cramton—I know what the services think. They look upon this whole thing as a pay-increase program, but that is not the purpose of Congress.

Mr. Snell—Are you opposed to this commission getting the information they think is necessary to make proper recommendations?

Mr. Cramton—I am in favor of the commission getting the information itself, but not in favor of setting up a new commission to draft its own legislation and present it to Congress. \* \* \*

Mr. McSwain—I am compelled to say that the proposition to place personnel from the service on this board which is to have authority to report a bill is just like in a damage suit drawing all the jurors from the family of the plaintiff and his relatives.

Mr. Snell—I am sure from what the gentleman from Idaho tells me, that that committee only makes recommendations to the commission which has been set up by Congress.

Mr. McSwain—But that is to be in the form of legislation and goes on the Calendar of the House.

Mr. French—Oh, no; I made no such statement as that.

Mr. McSwain—I so understood the gentleman, because that was the ruling of the Speaker with reference to the gentleman's motion.

Mr. French—That is a different question.

Mr. McSwain—Well, I can not agree to this today. We will have to look into this.

Mr. Tilson—As I understand, this proposed recommendation in the form of a bill will simply be information from the different services as to what they would consider proper promotions.

Mr. McSwain—My friend knows that they already have a joint board that has been functioning now for two years in the departments, and furnishing all of this information to the commission. If they are put in here officially, they will claim a status and will have an influence that they should not have.

Mr. Tilson—Nothing that they will present will be considered as anything more than a presentation of their case to the congressional committee authorized to study and report upon the matter. \* \* \*

Mr. French—May I make one further statement? All the committees of Congress call upon the departments for in-

formation from time to time. We are attempting to work out a plan whereby we can call for the same information simultaneously, to be scrutinized by the several departments affected, and report to the Congress for the information of the Congress.

Mr. McSwain—The gentleman knows that the Committee on Military Affairs has been struggling with this problem of promotion for years; that an outrageous and egregious injustice and wrong was committed in 1920 as a result of hasty and ill-considered legislation. \* \* \* But here is a suggestion made for the first time yesterday asking unanimous consent to give authority to take one more step along this line, which I can not consent to at this time. I am sorry, but I can not. \* \* \*

Mr. Tilson—But does not the gentleman understand that if they should recommend promotions all along the line that then the congressional committee, which is going to consider the question of pay, would adjust the pay in accordance with the promotions and it might not be an increase of pay at all? What the congressional committee is trying to do is to adjust the pay in accordance with the promotions.

Mr. Cramton—I will say that what alarms me is that draft of a bill, but the information that would go to the commission, I think, would be helpful.

Mr. Oliver of Alabama—The gentleman from Michigan seems to be laboring under the assumptions that the joint pay committee would accept absolutely any recommendations that this commission, appointed for the purpose of getting information for them, might submit, but as to this he is in error, since the joint pay committee is seeking information on which to frame a bill that later they can recommend to the House and Senate.

Our committee has given no approval as yet to the recommendations of the joint interdepartmental board. If this committee followed blindly recommendations of other boards or commissions, they might have brought in a bill long ago, and it is because the joint pay committee is interested in presenting to Congress in an intelligent way definite and well-considered recommendations suggested to our committee the wisdom of having a commission like this appointed to make a joint study of the matters involved.

Mr. Cramton—How was that inter-

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## Pay and Promotion Tie-Up Not Favored in Services

**THE ACTION** of the Joint Congressional Committee in attempting to inject the highly controversial promotion question into the pay problem already has resulted in the creation of a pessimistic outlook on the part of a majority of the officers familiar with the developments.

Many feel that it is the death-knell both of pay and of promotion relief for some time to come. Hope for relief from the almost intolerable pay situation, aroused somewhat by the creation of the Joint Pay Committee, had been dwindling gradually when that commission failed to take any concrete action as the end of the session neared. But when the move to make the problem more involved and complicated was taken hope fell.

In an attempt to get as accurate as possible a cross-section of the views of the individual officers of the services, the *Army and Navy Journal*, by telegraph, letter and personal conference sought the opinion of a large and diversified number of officers. These opinions, representing the views of officers in the field, with the fleet and in Washington, follow:

**Major General, USA**—Reference your telegram, no one can be in touch with actual every day conditions in the Army without seeing that adjustment of pay to modern cost of living is urgent and demands priority. At this distance it would appear most unfortunate for consideration of this to become involved in the consideration of other issues.

**Rear Admiral, USN**—My opinion is that conditions of service, professional requirement, and relative responsibilities of various services are too diverse for equitably equalizing either pay or promotion systems.

**Brigadier General, USA**—The news of the committee's decision to seek an "equitable" promotion system before solving the pay problem came at first as a severe shock and seemed to me to be the death blow to pay relief. However, on later thought it may be possible that study of the problem by the committee when it meets next fall may show the members both the utter futility of attempting to draft one promotion bill for the six services and also the dire necessity for pay revision. It is entirely possible that they may then actively urge pay relief and leave promotion problems to be solved later and individually for each service. It is probable, however, that it will then be too late to get through any legislation this Congress and the whole thing will have to be thrashed out by the 72nd Congress.

**Rear Admiral, USN**—With the passage, over the presidential veto, of the legislation granting relief to veterans we thought perhaps Congress would feel kindly toward the other men who have gone through the same wars and elected to stay in the services. However, this latest step has killed that thought, for everyone in both the Army and Navy knows that it would be impossible to draft a joint promotion bill that would not arouse so much opposition among the various factions that enactment would be successfully blocked.

**Rear Admiral, Line**—It will be most unfortunate and unfair if the question of service pay is tied up with the prob-

lems of promotion which have so far defied all efforts to find a satisfactory solution.

Complicated enough in itself, the pay question has been settled from an interdepartmental standpoint and is a clear cut proposition there for Congress to dispose of. If further complicated by promotion there is little hope for any action now or at any future date. As a plain matter of fairness it should be taken up by Congress and settled on its merits.

**Colonel, Marine Corps**—It would be unfortunate if the complicated problem of pay which took months of study to agree upon is tied up with the even more complicated question of promotion. It will be too bad if the agreement reached last summer by the Interdepartmental Board establishing a fair and just settlement of the pay question will come to naught, by predicating what I believe is a problem without solution to an increase of pay.

**Lieutenant, Air Corps**—I'd get along on my present pay if they'd adjust the promotion situation. There should be separate promotion for the Air Corps. I don't see why a promotion agreement can't be arrived at, if the "dogs in the manger" will cease from obstructing it. If rightfully informed, Congress usually tries to do right.

**Lieutenant, Air Corps**—This may straighten the matter out. I should think the services could agree on promotion now.

**Captain, Medical Corps**—This kills the pay proposition. Promotion can never be coordinated in the six services, or even in the Army alone. Opening the promotion question will bury the question of pay.

**Lieutenant Colonel, Medical Corps**—This is entering a complicated field which will require years for solution.

**Captain, Veterinary Corps**—The questions should be separated.

**Major, Quartermaster Corps**—Too bad, they have joined pay and promotion questions. Rank does not matter; pay is all-important. No scheme of promotion is going to satisfy everyone. Equalizing promotion is not as difficult a proposition as a uniform system, however.

**Major, Marine Corps**—Standardize and you lower averages. I think our system in the Medical Department is an excellent one, but injecting promotion into pay discussion delays pay reform for years. Under present pay scale, maintaining ourselves here for years without independent income would be impossible. Of course it is less difficult when on duty with troops.

**Major, Quartermaster Corps**—I think these things should be separated. Promotion is not what the Army as a whole wants; it's a pay increase. Unless something is done in that direction, many of the officers of the services are going to be seized for the payment of their debts. They should take care of pay first, then go after promotion. The present Army promotion wrongs, for the most part, will eventually right themselves. The Navy system of promotion, if adopted for the other services, would be satisfactory from my viewpoint.

**Captain, Quartermaster Corps**—The pay committee has done a wise thing in referring the questions back. Either of two plans would be good—increased pay with promotion and uniform pay within grades, or pure longevity pay.

**Major, Quartermaster Corps**—The only gleam of hope that I can see is that they have done something, instead of nothing. We may have some result a year from now.

**Captain, Corps of Engineers**—I think if this goes through it will be much better than the present system of promotion and pay. Without this action, Congress would have had to consider promotion as soon as the pay question was disposed of. The present pay scheme is most adaptable to the present promotion scheme in the Army, but with passage of the proposed pay bill immediate revision of the promotion system would have been called for. The way things have been going, one gets so that he would be surprised if anything is ever done.

**Lieutenant, Corps of Engineers**—The committee has done a fine thing. Promotion and pay are interlocked. Without considering them together, when the pay bill passed you would have far greater disparity between officers of approximately equal seniority than at present. Something must be done if those stalled in the lower grades are to be kept in the service.

**Captain, Corps of Engineers**—Congress may get around to the Army after dealing with the Naval Pact and similar important matters. Pending final settlement, could there not be a measure enacted for temporary pay relief?

**Lieutenant, Corps of Engineers**—If (Please turn to Page 1004)

## Pay-Promotion Tangle

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departmental board organized? Was it by act of Congress and selected by the President?

**Mr. Oliver of Alabama**—No.

**Mr. Cramton**—Then there is nothing to prevent the interdepartmental board on promotions being constituted just as the interdepartmental pay board was constituted?

**Mr. McSwain**—And they would not know a bit more nor be able to give one whit better information in connection with this study than they are now. This resolution is useless.

**Mr. Blanton**—Mr. Speaker, this is such controversial matter that I call for the regular order.

**The Speaker**—The regular order is: Is there objection?

**Mr. McSwain**—Mr. Speaker, I object.

The upshot of all this debate was that the bill was never taken off the Speaker's table and that the House turned to consideration of other matters without taking any action on the pay-promotion resolution.

The individual members of the services feel quite downcast over the attempt to complicate and confuse the pay issue by the injection of the promotion problem—a subject so controversial that agreement within one service is wrought with seemingly insurmountable difficulties, while unity of thought among six services is Utopian.

Among the members of Congress there is a wide difference of opinion over the advisability of permitting the Pay Committee to drag in the promotion problem. Many members of the regular Naval and Military committees feel that the move is "another" attempt on the part of members of the appropriations committee to usurp the powers and functions of the legislative committees. (This because the pay commission is composed largely of appropriation committeemen and has no representation of the naval and military committeemen.) They feel that the majority of the members of the House agree with them in this view and that when the issue comes they will be able to defeat the resolution, thus restricting the pay commission to the scope of its authorization and maintaining for themselves the power to legislate on promotion.

Although usually in a smouldering

## The Journal Salutes

**THIS** week the *Army and Navy Journal* salutes:

**Lt. Richard L. Baughman**, 19th Inf., coach of the 19th Infantry winning team in the Hawaiian Division track and field meet.

**Rear Adm. J. J. Cheatham**, paymaster general of the Navy, promoted to the permanent rank of rear admiral.

**Maj. Gen. Wendell C. Neville**, Commandant of the Marine Corps, whose improved health permitted his return to duty to attend a recent selection board hearing.

stage, this strained feeling between members of legislative committees and members of the appropriations committee is of long standing. Inasmuch as a majority of Congressmen are on legislative committees some think it likely that the House would support the Naval and Military Committees in their contention.

Representative McSwain, military committeeman and sponsor of an Army promotion bill, told the *Army and Navy Journal* that he would fight the pay-promotion resolution unless it would be agreed to enlarge the Joint Committee to include representatives of the naval and military legislative committees.

While some, particularly members of the Joint committee, believe that the resolution has a very hopeful phase in that it provides for the drafting of a bill by the proposed Interdepartmental Board and set a definite time-limit on when they must report, others point out that the bill presented by the board of officers will have a rocky road to travel before the committee feels, if it ever should, that it is satisfactory and just for all classes of all services.

Much conjecture has arisen as to the probable course of the joint committee should its resolution fail. Many believe that such a failure would result in the committee doing nothing and reporting back to the Houses of Congress that it cannot evolve an equitable solution to the pay problem unless an equitable promotion system for the six services is first enacted.

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## Did You Read

the following important service stories last week:

**Army**—Substitute AC Construction Bill Offered; CE Unit Reorganized at Ft. McIntosh; Committee Reports Reserve Status Bill; Rep. Speaks Sees Army Reduction Inevitable; Report Gen. Speaks' Second NG of U. S. Bill; War Department Favors New Sites on West Coast for AC; 37 Mm. Gun to Ft. Benning?

**Navy-Marine Corps**—Congressional Leaders Agree to Pass Navy Line Personnel Bill This Session; Rear Adm. J. J. Cheatham, SC, USN, Named as Permanent Rear Admiral; Committee Report Declares Shearer Episode Closed; Rear Adm. Charles W. Dyson, USN, ret., Receives Honorary Degree; M. H. McIntyre on Naval Treaty?

**General**—Meeting of Pay Committee Set For June 16, Senator Reed Promises Action During Summer?

If not, you did not read the *Army and Navy Journal*. You can not get this vital information from any other source.



# THE UNITED STATES ARMY

## AC Housing Reported

CONSTRUCTION of Air Corps technical buildings and appurtenances totalling \$4,370,019, provided in Mrs. Ransley's H. R. 12923, advanced toward authorization with the report of that bill to the House on June 16.

Distribution of authorizations under the bill is:

Barksdale Field, Shreveport, La.—(attack wing) hangars, \$170,000; field shop, \$8,000; photo building, \$42,000; parachute and armament building, \$15,000; gas and oil storage, \$10,000; paint, oil, and dope warehouse, \$5,000; paved aprons, \$85,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$115,000; completion field warehouse, \$12,000.

Bolling Field—Completion of field shop, warehouse, headquarters, photo and parachute buildings, \$91,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$150,000; completion of gas and oil storage, \$3,000.

Brooks Field—For the conversion of airship hangar to provide hangar, warehouse, operations, photo, parachute, and armament facilities, \$25,000; for the conversion of the School of Aviation medicine building to headquarters building and dispensary, \$10,000; radio building, \$6,000; gas and oil storage, \$5,000; paved aprons, \$17,000. Authorization for the construction at Ft. Sam Houston, Texas, of hangars, \$40,000; field shop, \$60,000; headquarters building, \$20,000; photo, radio, parachute, and armament buildings, \$61,000; gas and oil storage, \$5,000; and improvement of landing field, \$20,000, authorized in the Act entitled "An Act to authorize appropriations for construction at military posts, and for other purposes," approved May 26, 1928 (45 Stat. 48), is canceled.

Duncan Field—Hangars, \$242,000; paved aprons, \$102,000; gas and oil storage, \$8,000; paint, oil, and dope warehouse, \$20,000.

Fairfield Air Depot—Completion of hangars, headquarters, and operations building, \$43,000; paved aprons, \$51,000; oil reclamation building, \$15,000.

Langley Field—Hangars, \$322,000; wing operations building, \$40,000; completion of photo and parachute buildings, \$9,000; completion of gas and oil storage, \$10,000; paved aprons, \$81,902; grading landing field and technical building area, \$15,000; camera obscura building, \$3,000.

Ft. Leavenworth—Paved aprons, \$9,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$3,959.

March Field—Gas and oil storage, \$5,000.

Maxwell Field—Completion of hangars, headquarters and operations, field shops, photo, parachute, and school buildings, \$201,000; central heating plant, \$50,000; paved aprons, \$18,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$50,000.

Mitchel Field—Paved aprons, \$53,000; completion of hangars, field shops, field warehouse, headquarters

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## Ft. Benning Notes

An unusual incident of the graduation exercises of the Infantry School was the awarding of honorary diplomas to five instructors of the school, who have been ordered away: Lt. Col. Morrison Stayer, MC., Maj. Harold E. Marr, FA., Maj. G. R. Cook, Inf., Capt. J. Lawton Collins, Inf., and Capt. Charles L. Bolte, Inf.

An interesting series of evening band concerts has been planned for the music lovers of the garrison. The series will continue during the entire Summer and will be played alternately by the regimental bands of the 24th and the 29th Infantry.

Warrant Officer Robert Muller has composed and arranged a new march, which has been dedicated to the commandant, Gen. King. The new march will be called "The Campbell King March."

The 1930 ROTC camp at Ft. Benning is under way. Students from the University of Alabama, the University of Georgia, the University of Tennessee, Alabama Polytechnic Institute, and the Georgia Institute of Technology are attending. The camp will end July 19.

## Train Siamese Officers

THE Secretary of War has authorized the attachment of Lt. Camron Sudasna, Siamese Army, to the 12th Field Artillery, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., and of Lt. Svasti Pradisidh, Siamese Army, to the 2nd Engineers, Ft. Logan, Colo., for a period of one year, beginning Sept. 1, 1930. Both of these officers are graduates of this year's class at the United States Military Academy.

and operations buildings, radio, photo, parachute, and armament buildings, \$251,504.

Randolph Field (first and second units)—Field warehouse, \$5,000; parachute building, \$6,000; completion of school building, \$80,000; gas and oil storage, \$25,000; school of aviation medicine building, \$75,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$150,000.

Middletown Air Depot—Warehouse heating plant, \$50,000; paved aprons, \$5,000.

Selfridge Field—Completion of hangars, field warehouse, field shops, headquarters and operations buildings, photo, radio, parachute, and armament buildings, \$338,000; paved aprons, \$51,000.

Wheeler Field—Hangars, \$113,000; completion of field shops, field warehouse, headquarters and operations buildings, photo and parachute buildings, \$94,000; paved aprons, \$102,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$127,000.

Albrook Field—Completion of hangars, field shops, field warehouse, and photo building, \$50,000; paved aprons, \$50,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$280,000.

France Field—Completion of hangars, depot shops, depot warehouse, administration building, photo and parachute buildings, \$232,000; grading landing field and technical building area, \$150,000; camera obscura building, \$3,000.

Dallas, Tex.—Operations building, \$5,000.

Ft. Bliss—Gasoline storage system, \$1,654.

Hatbox Field—Operations building, \$5,000. In order to improve landing facilities for aircraft at Bolling Field, the Secretary of War is authorized and empowered to grant to the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company a right of way across the lands at said field now owned or hereafter acquired by the United States in the enlargement of the same, in exchange, on such terms and conditions as the Secretary of War deems necessary, for the right, title, and interest of the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad Company in the right of way occupied by it as now located and constructed across such lands. Any expense incident to effecting the exchange, including the relocation of tracks, may be paid from funds authorized to be appropriated for improvement of the landing field.

## Complete Japanese Course

Schofield Barracks, T. H. (Special)—The Japanese language students, who have been meeting weekly at the Post School under arrangement with the University of Hawaii, were guests at the home of Mr. Y. Soga, editor and publisher of "The Nippu Jiji," of Honolulu recently. G. T. Kunitomo, M. A., who has conducted the classes, was an interpreter and Y.M.C.A. secretary with American and Japanese forces in Siberia during the World War, and is the author of a simplified method of instruction in the Japanese language. Students finishing the 1930 course and present at the sukiyaki dinner in Honolulu were: Capt. George A. Hunt and Lts. William H. Barksdale, Paul L. Carrol, Edward C. Reber, Joseph R. Dougherty, and John D. Hawkins.

## Army Transport Sailings

ST. MIHIEL scheduled to leave San Francisco June 19, arrive Honolulu June 25; leave July 1, arrive San Francisco July 7; leave July 12, arrive Corinto July 20; leave July 20, arrive Panama July 22; leave July 23, arrive New York July 29; leave Aug. 7, arrive San Juan Aug. 11; leave Aug. 12, arrive Cristobal Aug. 15.

Cambrai scheduled to arrive San Francisco June 18; leave June 25, arrive Corinto July 3; leave July 3, arrive Panama July 5; leave July 6, arrive New York July 12; leave July 18, arrive Panama July 24; leave July 25, arrive Corinto July 27; leave July 27, arrive San Francisco Aug. 4.

Somme scheduled to leave New York June 18, arrive Panama June 24; leave June 25, arrive Corinto June 27; leave June 27, arrive San Francisco July 5; leave July 9, arrive Honolulu July 15; leave July 19, arrive San Francisco July 25; leave July 30, arrive Corinto Aug. 7; leave Aug. 7, arrive Panama Aug. 9; leave Aug. 9, arrive New York Aug. 15.

Chateau Thierry, scheduled to arrive San Juan June 16; leave June 17, arrive Cristobal June 20; leave June 25, arrive San Juan June 28; leave June 28, arrive New York July 2; leave July 10, arrive San Juan July 14; leave July 15, arrive Cristobal July 18; leave July 23, arrive San Juan July 26; leave July 26, arrive New York July 30; leave Aug. 12, arrive Panama Aug. 18; leave Aug. 19.

Grant, scheduled to arrive Guam June 15; leave June 15, arrive Manila June 20; leave June 27, arrive Chinwantao July 2; leave July 3, arrive Nagasaki July 6; leave July 6, arrive Honolulu July 17; leave July 18, arrive San Francisco July 24; leave July 29, arrive Corinto Aug. 6; leave Aug. 6, arrive Panama Aug. 8; leave Aug. 9, arrive New York Aug. 15.

You don't want to miss any issues of the Army and Navy Journal. Renew your subscription promptly so that it will not lapse.

## Army Notes

MAJ. GEN. PRESTON BROWN, Deputy Chief of Staff, flew to Ft. Leavenworth this week to inspect the Command and General Staff School and address the graduating class on June 20. His pilot was 2nd Lt. Leland S. Stranathan, AC.

The Chief of Infantry, Maj. Gen. Stephen O. Fuqua, leaves Washington June 22, to visit the Infantry team in training for the National Rifle Matches at Camp Perry, Ohio, units of the 2nd Infantry at Ft. Wayne, Mich., Ft. Brady and Ft. Sheridan, Ill., and the 12th Infantry Brigade Headquarters and Headquarters Company, also at Ft. Sheridan.

Gen. Fuqua will return to Washington on June 30.

Brig. Gen. Edward L. King, Assistant Chief of Staff for Training and Operations, left on June 17 to visit Ft. Moultrie, June 18; Ft. McClellan, June 19; Camp Beauregard, June 21; Ft. Benjamin Harrison, June 23; Camp Knox, June 25, and Ft. Thomas, June 26. Gen. King is observing training and instructions at these posts.

1st Lt. Joseph J. Hornisher, Med. Corps of the Regular Army and as Res., Williamsburg, Va., the Medical signed to duty at the Army Medical Center.

## Commemorate Sumter Siege

THE Senate Committee on Military Affairs this week received H. R. 11409, authorizing appropriation of \$25,000 to erect a tablet on the Ft. Sumter Military Reservation, commemorative of the garrison besieged there in 1861.

## Construction at Ft. Benning

THE Quartermaster General, Maj. Gen. John L. DeWitt, has authorized the Constructing Quartermaster, Ft. Benning, Ga., to award a contract to J. B. McCrary Engineering Corporation, Atlanta, Ga., the low bidder, for the installation of a trunk sewer and lateral sewer at Ft. Benning, the amount involved being \$20,949.

He has also authorized the Constructing Quartermaster, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., to award a contract to Banspach Brothers Construction Company, the low bidder, for the construction of one Field Artillery Regimental Barracks and two Battalion Barracks, at Ft. Sam Houston, the amount involved being \$875,848.

## Blue Dress Bills Offered

SENATOR SULLIVAN and Mrs. Rogers have introduced bills in their respective Houses authorizing appropriation of \$1,202,000 to provide for blue dress uniforms for the enlisted men of the Army.

## The Army Mutual Aid Association Analyzes Policies and Reports on Companies

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Army and Navy

## SERVICE NEWS AND GOSSIP

Coast Guard  
Reserve Forces

### CAPT. JOHNSON SAILS—NAMED AS MINISTER

**CAPT. ALFRED WILKINSON JOHNSON, USN.**, who sailed from New York yesterday to take charge of the coming elections in Nicaragua as President of the National Board of Elections was designated this week as personal representative of the President of the United States with the title of envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary. He will take rank immediately after the United States Minister to Nicaragua.

The organization which will aid Capt. Johnson in supervising the elections has now been about completed. Ten officers of the Army, Navy and Marine Corps have been picked as his aides. They are: Comdr. A. S. Hickey, USN., executive officer; Maj. Henry L. Larson, USMC., assistant executive and intelligence officer; Lt. (Junior Grade) H. B. Edgar, USN., assistant to the executive officer; Maj. Charles F. B. Price, USMC., and 1st Lt. George L. Hollett, USMC., officer; Maj. Charles F. B. Price, USMC., supply and dis-  
bursing officer; Capt. M. B. Ridgway, USA., secretary; Lt. R. P. Erdman, USN., assistant secretary; Lt. D. Hyatt, USN., communication officer; 1st Lt. Paul B. Watson, USMC., will serve as aide to Captain Johnson.

Three hundred and ten Navy enlisted men are being assembled at the Submarine Base, Coco Solo, Canal Zone, and probably will arrive at Managua, on the west coast of Nicaragua on July 10. Fifty-four enlisted men of the Marine Corps have been detailed for assembly at Coco Solo, C. Z., and will proceed to Bluefields on the east coast of Nicaragua, arriving about July 10. There is a possibility of Marine Corps personnel augmenting the west coast naval personnel.

### LT. SOUCEK BREAKS SEAPLANE MARK—BUT IT DOESN'T COUNT

**ALTHOUGH** exceeding his own world seaplane altitude record by 584 feet, Lt. Apollo Soucek, USN., failed to establish a new official record in an attempt made at the Naval Air Station on Friday. According to the new rules of the National Aeronautical Association, the altitude mark of 38,566 feet set June 4, 1929, by Lt. Soucek, must be exceeded by 200 meters. The seaplane altitude record established at that time, the landplane record of 43,166 feet set by Lt. Soucek on June 4, 1930, and the attempt last Friday were made in a Wright "Apache" powered with a supercharged Pratt and Whitney "Wasp" engine, using pontoons and wheels, alternately. In another attempt last week, Lt. Soucek made a "dead stick" landing from approximately 38,000 feet over the air station when his motor failed for what is believed to be the longest descent with a dead motor ever made.

### FAMED 7TH CAVALRY PAINTING MAY COME TO WASHINGTON

**"CUSTER'S LAST STAND,"** a painting of heroic proportions presented by the Anheuser-Busch Company to the 7th Cavalry many years ago, may be sent to the office of the Chief of Cavalry or the State War and Navy Building, Washington, until a room large enough to accommodate it can be found at Ft. Bliss, where it has been on an inactive status since 1925. Col. C. F. Martin, commanding the 7th Cavalry, who is making an effort to have the painting restored, reports: "The canvas is cracking, the paint needs cleaning and restoration and the frame has been damaged beyond repair." Col. Martin also states, however, that it "is of great historical and psychological value to the regiment," and that the regiment does not wish to part with it.

### SHOULD NOT EXCLUDE CLASS B OFFICERS

**EXCLUDED FROM** the benefits of the war rank act, just signed by the President, are Army officers whose service with the American Expeditionary Force caused them to be advanced beyond the grades fixed in their regular commission, and after the war terminated were found to fall within the Class B provision of the law and retired. This is an additional punishment which seems to us distinctly unfair. There are not many of these officers. The House Military Committee fixed the number at about 25. From other sources we learn it is less than 20. When these men were retired, they suffered humiliation in the eyes of their fellow officers. Now, in civil life, they will be constantly explaining why they are excluded from the benefits of a law which applied to all those who served their country in war. The War Department is of the opinion that the action of Congress will operate to cause officers to work the harder to prevent being reported as Class B's. We hold there is no need for this snap of the whip. It seems to us, Congress should modify the law and give equal treatment to all those whose work during the war justified them in the rank they then held.

### ADM. HUGHES CITES URGENCY OF MODERNIZATION

**THE USS IDAHO**, Mississippi and New Mexico are now out-ranged and out-spied by all the capital ships of the British navy and the rest of the capital ships of the American Navy, Adm. Charles F. Hughes, Chief of Naval Operations, told the House Naval Committee yesterday. Adm. Hughes was testifying on the bills to modernize these battleships. He said that modernization would bring the ships into approximate parity. In answer to questions of members of the committee he brought out that repairs of these ships would be necessary if the London treaty passed, or their replacement if it did not.

### HOUSE MAY PASS RESERVE STATUS BILL MONDAY

**THE James bill** to define more clearly the status of Reserve Officers, passage of which at the present session of Congress is held to be essential to the continuance in the Organized Reserve of thousands of its members, is on the Consent Calendar of the House, and will be in line for consideration next Monday. A single objection stops consideration, but it is expected that adverse comment which members may offer, as customary, "reserving the right to object," will elicit explanation of the bill that will satisfy any possible objectors. No difficulty is anticipated for the bill in the Senate.

### STAFFORD SAYS ARMY PROMOTION HAS BEEN HELD UP BY PAY

**REPRESENTATIVE STAFFORD**, (R.), of Wisconsin, a member of the House Military Committee, asserted on the floor of the House, June 18, that his committee had refrained from reporting any promotion bill for the Army this session because of the action of Congress in appointing the joint committee to study service pay. "Since this Congress decreed that we would not provide for any increase, either directly or indirectly, awaiting the report of the Joint Pay Committee," he said, "the Committee on Military Affairs has refrained from reporting any bill for promotion involving increased pay. We think that the will of the House should be observed, and the committee has adopted a legislative program in effect that all matters pertaining to promotion and increased pay in the Army and Navy and Marine Corps and other allied services shall be suspended until the report of the joint committee be had." His statement was made in protest to the passage of the bill to adjust the grades of the Naval Academy Band, which went through by a large majority.

### NAVY HAS CALENDAR DAY—PERSONNEL BILL FAILS

**THE HOUSE NAVAL COMMITTEE** had its day in court Wednesday, but failed to pass its principal bill. Navy's Calendar Day, Wednesday, long looked forward to as the day upon which the Navy Line Personnel could be approved by the House of Representatives was reached this week and several Navy bills were passed, but the Personnel bill was thrown out on a point of order.

Four measures were put through, two of them were House bills, one providing for a new naval hospital at Philadelphia, the other a bill adjusting the grades of members of the Naval Academy Band. They go to the Senate. The other two had been previously passed by the Senate and have been delivered to the President. They were to authorize the purchase of additional land at the Naval Air Station at Seattle and to establish a branch hydrographic office at Honolulu.

The Navy Line Selection Bill, previously passed by the House in two Congresses (but in those cases dying in the Senate), has already been passed by the Senate in this Congress. It came up in the House on Navy Calendar Day, last Wednesday, and although accompanied by the same report which two previous Congresses had favored was passed over on a point of order that the report was not in proper form. As the bill amends existing law, the report, under the rules of the House, should show what acts it will affect. The blocking of the measure on this technicality, however, was attributed to those interested in passage of the promotion resolution rather than a desire for perfection in the making of reports.

If an opportunity to call up the Line Personnel bill again presents itself next week, either through a suspension of the rules, or if the naval committee has another calendar day on next Wednesday, it is believed that the pending Reed promotion resolution (if still pending) and the opposition of its backers will not be strong enough to defeat the Navy bill.

This was illustrated by the failure of Representative French to block the Naval Academy Band bill which was considered next after the Line Personnel bill. An attempt to rule the measure out on the same pretext which caused the defeat of the former, failing, the fight was centered on the contention that any legislation which affects the promotion question should be held up until pay legislation is enacted.

The vote upon the bill, 52 to 20, in favor of enactment, was considered by many to be an indication that if opportunity to vote upon the Navy personnel bill is afforded it will have the same result.

Representative Britten during the debate took several verbal socks at the inactivity of the joint pay committee since its creation. At one time he said: "My personal impression is that two years from now we could still report this bill without having had any action from him (Mr. French) or his committee."

At another time he set 5 or 10 years as the length of time he expected the joint committee to delay action, "depending on how seriously he and his committee block that very much desired legislation."

### BYRD'S LEAP TO REAR ADMIRAL BOOSTS PAY \$15.67 PER MONTH

**NO MORE** glaring example of the inequities of the present pay schedule in the Navy and its application to those on the retired list could be found than in the fact that Richard E. Byrd's promotion by legislation from the grade of commander to that of rear admiral increased his pay by only \$15.67 a month. His pay as a commander was \$4,312 a year while as a rear admiral it is \$4,500 a year—an increase of \$188 a year. At that rate it will be some time before the increase will even compensate him for the admiral's uniforms he had to purchase.

## FACE THE FACTS!



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"Reach for a  
Lucky instead"

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## THE U. S. NAVY

## THE U. S. MARINE CORPS

## Adm. Nulton Reports

**REAR ADM. LOUIS M. NULTON**, USN, on June 16, became commandant of the First Naval District and the Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., relieving Rear Adm. Philip Andrews, USN, ret., who reached the statutory age for retirement on March 31, 1930, but who continued his duties as Commandant until the reporting of Adm. Nulton.

Adm. Nulton was born at Winchester, Va., August 8, 1869, and appointed to the Naval Academy from Virginia, in 1885. He received the Navy Cross for his services during the World War.

He served as Commandant of the Fourth Naval District, Philadelphia, from 1921 to 1923, when he was given command of Battleship Division Three, Battle Fleet. In February, 1925, he was appointed Superintendent of the Naval Academy, Annapolis, Md., and served as the head of the Academy until 1928, when he was given command of the Battleship Divisions, Battle Fleet. In 1929, he was appointed Commander-in-Chief, Battle Fleet, with the rank of Vice Admiral.

Adm. Andrews was born in New York City in 1866 and was appointed to the Naval Academy in 1882. Serving on various vessels of the Navy following his graduation, in 1908-1909 he went around the world on the USS Kansas. In 1912, he was appointed Chief of the Bureau of Navigation, with rank of rear admiral.

During the World War, he commanded the USS Mississippi and later the Naval Base, Cardiff, Wales, for which service he was awarded the Distinguished Service Medal. Adm. Andrews was commissioned a permanent rear admiral in 1919 and was given command of the Naval Forces Operating in the Mediterranean. Later he was commandant of the Norfolk Navy Yard, and commandant of the Fifth Naval District.

In May, 1923, Adm. Andrews was appointed Commander-in-Chief of the Naval Forces in Europe, with rank of vice admiral, from which duty he took command of the Boston Navy Yard in 1925.

## Parris Island Bill Reported

**THE** measure providing for construction at Parris Island, S. C., was reported to the House, last week by the Naval Affairs Committee.

Provision is made only for the replacement of the temporary buildings by four barracks buildings to cost, \$1,209,000, in the bill, H. R. 11367, as reported. Authorization for a service building, a heating plant, roads, sewers and water mains were cut out by the committee. Hearings on the measure were held some weeks ago, with no action being taken by the committee, and for a while it appeared as if the opposition of the Navy Department would keep the bill from even being reported.

Both the Department and the Marine Corps oppose construction at Parris Island at the present time as other building projects are held to be needed more than this one.

## Enlisted Men for Academy

**PRELIMINARY** examinations for the selection of enlisted men as candidates for the U. S. Naval Academy will be held September 1, with practically the same routine as in previous years. Quality shall be the primary objective; experience has shown serious lack of economy in the selection of any other than the most promising officer material, according to a report from the Bureau of Navigation.

## Sub Escape Tank

**WHEN** the development of the submarine escape appliance, commonly known as the "Lung," was completed, it was apparent that some means for training submarine crews in the use of the appliance were necessary in order to insure that it could be used without endangering the lives of the people concerned.

The manufacture of a tank for this purpose was authorized at New London, and the tank is now nearing completion. It consists of a steel cylinder about 20 feet in diameter, at the bottom of which is built a compartment representing a part of a submarine. Above this compartment is an escape lock, with a side door to provide means for egress from the submarine compartment without fully flooding the compartment. The compartment itself is arranged for flooding and is provided with a hatch, fitted with a skirt so that it can be used to simulate escape from a submarine compartment on a vessel which is not equipped with escape locks. About twenty feet below the top of the training tank is another lock, through which a man can enter the tank and rise to the surface of the water wearing one of the Lungs, and about fifty feet from the top of the tank is a similar lock.

These two upper locks are intended for preliminary training before the man has acquired enough experience and confidence to permit him to escape from the submarine compartment with safety. After he has received this preliminary training, he is then required to escape from the bottom of the tank, passing through 100 feet of water to the surface.

There is, of course, some danger in passing through the water, and to avoid casualties from this cause, there is inside the tank a diving bell, with means for raising and lowering so that the progress of the men in the water can be observed, and should there be any trouble it is expected that they will be drawn into the diving bell.

The training tank is provided with filters for keeping the water clean, and with heating coils so that it may be used in cold water, and in a small annex is provided a recompression chamber for treatment of caisson disease in case any difficulty of this sort should be encountered by men undergoing training.

## Navy Transport Sailings

Chaumont—Arrive Canal Zone June 22; leave June 24, arrive Corinto June 26; leave June 26, arrive San Diego July 3; leave July 5, arrive San Pedro July 6; leave July 7, arrive San Francisco July 8; leave July 18, arrive Honolulu July 25; leave July 26, arrive Guam Aug. 6.

Henderson—Arrive Honolulu June 23; leave June 24, arrive San Francisco July 2. Will leave San Francisco July 17 for Hampton Roads on the following itinerary: Arrive San Pedro July 18; leave July 19, arrive San Diego July 20; leave July 21, arrive Corinto July 29; leave July 29, arrive Canal Zone Aug. 1; leave Aug. 3, arrive Hampton Roads Aug. 10.

Kittery—Leave Hampton Roads June 25 for the West Indies on following itinerary: Arrive Guantanamo June 30; leave July 1, arrive Port au Prince July 2; leave July 3, arrive Cape Haitien July 4; leave July 5, arrive San Juan July 7; leave July 7, arrive St. Thomas July 8; leave July 9, arrive Hampton Roads July 14; leave July 30, arrive Guantanamo Aug. 4; leave Aug. 5.

## Fleet Schedule Out

**THE** summer employment of the United States Fleet, as scheduled by the Commander-in-Chief of the Battle Fleet and the Commander, Scouting Fleet, were made public this week by the Navy Department.

In the Battle Fleet, the Battleship Divisions, after visiting Fourth of July ports will take passage to Port Angeles, Washington, basing at that port until July 28. From July 28 to August 11, the Battleship Divisions will be at Seattle, Wash., for Fleet Week and liberty. From August 12 to August 16, the divisions will be en route to San Francisco, exercising at tactics and gunnery training. The battleships will remain at San Francisco until August 24, when they will proceed to San Pedro for the annual fall gunnery work.

The Destroyer Squadrons of the Battle Fleet will base at San Diego during the summer, engaged in recommissioning work, Naval Reserve cruises, and gunnery training, joining the Battleship Divisions at San Francisco for the August 17-24 liberty period, then returning to San Diego.

The Aircraft Squadrons of the Battle Fleet will base in the San Pedro-San Diego area, the carriers, Saratoga, Lexington and Langley and tenders Aroostook and Gannet conducting target practices, training pilots, and overhauling machinery. The carriers and tenders will take passage to San Francisco for the August 17-24 liberty period, returning at the completion of the period to the San Pedro-San Diego area.

Submarine Divisions of the Battle Fleet will carry out a difficult training schedule. Divisions 9 and 14 will base at Pearl Harbor, Hawaiian Islands, during the summer, carrying out a complete schedule of gunnery competitive exercises and routine engineering trials. Division 20 will base at San Diego during the summer, carrying out much the same schedule as listed for divisions 9 and 14. Divisions 11 and 19, with the tender Holland, will be en route to Lahaina, T. H., on July 1, and from July 13 to Aug. 16 will base there and at Pearl Harbor, for gunnery practices and annual inspection, leaving Pearl Harbor on August 16 for San Diego, where they will base the remainder of the summer.

In the Scouting Fleet, Battleship Division 2, the only battleship unit left on the Atlantic Coast during the battleship Modernization program, will not return from the Midshipmen's Practice Cruise until Aug. 14, when it will anchor at Hampton Roads. The Wyoming, Scouting Fleet flagship, will operate independently during the absence of Battleship Division 2, carrying Naval ROTC students to the Azores and return from July 1 to July 14 and operating in the Narragansett Bay-Cape Cod area until Aug. 25, when it will spend a week in New York for liberty purposes. The Wyoming will then rejoin Battleship Division 2, which, on its return from the Midshipmen's Cruise, will operate on the Southern Drill Grounds, off Hampton Roads, Va. During the month of September, the Wyoming and Battleship Division 2 will operate in the Chesapeake Bay area, conducting gunnery practices.

The Light Cruiser Divisions of the Scouting Fleet, after visiting Fourth of July ports along the Atlantic seaboard, will assemble on July 14 in the Narragansett Bay-Cape Cod area for gunnery and tactical exercises. The Light Cruiser Divisions will spend the period from Aug. 25 to September, en route to and at New York, and then depart for the Chesapeake Bay area for gunnery exercises. The new 10,000 ton Pensacola will join Light Cruiser Divisions, Aug. 11, and her sister ship, the Salt Lake City, about Sept. 18.

The Destroyer Squadrons of the Scouting Fleet will be based in the Narragansett-Cape Cod area until Sept. 29, when they will take passage to Charleston, S. C. During the summer, the Destroyer Squadrons will be engaged in cruising with Naval Reserves and in firing gunnery exercises.

The Aircraft Squadrons of the Scouting Fleet will, after visiting Fourth of July ports, proceed to the Narragansett-Cape Cod area for gunnery and tactical exercises, returning to Hampton Roads, Va., Sept. 8.

## Adm. Willard Hoists Flag

**VICE ADM. ARTHUR LEE WILLARD**, USN, hoisted his flag on the USS Wyoming June 14 at the New York Navy Yard, as Commander, Scouting Fleet, relieving Vice Adm. William C. Cole, USN. Adm. Cole has been ordered to duty as Commandant of the Twelfth Naval District and Commandant of the Mare Island Navy Yard.

Adm. Willard was detached on Thursday, June 12, as Commandant of the Washington, D. C., Navy Yard.

He was born in Kirksville, Wis., February 21, 1870, and was appointed to the Naval Academy from the 1st Congressional District of the State of Missouri in 1887.

During the World War, Adm. Willard was Superintendent of the Naval Gun Factory, Washington, D. C., and for this service was awarded the Navy Cross.

He was in command of the battleship New Mexico, flagship of the Pacific Fleet, from 1919 to 1921, when he was appointed Aide for Navy Yards, Navy Department. After three years service, he was detached from that duty and attended the course of instruction at the Naval War College, Newport, R. I.

In 1925, he was given command of Light Cruiser Division Three, Scouting Fleet, and the next year, 1926, was appointed Commander of Light Cruiser Divisions, Scouting Fleet. On June 15, 1927, Adm. Willard became Commandant of the Washington, D. C., Navy Yard.

## Navy Notes

A request from the Mayor of Boston that the USS Northampton be allowed to stay at the Boston Navy Yard during the Bunker Hill Day ceremonies of the Boston Tercentenary on June 16 and 17, drew the information that the Northampton is not scheduled to leave Boston until June 23, when she will operate for about two weeks in the Cape Cod area.

Lt. Francis H. Gilmer, USN, addressed the Evanston Chapter of the Sons of the American Revolution recently in the Evanston Library, Evanston, Ill., the subject being, "Communism in the United States."

Representative Gambrell, D., of Maryland, has introduced a bill authorizing \$650,000 for the construction of officers' quarters at the Naval Academy. A previous bill for the same purpose, introduced by Representative Johnson, R., of S. D., member of the Naval Academy Board of Visitors, following a visit to the Academy, received an unfavorable recommendation from the Navy Department, because of the priority of other needed construction.

Capt. Walter R. Gherardi, USN, who was recommended for promotion to the rank of rear admiral by the last selection board and who became eligible for promotion May 10, has been ordered to duty as hydrographer, Navy Department. Capt. Clarence, also selected for promotion, whom Capt. Gherardi relieves, will command Light Cruiser Division Two, Scouting Fleet, his original orders assigning him to command Division Three being canceled.

Benefits of the act of March 4, 1911, would be extended to naval officers retired previous to the passage of the act by the terms of H. R. 12992 introduced this week by Representative Quale. That act entitled an officer failing in his physical examination for promotion and found incapacitated for service by reason of physical disability contracted in the line of duty, to be retired with the rank to which his seniority entitled him to be promoted.

## Houston Commissioned

**THE** USS Houston, the fourth of the 10,000 ton light cruisers authorized in 1924, was placed in commission at the Norfolk Navy Yard on June 17. Capt. Jesse B. Gay, USN, is in command.

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## Full Text of Reed Resolution and Report

(Continued from First Page)

accompanied by complete explanatory statements and cost estimates, shall be transmitted with such comments and recommendations as the heads of the executive departments concerned may desire to add, to the Comptroller General of the United States on or before Nov. 1, 1930, and such official shall transmit the same with his comments and recommendations to the Speaker of the House of Representatives on or before Nov. 15, 1930.

Sec. 3. All of the data presented in response to this resolution shall be referred to the joint committee appointed pursuant to Public Resolution No. 36, approved Feb. 3, 1930, which shall report recommendations by bill or otherwise to the Senate and House of Representatives relative to the promotion and the readjustment of the pay and allowances of the commissioned and enlisted personnel of the several services mentioned in the title of this joint resolution.

In submitting the report, Senator Reed made the following statement:

"Out of order, I wish to submit a very brief report from the joint committee of the two Houses of Congress that was appointed in accordance with Public Resolution No. 36, approved Feb. 3, 1930, to investigate the question of pay in the Army and Navy, the Marine Corps, the Coast and Geodetic Survey, the Coast Guard, and the Public Health Service.

"By order of that joint committee, I report to the Senate a joint resolution providing, in substance, that during the coming long adjournment a board selected by the President from officers of all the services affected shall continue the study of this subject and shall report their recommendations to the joint committee when Congress shall meet in the fall. I now report the joint resolution and submit a report (No. 928) thereon. The joint resolution carries no appropriation and obligates the Government in no way to any change in the pay scale or in the promotion system, but merely provides for a study of those systems by a board of officers coming from all the services in question. It seemed to the joint committee that in this way we would get the fairest picture and the most impartial picture of the situation regarding promotion and pay in the respective services. I ask unanimous consent for the present consideration of the joint resolution."

The text of the report accompanying the resolution follows:

The joint committee appointed pursuant to Public Resolution No. 36, approved Feb. 3, 1930, after carefully considering the data which have come to it through official channels charged with the presentation of facts and figures with relation to the pay situation in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Coast Guard, Coast and Geodetic Survey, and Public Health Service, have come to the conclusion that any legislation which seeks properly to adjust the pay of the commissioned and enlisted personnel of such services, bring them into harmony in such respect, and iron out prevailing inconsistencies as to pay must be preceded by legislation that will establish, as nearly as practicable, a uniform flow of advancement from grade to grade in each of such services and that will provide a just and equitable method of removing existing obstacles to advancement.

Without such a premise, in order to insure with respect to commissioned personnel that the compensation of each grade will be greater than the compensation of the next lower grade would necessitate an allowance of rates solely to avoid such a condition. Pay rates should not be dictated by such a consideration. Each grade should be properly evaluated and a rate of pay assigned commensurate with the duties and responsibilities suggested by such evaluation.

The promotion situation in the Army and Navy largely is responsible for the

urge for pay legislation. Excessive numbers in the grades of major (lieutenant commander) and below, in conjunction with credit for precommissioned service to many officers in such grades, have produced the incongruous situation of subordinates receiving as much and in many instances more compensation than their superiors, in some instances their immediate superiors; also, of creating a condition where advancement in grade carries with it no increase in compensation. The remedy for such a condition is not pay legislation but promotion legislation. If the latter be had first, the former then may be shaped independently of considerations which should have no influence in pay adjustment.

The two questions are quite inseparable. By way of illustration: It does not meet the question to say that there are ranks in the several services that are comparable and that the pay and allowances and benefits of all kinds should be uniform for the several comparable ranks, as, for instance, lieutenant commander in the Navy and major in either the Army or the Marine Corps.

If promotion programs may be adopted by the Congress as separate programs for the several services, it may well be an officer in one service would attain a rank or grade of office several years earlier in life than and officer would attain the equivalent rank or grade in another service.

When this situation is recognized, it becomes apparent that promotion lies in the very heart of a pay program that seeks to provide equal compensation for all services.

Again, length of service within the several grades is an essential feature. The number of officers within the several grades is of vital importance.

Under this latter head, it may be pointed out that under H. R. 7974 and S. 551, providing for promotion in the Marine Corps, certain percentages are proposed for the different grades of officers upon the basis of the total representing 100 per cent.

A promotion bill (S. 4) for the Army has passed the Senate. Under that bill, the question of number of officers in the several grades in the Army is considered.

Without undertaking to determine whether the proposition touching the Marine Corps be correct, or the proposition touching promotion in the Army be correct, the fact remains that the two services are, generally speaking, so nearly comparable that it would seem promotion in the two services should be identical and the percentage of officers in the several grades precisely the same. Yet we suggest an analysis of the probable effect of the two bills would indicate that disparity may be found to exist in the percentages of officers in comparable grades of the two services.

It is apparent that if there were more of higher command in proportion in the Marine Corps than in the Army favoritism would be shown to the marine service. Opportunity for promotion would be greater. A larger number in proportion may look to higher compensation and unless some fairly definite age limit were fixed for service within the several grades, or some definite period of service within the grades determined upon, it could well be that over a period of years the average age of officers in the several grades in the service where there would be a larger percentage in the upper grades would be younger than in the service where there were less officers in the upper grades.

In consideration of the foregoing factors, the joint committee has instructed the chairman of the Senate and House members thereof to seek the enactment of a further joint resolution which will require the preparation and presentation to Congress by not later than the first day of the next regular session of a draft of legislation dealing with promotion and with pay. This is to be accompanied by explanatory statements and cost estimates, as well as by the comments and recommendations of the heads of the executive departments of which the services affected are a part and of the Comptroller General of the United States. This would seem to be the orderly and logical way to proceed and certainly would insure more intelligent and more expeditious action.

The joint-pay committee hesitates to invite to its consideration the promotion problem, which was not speci-

### Cited Before Gen. Fuqua

Ft. Benning—For outstanding performance in the betterment of the Infantry or the Army during the past year, Chaplain Alexander W. Thomas, 24th Inf., 2nd Lt. Rothwell H. Brown, 29th Inf., and 17 enlisted men of Ft. Benning were cited before Maj. Gen. Stephen O. Fuqua, chief of Infantry, when he visited here on the occasion of the Infantry School graduation.

Chaplain Thomas' citation read:

"For his loyalty, intelligence and exceptional tact has contributed in a very unusual degree to the contentment, welfare and harmony of the garrison."

Lt. Brown's citation was:

"He designed a light tripod for machine guns which enables the gun and tripod to be carried by one man, thus facilitating its use and operation with attacking troops. He also designed a clevis pin for attaching the machine gun trailer mount to the ammunition cart which permits the trailer mount to be attached and detached with greater ease and speed."

Enlisted men cited were:

1st Sgts. John D. Brown, William J. Miller; Mstr. Sgts. Maximilian E. C. Wolf, W. J. Stewart, Elvin A. Kreilick, Cecil O'Blennis; Staff Sgt. Frank Villines; Sgts. William L. Harrison, Mike Hilderbrand, Frank E. Sosebee, Uples Walker; Cpls. Elsworth K. Shinn, Joe A. Shannon, Allen P. Flanagan, Armand J. Parr; Pvts. Albert J. Thornton, Jimmie L. Ellison.

### Hymnal Ready

THE new pocket size word edition of the Army and Navy Hymnal is off the press and ready for distribution by chaplains detailed on duty with Summer training camps.

cally set forth in the resolution providing for its appointment. However, as we undertake to study the pay problem and come to conclusions thereon we meet the feature of promotion at every turn and, indeed, to such degree that if we are to report a satisfactory pay bill it is necessary that we have a promotion basis before us that may be regarded as definite and fair to all the services.

### Gen. Hagood Views Pay

MAJ. GEN. JOHNSON HAGOOD, commanding 7th Corps Area, in an interview this week with the *Army and Navy Journal*, voiced his opinion against the proposed plan to consolidate the consideration of Promotion and Pay.

Gen. Hagood was given credit for the increase of Army pay in 1908 by both the official records of the War Department and in the general opinion of the Service. He was assigned to this duty at the request of Representative Capron of Connecticut, author of the bill, and had complete charge of drawing the schedules of pay and engineering the bill through Congress. Later he was author of a plan that readjusted the rank of officers who had been oversloughed by regimental promotion and misplaced when the plan of lineal promotion was substituted, therefore, Gen. Hagood speaks with practical knowledge based upon his long association with Army pay legislation. When asked about the proposed plan to consolidate the consideration of Promotion and Pay, he said:

"First, let me say that Senator Reed and others in charge of this matter in Congress probably know what they are doing, and can take care of the situation without any advice from the outside. This is a question of Legislative Procedure and belongs to the Legislative Branch and not to the Executive.

"Second, it has been eighteen years since I had anything to do with Army legislation. Times and conditions have changed and to ask me to discuss any current question along these lines is like trying to wake up old King Tut to inquire what he thought of Dwight Morrow's success in Jersey.

"Subject to the foregoing I will say promotion is not a pie cutting proposition but a matter of organization. Nothing is so sad as a lot of high ranking officers without any jobs. Since the organization of the several services concerned is essentially different in every detail it is impossible to conceive of a uniform system of promotion among them.

"As to adjusting the injustices of the present Army list, that is impossible. These men came in some from West Point, some from the Navy, some from the ranks, some from civil life, (Please turn to Page 998)



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## ON THE RANGES

**QUALIFICATIONS** at Quantico produced this year's United States International Rifle Team, to compete in Antwerp in August.

Maj. John K. Boles, FA, will again captain the team, and Lt. Sidney R. Hinds, Inf., will be coach. Other members will be Sgt. Joseph B. Sharp, Ft. Screven; Gunnery Sgt. Morris Fisher, USMC; Harry N. Renshaw, Nogales, Ariz.; Russell F. Seitzinger, Pittsburgh; Dr. Emmett Swanson, Minneapolis; William F. Bruce, Cheyenne, Wyo.; Frank T. Parsons, Washington, D. C.

The team captain professes great encouragement with the showings in the try-outs, surpassing all previous years, with a total of 5,440, two points under world's record. Maj. Boles believes a more suitable ammunition responsible for the improvement.

Maj. Boles, who is international running deer champion, has represented the United States on seven previous occasions.

The United States team held the championship until 1925, since when it has been held by Switzerland.

Firing at Antwerp will be at 300 meters. Five shooters will be selected the night before the matches, each firing 40 shots standing, kneeling, and prone.

**Ft. Snelling, Minn.**—During the recent target practice on the Ft. Snelling rifle range, Capt. Rhodes F. Arnold, Co. "G," 3rd Infantry, made a "possible" at 500 yards rapid fire. He had the "bullseye" framed.

The feat recalled to the old timers here the time in 1921 when a Lt. Johnson, of Co. "A," 49th Infantry, made two perfect scores at the same range, rapid fire. The lieutenant made his first possible with use of battle sights, and inspired by a bet of a large box of cigars, turned his back on his brother officers, flipped the sight leaf down again, and duplicated the score to win the smokes.

**Schofield Bks.**—The first group to fire for record under the new plan of the Hawaiian Division has completed the A course, with very high percentage of qualification. The 27th Infantry group, consisting of 267 men, qualified all but three men, making a percentage of qualified of 98.9. Average scores in companies were as follows: K, 297.4; I and F, 291.9; C, 288.9; L, 287.9; Hq. Co., 285.5; A, 284.1; G, 282.5; E, 281.7; B, 276.7. The total average score for the first group was 287.0.


The second echelon engaged in preliminary range practice under the best weather conditions ever experienced anywhere.

The machine gun companies are engaged in firing on the range, having completed the 1000-inch range practice.

**Quantico**—Cpl. Carl I. Laine, USMC, tied the world's record for the service rifle, when he won the Marine Corps match and the rifle championship of the Marine Corps with a score of 294 out of a possible 300.

This record was established at the National Rifle Matches, Camp Perry, in 1927, by Sgt. W. P. Bissenden, Inf., and has not been equaled since. The course which Cpl. Laine fired calls for 20 shots at 200 yards, ten at 300, ten at 600 and 20 at 1,000 yards.

Frankfort, Ind.—Company M, 151st



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## Infantry Squad Selected

**THE** Infantry squad for the National Matches of 1930 has been selected and is now at Erie Ordnance Depot, La Carne, Ohio, having been assembled there on June 12. Training is now under way on the Camp Perry rifle range which is adjacent to the depot.

The Infantry squad is composed of the following team officials and firing members:

## Team Officials

Maj. C. H. Hodges, captain.  
Capt. R. O. Bassett, jr., coach.  
Capt. J. P. Lyons, coach.  
Capt. J. L. Tupper, coach.  
1st Lt. W. E. Donegan, supply officer.

## Firing Members

Capt. W. B. Wilson.  
Capt. H. E. Fuller.  
1st Lt. O. Cleveland.  
2nd Lt. T. B. Gailbreath.  
Sgt. A. H. Dahlstrom.  
Sgt. J. B. Ellis.  
Cpl. H. Bramlet.  
1st Lt. W. R. McMaster.  
1st Lt. A. S. Gamble.  
Cpl. A. Sarman.  
Pvt. 1st O. Gallman.  
Sgt. A. Gonta.  
Sgt. H. W. Wendlandt.  
1st Lt. K. Maertens.  
Sgt. E. Backell.  
Sgt. J. Carlson.  
Sgt. O. L. Lowe.  
Cpl. S. Carlson.  
Cpl. M. L. Moore.  
1st Lt. E. F. Sloan.  
Sgt. W. Cherry.  
Capt. J. W. McCormick.  
Cpl. C. Risner.  
Capt. J. G. Harris.  
Cpl. F. Wright.  
Cpl. C. L. Ingram.  
Sgt. C. Ericson.  
Sgt. T. Y. Wright.  
Sgt. W. H. Walling.  
1st Lt. D. M. Gunn.  
Sgt. R. L. Speers.  
Pvt. 1st R. E. L. Warner.  
Cpl. G. S. Showalter.  
Cpl. C. Umberger.  
Sgt. S. Bradford.  
Cpl. T. Berrien.  
Cpl. J. Fletcher.  
Sgt. M. James.  
Cpl. M. Verble.  
Cpl. L. G. Loper.  
1st Lt. D. L. Adams.  
2nd Lt. T. J. Wells.  
Sgt. L. A. Beck.  
Sgt. M. Rogers.  
Cpl. J. H. Brunzell.  
Cpl. S. A. Clay.  
Cpl. W. W. Haywood.  
Cpl. L. B. Loper.  
Cpl. A. A. Roberts.  
Cpl. C. W. Willis.  
Cpl. R. R. Wilson.  
1st Sgt. J. Stofke.  
Cpl. F. Mitko.  
Sgt. A. Anderson.  
Sgt. D. L. LaRue.  
Pvt. 1st E. Bond.  
Capt. C. M. Easley.  
1st Lt. W. E. Carraway.

**Infantry, Ind. NG.**, won the 3rd Battalion rifle match here recently with 1166 out of a possible 1250. Lt. W. R. Mitchell, with 239, was individual high.

**Ft. Thomas.**—With the completion of Spring firing, it was found that all organizations of the 10th Infantry had attained an average a quarter of a point above the required score for sharpshooter.

Company E fired 56 men with the highest average score of any organization. Their average score was 299.26. Company G ran a close second, firing 57 men with an average of 299.07 points. Company F averaged 297.91, firing 55 men.

**Capt. Paul J. Roberts, QMC**, 41st Div. Headquarters, is on duty June 15-21 at Camp Murray, in connection with tryouts to select a team to represent the Washington National Guard at the national matches at Camp Perry this year.

## Cut In Army Housing

(Continued from First Page)  
reduced from \$375,000 to \$225,00. Garage, post exchange and gymnasium are omitted.

Officers' quarters at Ft. Monmouth are reduced from \$290,000 to \$145,000.

Provisionhs for guardhouse, post exchange and gymnasium at Shreveport, La., is omitted.

Fts. Benjamin Harrison, Hoyle and Lewis, Camp McClellan, Fts. Myer and Ontario, Rockwell Field, Ft. Wayne, Mich., and West Point are not provided for in the new bill.

## Read This, Mr. Stimson

**IT** would be difficult to find a better answer to the broad accusations made by Secretary of State Stimson against Naval officers than that voiced by Adm. Hilary P. Jones almost a year ago in an interview with Pathe Sound News. A re-reading of it at this time will impart a clearer understanding of the attitude of the great body of Naval officers.

## Adm. Jones' remarks follow:

There seems to be a very widespread opinion in our country that naval officers are fundamentally opposed to any movement looking to the reduction and limitation of armaments. Such an attitude of mind on the part of the general public is wholly unjust to naval officers and tends to discredit us in our earnest efforts to keep our national defense forces at the level that we honestly consider absolutely necessary for national security. Nevertheless, we are anxious that that level shall be fixed by international agreement at the lowest point compatible with safety. We would be grossly negligent of our duty if we did not keep in mind always the defense of our country and its enormous commercial interests spread over all the seven seas, interests which are now equal to and will soon surpass those of other nations. We have an inalienable right to parity in naval armament with the strongest sea power in order that we may not be placed in a position of inferiority to any nation.

With the sympathetic help and cooperation of my Naval associates I have worked unceasingly since the first meeting of the Preparatory Commission for the Disarmament Conference, held in Geneva, in 1926, to find some fair basis of agreement for the limitation of armaments, and I am sure that I am speaking the mind of all thinking naval officers when I say that the Navy desires a limitation that will be equitable to all concerned and will not jeopardize what we consider absolutely necessary to our national defense.

I resent very much the term "big navy advocates," as applied to naval officers and also to those members of Congress who are sincerely solicitous for the defense of our national interests. I am opposed to great armaments because I do not believe that the taxpayers of the world should be burdened with the expense of building up and maintaining armaments beyond the minimum necessary to national security. Furthermore, I am convinced that competition in armaments tends to create suspicion and uneasiness in the world and thereby helps to bring on war. On several occasions in Geneva representatives of other countries have spoken to me of the great wealth and power of the United States and of our consequent ability to build up and maintain great armaments, in contrast to conditions in their own countries. My reply to such observations was that while I fully recognized that we were a wealthy country and could afford to build up armaments if necessary, our people did not want to spend their money in that way; that they preferred to spend it on schools, good roads and even on travel in Europe rather than on huge armaments. I further assured them that we did not come to Geneva with any idea of holding the big stick of our wealth over any country in the question of armaments but that, on the contrary, we were honestly trying to reach agreements that would reduce to a safe minimum expenditures on the up-building and maintenance of armaments. This is the attitude of mind of all naval officers who have really given the matter thought, for they no less than their fellow citizens have at heart the well-being of the country.

It must always be remembered, however, that there is a minimum below which we cannot afford to go because our geographical position imposes upon us the necessity of carrying on operations in far distant waters. If we should go below that minimum we would be unable to keep any vessels operating in those distant areas. Above the irreducible minimum the question of the relative strength of naval armaments becomes a matter for consideration and agreement. At disarmament conferences it has been the earnest effort of all the representatives of the United States, naval as well as diplomatic, to bring the level of that relative limitation as low as possible, but we have maintained, and I believe few in this country will dispute it, that we have a right to equality with the strongest sea power and that we cannot accept by agreement a position of inferiority to any power. At the Geneva Conference in 1927, as a result of the studies of the General Board of the Navy, our delegation proposed a comparatively low level of naval armaments and further stated that the United States would be willing to go as low as the most powerful nation on the sea would agree to go. Since that Conference the Navy has not changed its attitude of mind and still is anxious that some agreement for a limitation on naval armaments may be reached, but the Navy insists that our right to equality with the strongest sea power, in fact as well as in principle, shall be recognized as a sine qua non of such agreement.

The up-to-date officer requires an up-to-date publication. Subscribe to The Army and Navy Journal.

## SPEAKING of SPORTS

## NAVY CREW WINS

Princeton, N. J.—Achieving a time of 9 minutes 23 3/4 seconds for the 1 1/2 mile course, in dead water and against a quartering wind, Navy's Varsity crew defeated California by half a length on Lake Carnegie on June 14. A remarkable sustained spurt was staged by California, making it evident that in this crew Navy will have a formidable one to reckon with at Poughkeepsie on June 26.

Princeton was three quarters of a length in advance of the Plebes at the end of the freshman race.

## FORMING 30TH INF. NINE

Presidio of San Francisco (Special). First call for the 30th Infantry regimental baseball team has been sounded by Capt. John O. Roady. Formation of the team was deferred until the completion of the inter-company season from which Headquarters Company emerged as champion. Col. Fred R. Brown, regimental commander, issued instructions to hold accepted candidates for the varsity squad on duty at the Presidio during the summer months.

With the return of several men of last year's record-breaking team and the appearance of a group of tossers who have since joined the regiment, Capt. Roady is confident that a highly creditable team will again represent the 30th Infantry on the baseball diamonds this year.

## DETERMINE 3RD C. A. NETMEN

As a result of tryouts at Ft. Howard, Capt. Henry P. Gantt, FA., and 1st Lt. Frank E. Powell, QMC., will represent the 3rd Corps Area in the All-Army tennis competition, Columbia Country Club, Washington, on July 26. They are both stationed at Ft. Hoyle.

## WIN BULLARD TROPHY

San Juan, P. R.—Company G, scoring 59 points, won the Bullard track and field trophy in competition with ten other teams of the 65th Infantry recently.

## 24TH INF. NINE TRIUMPHS

The 24th Infantry "Happy Hearts" defeated the Atlanta "Grey Sox" in two games of a three-game series at Gowdy Field, Ft. Benning.

## R. O. A. Committee Chosen

**COL. WALTER C. COLE**, of Detroit, national president of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States, announces the appointment of an executive committee, an administrative body to be called upon to advise with and assist the president in the administration of the affairs of the association.

Members of the committee are: Lt. Col. L. Kemper Williams, well known banker of New Orleans; Col. Robert Starr Allyn, attorney, New York; Col. Jenks B. Jenkins, valuation engineer, B. & O. Railroad Company, Baltimore; Lt. Col. Frank E. Lowe, mining engineer, Portland, Me.; Lt. Col. Edward W. Smith, attorney, Clarksdale, Miss.; Lt. Col. Vernon Charnley, managing director, Morgan Lithograph Company, Cleveland; Maj. George L. Simpson, of Ess Claire, Wis.; Col. Oscar E. Engler, of Omaha, Neb.; Maj. George W. McMillan, Lawton, Okla.; Maj. Irvin J. Wiel, attorney, San Francisco, Calif.; Lt. William R. Enyart, editor, National Aeronautic Review, Washington, D. C.; and Lt. Edward F. Wallace, mechanical engineer, Los Angeles, Calif.

## House for USCG Pensions

**UNDER** the Consent Calendar, the House on June 16 passed H. R. 12099, to extend the provisions of the general pension law to the United States Coast Guard. The maximum cost of this bill, Mr. Bacon, of New York, said, will be \$30,000 per year.

## WEST POINT GRADUATES

THE SERVICES OF TWO RECENT WEST POINT GRADUATES ARE DESIRED AS INSTRUCTORS IN MATHEMATICS OR ENGLISH AT A GOVERNMENT MILITARY ACADEMY. COMPENSATION COMMENSURATE WITH ABILITY. AN EXCELLENT OPPORTUNITY FOR A YOUNG RESIGNED OR RETIRED OFFICER.

Apply Box "A," Care Journal.



### Stimson Arouses Ire

By M. H. McIntyre.

WITH final action by the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate on the London Treaty delayed until next week, when a favorable majority report and a minority report backed by Senator Johnson and possibly three members of the committee, interest in the fight over the agreement at present centers on the effect that the sensational and unprecedented attack, made by Secretary Stimson on the naval officers who opposed ratification, will have on the naval agreement.

Wide-spread resentment has been aroused by the secretary's criticism of the high-ranking officers who, in testifying before the senatorial committees, have pointed out the objectionable features of the pact and voiced their objections to its provisions.

Unable themselves to "hit back," these officers have been defended, first, by Senator Oddie and then by Senator Johnson.

In a carefully worded statement to the press Senator Oddie took exception to the verbal assault against the "patriotic officers of the Naval Service who are unable to speak in their own defense." He charged the Secretary of State with unfairness in impugning their motives and paid a high tribute to their courage and patriotism.

Senator Johnson, in a nation-wide radio address on June 18, replying to Secretary Stimson, scored him unsparringly for his lack of sportsmanship in "hitting at men who can't hit back," and gave unstinted praise to the naval men who "with full knowledge of the possible consequences" with "courage that does them infinite credit, dared to tell the truth."

In official circles there has been much discussion of Mr. Stimson's action. Criticism by the head of one department of the government of the personnel of another department is practically unprecedented. Whether the officers, whose motives have been impugned and whose conduct questioned, have any recourse is debatable. There has been some talk of a strictly official "through channels" protest to the President, but there is little likelihood of this developing.

Criticism of Secretary Stimson's course has not been confined to opponents of the Treaty. Administration senators, while refusing to be quoted, characterized it as "unfortunate," and excuses are made for him that he has been under a great strain and is in a highly nervous condition.

While no comment is forthcoming from the White House, there are unofficial reports that the President was none too well pleased and the rumors have been revived of a difference of opinion while the Conference was in session when the statements at the White House and those by Mr. Stimson were widely at variance.

There are a few extremists in administration circles who agree with the Secretary and blame the officers involved. When it is recalled that all during the negotiations these naval officers showed the utmost restraint, refusing even to discuss the technical questions involved and gave their views only after having been called before the committees and then under direct questioning, it is hard to conceive how any blame can be attached to them.

In the recent vote in the Foreign Relations Committee on the State Department issue close observers see a forecast of the line-up on the Treaty itself. Four votes on the minority side are expected to be the maximum strength that can be mustered in the committee if the vote is taken next week.

Forecasting likewise the line of attack that will be made on the floor of the Senate, Senator Johnson, in open defiance to the administration program, characterized the Treaty as "un-American, unjust and unfair," and asserted that it should be flatly rejected.

Declaring that it should be "taken out of politics" by being carried over until next fall, the senator charged the administration with not daring "to permit our people to discuss." He charged that the Washington Conference failed to accomplish any of the results claimed for it and that the London agreement if ratified would bring about the same unfortunate results, "intensified."

Striking the keynote in the cruiser controversy, he pointed out that it was deemed of sufficient importance by Great Britain to threaten the collapse of the entire conference. With unerring precision he also brought out the fact that our time-honored policy of protection of our commerce is abandoned for fleet combat strength alone and disputes the claims of savings effected.

Again going to the heart of the question he said:

### Col. Cole Honored

COL. WALTER C. COLE, financial counsel, president of the Reserve Officers' Association of the United States, has been elected for two years as a director of the Detroit Board of Commerce.

### Ships' Standing

STANDING of the highest of the following classes of vessels in the United States Navy in Engineering for the period indicated below:

Destroyer Class, for the year to May 1, 1930—(1) Parrot, (2) McFarland, (3) Pope, (4) Bulmer, (5) McCormick, (6) MacLeish, (7) King, (8) Simpson, (9) Tracy, (10) Borie.

Battleship Class, for the year to June 1, 1930—(1) Mississippi, (2) Utah, (3) Idaho, (4) West Virginia, (5) Wyoming, (6) Tennessee, (7) Maryland, (8) Florida, (9) Arkansas, (10) California.

At Washington in 1922 the ratio of the navies of the three great powers in capital ships and accepted in principle for all auxiliary craft, was 5 for Great Britain, 5 for the United States and 3 for Japan. We then agreed in order that this ratio might be fixed and as the price for it that we would not strengthen our bases in the far Pacific. We kept faith. We hoped then that the disadvantage of our lack of naval bases might be offset by our naval superiority accorded by the 5-3 ratio with Japan. Our naval experts then and now are unanimous in the opinion that that ratio is essential for our safety. At London, upon the demand of the Japanese, this ratio was destroyed, and Japan was accorded a ratio of substantially 10 to 7, instead of 10 to 6; but the United States still continues to pay the price of the 5-3 ratio, and still is forbidden to utilize to the full the bases in the far Pacific. Notwithstanding this 5-3 ratio, Japan demanded at London equality in submarines with us, and our representatives obligingly yielded.

Taking up the unwarranted attack made on naval officers by the Secretary of State, Senator Johnson said:

The internationalist newspapers and those who seek the flattery of other peoples by decrying their own, are united now in a dismal chorus of denunciation of naval experts; and yet, while denouncing the vast majority, depend upon the small minority for ratification of the London Treaty. In his radio address a week ago the Secretary of State joined this chorus and in staccato tones talked of "fighting men" and "warriors," who had before Senate committees answered the questions propounded to them and expressed themselves adversely to the Treaty. The first rule of good sportsmanship is never to hit a man who can't hit back. Officers of the United States Navy can not personally respond to the assaults made upon them by the Secretary of State and the sponsors of the London Treaty; and the very fact of the assaults taints the cause in behalf of which they're made. The Secretary, however, after voicing his contempt of officers generally of the Navy, in order to justify his opinion of the Treaty, devotes a paragraph in praise of one "warrior" and "fighting man," who expresses himself as the Secretary desires. It is true that Adm. Pratt, who is about to become the Chief of Naval Operations, has expressed himself in favor of the Treaty, and it is equally true that Adms. Wiley, Robinson, Hughes, Jones and Coontz, all of whom preceded Pratt as commander-in-chief of the Fleet, and Adm. Chase, who is to succeed him, all expressed themselves as against the Treaty. For each officer of the United States Navy who took the easier course and agreed with the administration, at least six, with a courage that does them infinite credit, demonstrated the iniquity and inequity of the London Treaty. These officers, true to the highest traditions of their service, with full knowledge of the possible consequences of their testimony, with the self-sacrificing patriotism that has ever distinguished the American Navy, dared to tell the truth. One group of these constitutes what is known as the General Board, and they are duly selected technical advisers of the Government in all naval matters. They told how this London Treaty with the increased ratio to Japan was a disadvantage to our country, imperiled its seaborne commerce and might endanger our national security, and with absolute unanimity they agree that the cruisers permitted us by Great Britain are insufficient for our naval needs. Adm. Pratt, it is true, approved, but unfortunately for himself, Pratt is of record concerning the ratio with Japan.

### IN THE SADDLE

The Quantico Marines were no match for the Infantry School four in the first match of the Invitation Cup tournament at Potomac Park, Washington, on June 14. The Benningites won, 24-6.

Inf. School	Pos.	Quan. Marines
Lt. Herbert Baker	1	Capt. Brown
Maj. Lyman	2	Capt. Brooks
Lt. Hershel Baker	3	Lt. Ferguson
Lt. Jacobs	Back	Maj. Delballe

Score by chukkers:  
 \*Quantico Marines 0 0 0 0 0—6  
 Infantry School 4 3 3 5 5 4—24

\*Six-goal handicap.  
 Goals—Herbert Baker, 10; Hershel Baker, 5; Lyman, 5; Jacobs, 4. Referee—Gen. Booth. Umpire—Lt. Noble. Time of periods—7½ minutes.

The 3rd Cavalry was victor in the third game of the Potomac Park Invitation Tournament, defeating the 16th Field Artillery, 7-4.

3RD CAVALRY	16th FA
Capt. Devine, No. 1	Lt. McClure
Lt. Makinney, No. 2	Col. Parker
Lt. Noble, No. 3	Lt. Benson
Lt. Robinson, No. 4	Capt. Marist

Score by chukkers:  
 \*3rd Cavalry 0 2 1 1 0 1—7  
 16th Field 1 1 1 0 0 1—4

\*Cavalry, two goal handicap.  
 Goals—16th Field: Lt. McClure (3), Col. Parker. 3rd Cavalry: Capt. Devine, Lt. Makinney (4). Referee: Gen. E. E. Booth. Umpire: Maj. Lyman. Time of chukkers: 7½ minutes.

Defeating the War Blues, 11-7, the Cavalry Yellows on June 13 won the Argentine Cup at Potomac Park, Washington. The cup was presented to Capt. Devine, team captain, by Senor and Senora Enciso, of the Argentine Embassy.

Resume of deciding game:  
 Cav. Yellows Pos. War Blues  
 Lt. Bosserman 1 Capt. Haste  
 Capt. Devine 2 Maj. Eager  
 Lt. Makinney 3 Maj. Devers  
 Capt. Noble Back Maj. Patton

Score by chukkers:  
 \*Cav. Yellows 2 2 1 3 1 0—11  
 War Blues 0 2 1 1 2 1—7

\*Handicap of two.  
 Goals—Makinney (5), Noble (2), Bosserman, Devine, Devers (2), Patton (2), Eager (2), Haste. Umpire—Lt. Noble. Referee—Gen. Booth. Time of periods—7½ minutes.

The third annual horse show at Carlisle Barracks brought out over 100 entries in the 14 events. The competition, witnessed by about 2000 persons, was keen.

The show opened with an exhibition drill by the novice riding class, trained by Ralph B. Stewart, VC, and Mrs. Frank S. Matlack. Capt. Peter R. Carpenter, VC, mounted on Johnny Jump Up, captured the Bixler Prize for the officer scoring the largest number of points. "Oil" won Officers' Jumping, Capt. G. B. Jones up. The Ladies' Saddle Class winners were: First, Mrs. Frank S. Matlack on "Maudaine;" second, Miss Hebe Reynolds on "Falcon Flight;" Miss Catherine Cromwell on Bill McLane, third. The Kronenberg Cup to the mounted organization attaining the highest total score in the show was won for the second time by the 1st Ambulance Company.

The second round of the Potomac Park invitation play was won by the War Whites, defeating the Middleburg, Va., four by 10-7.

War Whites	PO.	Middleburg
Col. Chaffee No. 1	Turner Wiltshire	
Lt. Bosserman No. 2	Henry Skinner	
Lt. Shafer No. 3	Wm. Hulbert	
Maj. Hoyle No. 4	B. D. Spillman	

Score by chukkers: 1 2 3 4 5 6—To War Whites 3 3 0 2 0 2—10 \*Middleburg 1 0 0 1 1 1—7

\*Middleburg three goal handicap.  
 GOALS: War Whites—Col. Chaffee, 2; Bosserman, 5; Shafer, 2; Hoyle, 1; Middleburg—Wiltshire, 1; Skinner, 2; Hulbert, 1. Referee—Gen. E. E. Booth. Umpire—Major Lyman. Time of chukkers—7½ minutes.

Army eliminated Harvard, last year's champion, from the 1930 intercollegiate polo tournament at Rumson, N. J., on June 14, winning 8-3.

Capt. Joseph Haskell led the Army team in scoring with four goals and he was greatly assisted by Eugene Beebe with three goals. Nelson W. Kimball, Harvard's No. 1, made two of his team's total.

### Reports On USMA Athletics

(Continued from First Page)

of the United States because he is in that so-called democratic institution."

Representative Fitzgerald: "Oh, absolutely. If he is going to represent West Point, he represents West Point. \* \* \* If Annapolis wants to compete with West Point, she must compete with West Point, not with a minor team, not a restricted team."

After concluding the reading of the report Mr. Fitzgerald wound up his remarks as follows:

"Such unfortunate statements as those made on the floor of Congress call for explanations of the lack of information and possibly the source of any passionate hostility to West Point on the part of our distinguished colleague, who should be its sponsor and interpreter to the Nation.

"If the gentleman is conscious of any patriotic interest in the Military Academy, he will, of course, retract the inaccurate statements that he has made, for otherwise he could well be regarded as an enemy of this great school of our national defense, and many will wonder what animus, what motives, have actuated him."

The full text of Gen. Drum's report, as given to Congress by Mr. Fitzgerald, follows:

War Department,  
 Inspector General's Office,  
 Washington, June 7, 1930.

Subject: Investigation of activities of the Army Athletic Association.

I. This investigation was made by Maj. Gen. H. A. Drum, the Inspector General, assisted by Maj. Leo J. Ahern, Inspector General's Department, at West Point, N. Y., and Washington, D. C., during the period May 22 to June 3, 1930, pursuant to instructions of the Secretary of War as contained in letter of May 20, 1930, from The Adjutant General to the Inspector General (AG 353.85, Football, 5-19-30, Misc. F.).

II. The matters investigated are stated in the following language in the confidential instructions communicated to the Inspector General in the aforesaid letter of May 20, 1930, and in the memorandum which accompanied it:

"1. It has been alleged:  
 "a. That the Army Athletic Association is grafting or stealing money for themselves from the funds of the association.

"b. That the association has paid scouts traveling, who pick players and establish liaison with Congressmen and secure their appointments to West Point with the distinct understanding that they will be allowed to leave West Point or the Army when they have finished their football associations at the academy.

"c. That funds of the Army Athletic Association are used to pay players at West Point extra compensation.

"2. The Secretary of War directs that the Inspector General investigate personally these charges and examine thoroughly every activity and all methods pursued by the Athletic Association or other agencies with a view to ascertaining the truth or falsity of all or any portion of the allegations.

"1. It is alleged that 50 per cent of the West Point football teams during the last seven years were college men who had already played three years on the college teams. It is understood throughout that reference is made to the first teams, or the varsity teams at West Point and the colleges."

#### III. Scope of Investigation

a. It is to be noted that the allegations involved in this case are general accusations. They are void of definiteness as to specific incidents, dates, persons, or places. Furthermore, there is no intimation to indicate the person or persons responsible for these allegations, i. e., the accusers. Such vagueness and intangibility, especially as to specific accusers, have necessitated an investigation based on indirect rather than direct procedure. Instead of being able to compel the accusers to prove the validity of their allegations, it has been necessary first to explore and to search for incidents corresponding to the allegations and, if such be found, then to fix the responsibility therefor. Consequently, the field of investigation has been especially broad and exhaustive. However, as the War Department instructions are marked "Confidential" the scope of the investigation has been restricted to persons and records within the jurisdiction of (Please turn to Page 999)



# ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL

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"Established in obedience to an insistent demand for an official organ for members of the American Defense and those concerned with it, The Army and Navy Journal will be published in the interest of no party; it will be controlled by no clique. Its independence will be absolute. Its interests will be directed solely to the inculcation of sound military ideas and to the elevation of the public service in all its departments."—  
From Vol. 1, No. 1, of The Army and Navy Journal, published August 29, 1863.

SATURDAY, JUNE 21, 1930

"Present living conditions of some of the Army personnel, due to inadequate pay, are found to be distinctly worse than were suspected when the former resolution was passed."—DETROIT BOARD OF COMMERCE.

**THE LEADERS** IN Congress do not want and do not propose to grant an increase of pay to the Services nor to enact promotion reform. This likewise is true of the Administration. But because of the unanimity of public opinion, especially with respect to additional pay, both the Administration and the Congress understand that some action must be taken. The Congressional Pay Commission was the first step thrown to the people in this respect. Various excuses were offered as to the causes of non-action by the Commission. Finally, popular pressure became so sharp that it was deemed necessary to take a second step. That step was in the form of the resolution which is presented textually on the first page of this issue.

**IN BRIEF,** POPULAR opinion is behind the Services, Congressional leadership is pulling back in the traces. How can this situation most effectually be met? In only one way. That is by unity. The Navy is better disposed in this respect than the Army. The Navy and Marine Corps are back of the promotion bills, which at one time or another have passed the two Houses, which have passed the Senate during the present session, and which now unfortunately will have to wait upon the report of the Congressional Commission. The Army is sharply divided on promotion, and bitterness prevails in the Military Committees at the Capitol. It has been with difficulty that service opposition to the pay bill has kept silent, but it has kept silent, and the more honor to those who, injuriously affected, have observed the principle of the greater good for the greater number.

**HARD AS IT MAY SEEM,** this principle should be applied now of all times. Both on pay and promotion, there should be, there must be, agreement if pay increase and promotion reform are to be obtained. We have been a Washington observer for many years. We have seen the numerous devices employed to prevent legislation. Whatever the assurances of leaders, we know the entanglement of the pay and promotion problems, the introduction into the picture, of all people, of the Comptroller General, have as their purpose only one thing—delay. If business depression continue, and the cost of living drop, what, then becomes of the reason for the increase in pay? With reference to promotion, that is a matter that can be adjusted any time, and the more the Army stewes over it the less the politicians find the need of doing anything. Consideration of these views leads to the very obvious conclusion that the way for the Services to get what they deserve and ought to have is by getting together promptly—the Army as an unit, the Navy as an unit, and the Marine Corps as an unit—and by their formulation of promotion bills which will be acceptable to all. This is no time to consider selfish interest. This is a time for mutual concession and compromise. For any one to be "set," whether the War Department or the group or the individual, is to delay legislation of general benefit, not only to the Army but to the sea branch of our defense.

**THEREFORE,** LET US adopt the principle of all for one and one for all. We can even forget the Comptroller General. It is possible some good may come out of the consultation with him which has been ordered. In examining the bill which the Interdepartmental Board will formulate, he may find provisions which can be clarified so that the exasperating pay questions and pay decisions of the past will be avoided. Then again, there is the advantage of his share of the responsibility for the proposed law, and consequently a predisposition on his part to see that whatever is enacted shall be enforced not only in the letter but in the spirit. It may be expected the frame of mind of the Comptroller General will be narrow rather than broad, but we must depend upon the members of the Interdepartmental Board to see that any serious quirks which his office desires to insert will be eliminated before reaching the Commission.

**REAR ADM. HILARY P. JONES,** whose views on the effect of the London Disarmament Treaty have made a profound impression upon the country, is an officer whose honesty and sincerity cannot be questioned. To the Services, it is unnecessary to say this, but to our civilian readers who do not know him, we feel it only due to state that he is a man whose first and sole interest is his country. As a critic of the Treaty, he, of course, falls within the class of those officers who were denounced by Secretary Stimson in his radio address last week. We spoke our mind about the Secretary's viewpoint at the time, but in order to show its falsity, we reprint on another page a statement publicly made last July by Adm. Jones. He then declared that "The Navy desires a limitation that will be equitable to all concerned and will not jeopardize what we consider absolutely necessary to our National Defense." Secretary Stimson gave the impression that aggressive militarism alone was opposing the Treaty which he negotiated, and he sought to warn the country against its possible domination. Neither the Army nor the Navy wants to eliminate or even dominate civilian control. What they want is limitation of armaments which will assure them an even break in the task of defending the country against an enemy. Surely they are entitled to that much. And when they are called upon officially to express their views, they would be derelict to their patriotism and their oath if they did not state what they really believe. Mr. Stimson has been guilty of misrepresentation, and he should publicly apologize.

**IN THE ANNUAL REPORT** of the Foreign Policy Association, there is a naive statement for an American corporation. Referring to its report on the "Anglo-American naval understanding," it says "a member of the British delegation at the recent London Conference" declared it "admirably done" and of the "greatest service." The F. P. A. prides itself on its news bulletins, its radio activities, and on the part it is playing in "the orderly development of the organization" for international peace. With apologies for the use of the term, it seems to command a fat "war chest," since its receipts for the last calendar year were \$187,703.18 and its expenditures, \$178,845.37. Among the expenditures, we note \$25,201.72 for "luncheons," or about \$1 out of every \$7 for food. Well, why not? Surely, Peace needs meat as well as war!

## Service Humor

### JUST BE HUMANE

Car—How would you prevent diseases caused by biting insects?

Lisle—I simply wouldn't bite the insects.

### FOR THE GOOD OF THE SERVICE

Soldier I—Why were you dropped from the post choir?

Soldier II—I was absent last Sunday and after chapel someone asked the chaplain if the organ had been tuned.

### MONETARY RETURNS

Lt.—You remember that ensign who resigned to take up literature?

Comdr.—Yes, how is he doing?

Lt.—He's selling everything.

Comdr.—Who told you?

Lt.—A pawnbroker.

### STIRS VAGUE MEMORIES

ANC—Am I the first girl you ever kissed?

MAC—Say, you do look familiar.

### STILL UNSETTLED

"To what do you attribute your great age?" asked the city visitor of the village's oldest resident.

"I can't say yet," answered the old gent, "they's several o' them testimonial fellers a-dickering with me."—Contributed.

### IT'S AN INFANTRY POST

Newcomer—Well, well, I never thought this post was that old. I'll bet some famous men have been born here.

Veteran—No great men in my time; only babies.

### BUT NOT SKITTISH

At a certain post in a caretaking status, the non-com in charge, who did the cooking, went to the mainland for a few hours, and upon his return asked the private, whose duties were of a general janitorial nature, whether anything had happened in his absence. "Why, yes," replied the soldier who had remained. "A stranger stuck a revolver under my ear and made me cook him a meal." "Man alive!" ejaculated the corporal.

"Just about," replied the private.

### THAT'S THE ONLY HITCH

The sergeant and the lieutenant were discussing a new recruit.

"E's thin as a ramrod and 'e don't look strong enough to help in the storeroom," complained the sergeant.

"Let him clean the rifles," suggested the lieutenant.

"And who's a-goin' to pull 'im through?" barked the sergeant defiantly.—Thanks to R. V. H. W.

### O'ILL BE SEEIN' YEZ, FRITZ

Passing through a military hospital, a visitor saw a horribly wounded soldier from one of the Irish regiments.

"When are you going to send that man home?" he inquired.

"He ain't going home; he's going back to the front," an orderly informed him.

"Back to the front!" exclaimed the visitor, "but he is in an awful shape." "Yes," replied the orderly, "and he thinks he knows who done it."—Hoof Prints.

### FACE TO FACE

On Guard: Does your watch tell time?

Off Guard: No, you have to look at it.

### You Can't Tell The World

When you snicker, but you can tell us what made you snicker and we'll tell the Army, Navy and Marine Corps.

## WHEN YOU ARE TRANSFERRED

ASK the Journal about living conditions, etc., at the Post to which you have been directed to proceed. Questions will be answered as soon as possible either in this column or by letters. Address Post Editor.

J. J. N.—Ft. Niagara, N. Y., is 12 miles from Niagara Falls and 33 miles from Buffalo, N. Y. Youngstown is just outside the post. Bus service is available to Niagara Falls and a private car is not necessary on the post. Children attend graded and high schools in Youngstown where no tuition is charged. Servants are very hard to get. Those available are paid about \$10 a week. Markets in Youngstown deliver to the post. There is a commissary which also takes orders for stores in Niagara Falls. There are 6 brick quarters, 12 wooden and 6 for bachelors, which are generally sufficient. Sports are limited to two tennis courts, one baseball diamond, a small gymnasium and four bowling alleys. A country club eight miles from the post is used, membership for officers is \$33 per year.

## ASK THE JOURNAL

ALL questions on which our readers desire information will be answered as soon as possible after receipt. If there is any query you have in mind, send it to the ARMY AND NAVY JOURNAL QUESTION EDITOR. It will save you time and trouble. Avail yourselves of this "Service to the Services."

J. P.—The shakedown cruise of the USS Northampton will be to the Mediterranean, after which she will report to the Commander Scouting Fleet for assignment with Light Cruiser Divisions.

## IN THE JOURNAL 60 YEARS AGO

By the terms of the Army reduction bill agreed upon by conferees of the Senate and House, the total strength of the Army must be cut to 30,000 within a year. The retired list for officers is increased to 300, and 30 year retirements are to be allowed. Vacancies between now and the 1st of January are to be filled from the list of supernumerary officers and at the end of the year, all supernumerary officers are to be discharged with one year's pay. The grades of general and lieutenant general are abolished and the number of major generals is reduced to three, and the brigadier generals to six. Brevet rank is abolished, and straight salaries are to be paid instead of pay and allowances.

Commodore Selfridge, in charge of the expedition surveying the isthmus of Darien looking to the location of a canal connecting the Atlantic and Pacific Oceans, has sent in a preliminary report. Several routes have been surveyed and the one Commodore Selfridge thinks is the most likely one in view of the knowledge he has at this time, is drawn from the gulf of San Blas to the Bayamo River and thence to the Pacific.

The Secretary of War, General Belknap, presented diplomas to 58 members of the first class at West Point on Wednesday.



Navy Dept.  
Marine CorpsCoast Guard  
Naval Reserves

## - OFFICIAL ORDERS -

War Dept.  
Corps AreasNational Guard  
Officers' Reserve Corps

## ARMY ORDERS

**ADJUTANT GENERAL'S DEPARTMENT**  
MAJ. GEN. C. H. BRIDGES, THE AG  
Lt. Col. C. Lynn, detailed for duty with  
OR, 3rd CA, June 30, report 3rd CA by  
letter, for instr. (June 14.)

**JUDGE ADVOCATE GENERAL'S DEPT.**  
MAJ. GEN. E. A. KREGER, THE JAG  
Capt. J. R. Dinamore, from duty at hq.  
4th CA, Ft. McPherson, Ga., Sept. 1, pro-  
ceed to Wash., D. C., for duty in JAG's  
office. (June 13.)

Maj. M. E. Guerin, from duty in Phil-  
ippine Dept., to duty at hq. 9th CA, Pre-  
sidio of S. F., Calif.; he will return U. S.  
on transport scheduled to leave Manila,  
June 27; on arrival report Letterman  
Gen. Hosp., for treatment. (June 16.)

**QUARTERMASTER CORPS**  
MAJ. GEN. J. L. DEWITT, THE QMG  
Capt. E. A. Neeling, from duty at N. Y.  
Gen. depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., proceed to  
Miller Field, N. Y., for duty. (June 14.)  
Order relating to 1st Lt. B. L. Meeden,  
revoked; he is relieved from duty at  
Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., proceed to N. Y. C.,  
sail on transport scheduled to leave  
July 10, for Panama Canal Dept.; on ar-  
rival report for assignment to duty with  
QMC. (June 16.)

**MEDICAL DEPARTMENT**  
MAJ. GEN. M. W. IRELAND, THE SG  
Medical Corps

Maj. W. R. Beardsley, proceed to home  
and await retirement. (June 13.)

Maj. J. M. Huddleston and Capt. W. C.  
Royals, detailed as med. exams. and wit-  
nesses before the Army ret. bd., meet  
hq. 2nd CA, Governors Island, N. Y., for  
duty accordingly. (June 14.)

Maj. C. F. Aycock, from duty at Wal-  
ter Reed Gen. Hosp., Army Med. Center,  
Wash., D. C., to N. Y. C., sail on trans-  
port scheduled to leave Oct. 23, for  
Panama Canal Dept.; on arrival proceed  
to Balboa Hgts., C. Z., report for duty.  
(June 14.)

Capt. W. Kraus, to duty at William  
Beaumont Gen. Hosp., El Paso, Tex.,  
on completing pres. tour of foreign service.  
(June 14.)

Capt. L. M. Dyke, from duty at Ft.  
Snelling, Minn.; proceed to N. Y. C., sail  
Oct. 10, for Hawaiian Dept.; on arrival  
report for duty with Medical Dept.  
(June 16.)

Maj. T. W. O'Brien, from duty at Wal-  
ter Reed Gen. Hosp., Army Med. Center,  
Wash., D. C., on completion of temp. duty  
at Camp Perry, O., proceed to Ft. Snell-  
ing, Minn., for duty. (June 16.)

**Dental Corps**  
Maj. E. A. Smith, from N. Y. gen. de-  
pot, Brooklyn, N. Y., to N. Y. C., sail  
Oct. 10, for Hawaiian Dept.; on arrival  
at Honolulu, report for duty with Med.  
Dept. (June 16.)

Maj. P. P. A. Chesser, from duty at  
Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Army Med. Center,  
Wash., D. C., June 20, report to di-  
rector, Army Med. Sch., Army Med. Center,  
Wash., D. C., for duty. (June 17.)

**Veterinary Corps**  
Capt. P. H. Riedel, from duty at Ft.  
Jay, N. Y., sail on transport scheduled to  
leave N. Y. C., Aug. 21, for S. F., Calif.;  
on arrival report S. F. gen. depot, Ft. Ma-  
son, Calif., for duty. (June 14.)

**FINANCE DEPARTMENT**  
MAJ. GEN. R. L. CARMICHAEL, C OF F  
Order amended to read: Col. C. H.  
Errington, proceed to home, Aug. 9.  
(June 14.)

Order amended to read: Col. C. H.  
Errington, in accordance with the pro-  
visions of the act of Congress approved  
April 23, 1930, to announce his retire-  
ment, effective Sept. 30, 1930. (June 14.)

**CORPS OF ENGINEERS**

MAJ. GEN. LYTLE BROWN, 3 OF E  
1st Lt. E. M. Caffey, to duty with  
JAG's Dept., Sept. 22; he is relieved from  
duty at Granada, Nicaragua, detailed as  
stu. at Univ. of Va. Law Sch., Charlottesville,  
Va.; proceed to Corinto, Nicaragua,  
sail on transport scheduled to leave Sept.  
7, for N. Y. C.; on arrival proceed to  
Charlottesville, report pres. of Univ. of  
Va., for duty. (June 13.)

Order amended to read: 2nd Lt. C. M.  
Myers, sail from N. Y. C., Dec. 5, for  
Hawaiian Dept. (June 13.)

Capt. C. H. Swick, detailed for duty  
with OR, 2nd CA, in addition to his du-  
ties at N. Y. C., July 1, report to comdg.  
Gen. 2nd CA, Governors Island, N. Y.  
(June 16.)

2nd Lt. E. M. Markham, Jr., from duty  
at Ft. Humphreys, Va., detailed as stu.  
to take course of instr. at Cornell Univ.;  
proceed to Ithaca, N. Y., report to regis-  
trar June 30, for duty. (June 17.)

**ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT**

MAJ. GEN. SAMUEL HOF, C OF O  
Maj. C. E. Partridge, from duty at hq.  
1st CA, Boston, Mass., Aug. 1, report  
Ordnance Sch., Watertown Arsenal,  
Watertown, Mass., for duty. (June 13.)

Col. T. L. Ames, from duty at Army  
War College, Wash., D. C., proceed to  
Boston, Mass., Aug. 1, 1st CA for duty in  
military service. (June 14.)

Maj. W. C. Young, from duty at hq.,  
6th CA, proceed to Wash., D. C., report  
to Ch. of Ordnance for duty in his office.  
(June 14.)

**SIGNAL CORPS**

MAJ. GEN. G. S. GIBBS, CSO  
1st Lt. R. V. D. Corput, Jr., from Ft.  
Monmouth, N. J., from assignment to  
51st Signal Battalion, report June 15,  
J. for duty with school faculty. (June  
13.)

## Status of Promotion in Service

## NAVY PROMOTION STATUS

June 19, 1930

Rear Adm. C. C. Kempff, Capt. F. J.  
Fletcher, Comdr. S. S. Lewis, Lt. Comdr.  
C. A. F. Sprague, Lt. W. B. Ammon,  
Lt. (jg) E. O. Davis.

## Medical Corps

Rear Adm. A. Farenholt, Capt. J.  
A. Biello, Comdr. G. W. Calver, Lt. Comdr.  
J. B. Logue, Lt. H. O. Corby, Jr.

## Dental Corps

Comdr. E. E. Harris, Lt. Comdr. R. H.  
Fladeland, Lt. W. R. Burns.

## Supply Corps

Rear Adm. T. H. Hicks, Capt. F. E. Mc-  
Millen, Comdr. F. C. Bowerfield, Lt.  
Comdr. J. D. Boyle, Lt. E. T. Stewart,  
Jr.; Lt. (jg) Murray W. Clark.

## Chaplain Corps

Capt. E. A. Duff, Comdr. T. L. Kirk-  
patrick, Lt. Comdr. J. M. Hester, Lt.  
R. B. Drinan, Lt. (jg) Act. Chap. L. C.  
Pritchett.

## Construction Corps

Rear Adm. G. H. Rock, Capt. L. S.  
Borger, Comdr. F. G. Crisp, Lt. Comdr.  
T. P. Wynkoop, Lt. E. E. Spring.

## Civil Engineer Corps

Rear Adm. F. T. Chambers, Capt. G. D.  
Thurber, Comdr. G. Church, Lt. Comdr.  
H. S. Bear, Lt. B. F. Fink.

## USMC PROMOTION STATUS

June 19, 1930

Last Commissioned Will make number  
in grade indicated  
on next vacancy.

## Colonel

F. Halford E. B. Miller  
Lieutenant Colonel

A. B. Drum D. M. Randall  
Major

C. A. Wynn R. W. Peard  
Captain

W. J. Mosher J. W. Flett  
First Lieutenant

E. C. Ferguson T. B. Millard

## NATIONAL GUARD

## NEW YORK

Col. C. H. Higginson, FA, will report  
to Comdg. Gen., 52nd FA, for assignment  
to command the 105th FA.

Capt. D. L. Emond, FA, assigned to  
258th FA, date of commission and rank,  
June 12, 1930; of entry into service under  
this commission, June 14, 1930.

1st Lt. John Raymond McDonald, Inf.,  
assigned to 108th Inf.; date of commis-  
sion and rank, June 9, 1930; of entry  
into service under this commission, June  
13, 1930.

2nd Lt. L. E. Cummings, Inf., assigned  
to 107th Inf.; date of commission and  
rank, June 10, 1930; of entry into ser-  
vice under this commission, June 12,  
1930.

Capt. T. C. Rives, placed on duty re-  
quiring him to participate regularly and  
frequently in aerial flights for the pur-  
pose of experimental development of  
radio aircraft equipment, instruments, or  
accessories, June 14. (June 14.)

Order amended to read: Maj. G. L. Van  
Deusen, from duty with 1st Div., Ft.  
Hamilton, N. Y., Oct. 1, proceed to Wash.,  
D. C., report Ch. Sig. Officer, for duty in  
office. (June 16.)

## CHEMICAL WARFARE SERVICE

MAJ. GEN. H. L. GILCHRIST, C OF CWS  
Capt. W. M. Scott, to active duty, June  
16; proceed to Boston, Mass., report to  
executive officer, hq. 1st Chem. Warfare  
Service procurement district, 80 Federal  
Street, for training. (June 14.)

Capt. T. J. Johnston, to duty at Edge-  
wood Arsenal, Edgewood, Md., on com-  
pletion of pres. tour of foreign service.  
(June 16.)

## CAVALRY

MAJ. GEN. G. V. HENRY, C OF CAV  
Capt. J. R. W. Diehl, from duty with  
8th Cav., Ft. Bliss, Tex., proceed to Phila.,  
Pa., Aug. 22, for duty as stu. in 1930-31  
course. (June 13.)

Capt. J. C. Short, from duty at Pin-  
erolo, Italy, on termination of his at-  
tachment to an Italian Cav. Reg., Aug. 1,  
assigned 1st Cav. Div., proceed to Ft.  
Bliss, Tex., take station report for duty  
and assignment to organization. (June  
13.)

Capt. R. S. Ramey, from duty at Sau-  
mur, France, on termination of his at-  
tachment to a French Cavalry Regiment,  
Nov. 1, to 1st Cav. Div., proceed to Ft.  
Clark, Tex., take station for assignment  
to organization. (June 13.)

Order amended to read: 1st Lt. H. H.  
D. Heiberg, Cav., sail on the transport  
scheduled to leave N. Y. C., Oct. 28, for  
S. F., Calif. (June 13.)

Col. W. R. Taylor, from duty as instr.,  
Cav., Wyo. NG, with station at Cheyenne,  
Wyo., Aug. 20, detailed for duty with  
OR, 3rd CA, assigned to hq. 99th Div.,  
with station at Pittsburgh, Pa.; proceed  
to Pittsburgh, Pa., take station, report  
by letter to comdg. gen. 3rd CA, for instr.  
(June 14.)

Maj. T. A. Dobyins from duty with  
11th Cav., Presidio of Monterey, Calif.,  
detailed for duty with OR, 2nd CA, as-  
signed to duty with 302nd Cav., 61st Cav.  
Div., N. Y. C.; proceed to S. F., Calif.,  
sail on transport scheduled to leave for

## ARMY PROMOTION STATUS

Promotions and vacancies on the Pro-  
motion List (Cumulative) since June 13,  
1930.

Last promotion to the grade of Colonel  
—William A. Covington, C. A. C., No. 23,  
Page 156, Jan., 1930, AL&D. Last nomi-  
nation—William A. Covington, C. A. C.  
Vacancies—None. Senior Lt. Col.—John  
M. Dunn, C. A. C.

Last promotion to the grade of Lt. Col.  
—William F. Sharp, F. A., No. 609, Page  
158. Last nomination—Henry W. Baird,  
Cavalry. Vacancies—None. Senior Major  
—Harry H. Pritchett, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of Major—  
William H. McCutcheon, jr., Inf., No.  
2343, Page 164. Last nomination—Evan  
C. Swanson. Vacancies—None. Senior  
Captain—Henry R. Behrens, C. A. C.

Last promotion to the grade of Captain  
—Rowland C. W. Blessley, A. C., No.  
5736, Page 176. Last nomination—Ar-  
thur R. Nichols, Inf. Vacancies—None.  
Senior 1st Lt.—Bernice M. McFayden, Inf.

Last promotion to the grade of 1st Lt.  
—Raymond C. Lane, Inf., No. 8509, Page  
186. Last nomination—Frank R. Loyd.  
Vacancies—None. Senior 2nd Lt.—Harry  
W. Miller, Inf.

No vacancies in grade of 2nd Lt.

## CORPS AREA

## 7TH CORPS AREA

HEADQUARTERS, OMAHA, NEBR.

Maj. Gen. Johnson Hagood

Col. J. B. Wilson, Ch. of Staff

## Leaves

One month, 15 days, Aug. 15, to Maj.  
J. M. Lockett, GSC.

Two months, July 1, to G. R. Hicks, Inf.

Three months, June 15, to Lt. Col. W.  
McNamara, Inf.

Two months, June 10, to Lt. Col. W. G.  
Murchison, AGD.

One month, June 17, to Capt. O. T.  
Webster, Inf.

One month, Aug. 1, to 1st Lt. B. J.  
Nelson, Inf.

Two months, 15 days, June 15, to Capt.  
H. E. Stow, Inf.

One month, 20 days, June 9, to Capt.  
B. Little, Inf.

One month, 25 days, July 1, to Capt.  
S. B. Renshaw, VC.

One month, 20 days, June 30, to Lt. Col.  
E. McFarland, OD

Ten days, July 21, to Capt. O. H. Dixon,  
Jr., VC.

Three months, June 15, to Capt. R.  
Skinner, Inf.

Two months, July 1, to Capt. G. Everett  
Hill, Jr., SC.

Two months, June 20, to Maj. G. D.  
Murphy, QMC.

N. Y. C., Aug. 30; on arrival report for  
duty 2nd CA. (June 16.)

1st Lt. F. E. Rundell, detailed in QMC,  
Sept. 1, from duty at Ft. Brown, and as-  
signment to 12th Cav.; proceed to Balti-  
more, Md., Sept. 10, report QMC Motor  
Transport Sch., Holabird qm. depot for  
duty as stu. in 1930-31 course. (June 16.)

Capt. C. W. Richmond, detailed in  
QMC, Sept. 1, relieved from assignment  
to 12th Cav., and duty at Ft. Ringgold,  
Tex., proceed to Baltimore, Md., report  
Sept. 10, QMC Motor Transport Sch.,  
Holabird qm. depot for duty as stu. in  
1930-31 course. (June 16.)

Order relating to 1st Lt. J. H. Phil-  
lips, revoked. (June 16.)

Order amended to read: 1st Lt. W. T.  
Fletcher, to Ft. George G. Meade, Md.,  
report for duty until Sept. 1, at which  
time he will report to Tank Sch. for duty  
as stu. in 1930-31 course. (June 16.)

## FIELD ARTILLERY

MAJ. GEN. H. G. BISHOP, C OF FA  
Capt. W. McB. Garrison, from detail  
with OR, 4th CA, and from assignment  
to 32nd Div., Columbia, S. C., detailed  
for duty with OR, 8th CA, assigned to  
103rd Div., with station at Denver, Colo.;  
proceed to Denver, Colo., report for  
instr. (June 16.)

## COAST ARTILLERY CORPS

MAJ. GEN. G. W. GULICK, C OF CA  
Order relating to 1st Lt. J. H. Pitzer,  
revoked; he is relieved from duty as  
stu. at C A Sch., Ft. Monroe, Va., de-  
tailed at Utan State Agricultural Col-  
lege, proceed at proper time to N. Y. C.,  
sail on transport scheduled to leave Aug.  
21, for S. F., Calif.; on arrival proceed  
to Logan, Utah, report for duty accord-  
ingly. (June 17.)

Col. E. Kimmel, from duty as asst. to  
comdt., CA Sch., Ft. Monroe, Va., July  
13, assigned to 62nd CA, Ft. Totten, N.  
Y.; proceed there and report for duty  
accordingly. (June 17.)

## INFANTRY

MAJ. GEN. S. O. FUQUA, C OF INF.  
1st Lt. S. W. Smithers, from duty at  
Ft. George Wright, Wash., proceed to S.  
F., Calif., sail on transport scheduled to  
leave that port, Nov. 4, for Hawaiian  
Dept.; on arrival at Honolulu, Lt. Smithers  
will report for duty with Inf. (June  
13.)

2nd Lt. J. S. Upham, Jr., from duty at  
Ft. Howard, Md., proceed to N. Y. C., Oct.  
10, for Hawaiian Dept. (June 13.)

Capt. H. C. Griswold, from duty at Ft.  
George G. Meade, Md., proceed to N. Y.  
(Please turn to Next Page)

## NAVY ORDERS

June 12

Lt. C. T. Simard, det. VO Sqd. 4B (USS  
California), Air. Sqds., Battle Flt., about  
June 15; to Nav. Air Sta., San Diego,  
Calif.

Lt. (jg) R. H. Linsley, to duty USS  
Oklahoma.

Lt. Comdr. R. H. Snowden (MC), det.  
Navy Rctg. Sta., Houston, Tex.; to Asiatic  
Station.

Lt. R. R. Doss (MC), ors. May 29 re-  
voked; to continue duty Nav. Hosp., An-  
napolis, Md.

Lt. L. A. Klauer (SC), det. USS Wright  
about July 20; to duty as Off. in Chg.,  
Commissary Store, Nav. Oper. Base,  
Hampton Rds., Va.

Ch. Mach. M. B. Cartmell, det. Navy  
Yard, Phila., Pa. about June 14; to USS  
Kalmia.

June 13

Rear Adm. O. G. Murfin, to duty as  
Comdr. Light Cruiser Divs., S. F., and  
continue add'l duty Comdr., Light  
Cruiser Div. 2.

Capt. C. A. Abele, det. Nav. Exam.  
Bd., Navy Dept.; to duty as Asst. Comdt.,  
1st Nav. Dist., Boston, Mass.

Capt. H. L. Brinsler, det. as Insp. of  
Ord. in Chg., Nav. Mine Depot, York-  
town, Va., about June 10; to command  
USS Mississippi.

Capt. A. W. Johnson, det. as Director  
of Nav. Intelligence, Navy Dept.; to duty  
as Pres., National Board of Elections of  
Nicaragua.

Comdr. O. Smith, det. U. S. Nav. Acad-  
emy, Annapolis, Md.; to c. f. o., USS Ful-  
ton and in command when commissioned.

Lt. Comdr. J. H. Magruder, Jr., det.  
USS New York; to USS Marblehead as  
navigating officer.

Lt. Comdr. C. G. McCord, ors. May 13  
revoked; continue duty Nav. Air Factory,  
Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. L. Gorman, det. Navy Yard, Nor-  
folk, Va., about June 7; to Nat'l Board  
of Elections of Nicaragua.

Lt. G. A. Miller, det. command USS  
Undaunted; to Navy Yard, Mare  
Island, Calif.

Lt. D. R. Osborn, Jr., det. as aide on  
staff, Comdr., Subm. Divs., B. F., about  
June 7; to aide on staff, Comdr. Control  
Force.

Lt. S. S. Reynolds, add'l duty as Insp. of  
Instructor, Nav. Reserves, 7th Nav. Dist.  
Lt. J. C. Williams, det. USS Milwaukee;  
to USS Manley as executive officer.

Lt. (jg) J. F. B. Barrett, det. USS S-13  
about June 28; to Navy Yard, Washing-  
ton, D. C.

Lt. (jg) J. K. Hyatt, det. USS Bain-  
bridge about Aug. 1; to resignation ac-  
cepted Oct. 1.

Lt. (jg) W. F. Porter, det. USS Hulbert  
about June 26; to resignation accepted  
Aug. 28.

Capt. A. J. Geiger (MC), det. Marine  
Corps Base, Operating Base, San Diego,  
Calif., about June 25; to duty as Dist.  
Medical Officer, 12th Nav. Dist.

Capt. R. Spear (MC), relieved all ac-  
tive duty; to home.

Lt. F. R. Haselton (MC), det. USS Sara-  
toga; to USS Lexington.

Lt. (jg) B. B. Baughman (MC), det.  
Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y., about June  
30; to resignation accepted July 31, 1930.

Lt. (jg) G. E. Stahr (MC), det. Nav.  
Trng. Sta., Hampton Roads, Va., about  
May 28; to USS Maryland.

Lt. (jg) J. E. Amiss (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) C. L. Andrews (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., Boston, Mass.

Lt. (jg) E. C. Aulls (MC), to duty Nav.  
Hosp., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) E. L. Caveny (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) A. S. Chrisman (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., L. I., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) W. V. Clark (MC), to duty Nav.  
Hosp., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) R. D. Crawford, Jr., (MC), to  
duty Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y.

Lt. (jg) D. H. Davis (MC), to duty Nav.  
Hosp., San Diego.

Lt. (jg) W. A. Deckert (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. (jg) E. F. Evans (MC), to duty Nav.  
Hosp., L. I., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) C. B. Galloway (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., Norfolk, Va.

Lt. (jg) F. J. Gillette (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., Boston, Mass.

Lt. (jg) C. D. Hamrick (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., New York, N. Y.

Lt. (jg) C. V. Hattinette (MC), to duty  
Nav. Hosp., L. I., Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) A. H. Held (MC), to duty Nav.  
Hosp., New York, N.



## ARMY ORDERS

(Continued from Preceding Page)

C., sail Oct. 10, for Hawaiian Dept.; on arrival report for duty with Inf. (June 13.)

Capt. C. F. Sutherland, from duty at Okla. Agricultural and Mech. College, Stillwater, Okla., proceed to S. F., Calif., sail on transport scheduled to leave that port Nov. 4, for Hawaiian Dept.; on arrival at Honolulu Capt. Sutherland will report for duty with Inf. (June 13.)

Maj. L. H. Cook, to duty as instr. at Inf. Sch., Ft. Benning, Ga., on completing pres. tour of foreign service. (June 13.)

Order amended to read: Capt. J. E. Doyle, proceed to Ft. Snelling, Minn., for duty. (June 13.)

Col. W. H. Patterson, from detail with OR, 5th CA, for assignment to 84th Div., and further duty in Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 1, is then detailed at Ore. St. Agricultural College; will proceed to Presidio of S. F., Calif., report comdg. gen., 9th CA, for temp. duty for a period not to exceed ten days, for instr., on completing temp. duty, proceed to Corvallis, Ore., for duty. (June 14.)

Col. C. S. Fries, from duty with 12th Inf., Ft. Howard, Md., Aug. 31; proceed to Newark, N. J., take station and report by letter, 2nd CA, for duty in connection with recruiting. (June 14.)

Col. W. W. Taylor, from duty with historical sect., Army War College, Wash., D. C., Aug. 31, assigned to command of the 12th Inf., Ft. Howard, Md.; proceed to Ft. Howard, Md., join his regiment. (June 14.)

Capt. L. E. MacGregor, from duty with 28th Inf., Ft. Niagara, N. L., Sept. 1, detailed for duty as instr., Inf., Md. NG, station at Cambridge, Md.; proceed to Baltimore, Md., report to comdg. gen. 3rd CA for temp. duty; on completing temp. duty, proceed to Cambridge, Md., and take station. (June 14.)

Order relating to 1st Lt. C. K. Leeper, revoked; he is relieved from duty as stu. at Inf. Sch., Ft. Benning, Ga., proceed to Ft. George G. Meade, Md., for temp. duty at command post exercises, 3rd CA; on completing temp. duty, sail from N. Y. C., Aug. 20, for P. I.; on arrival at Manila, report Philippine Dept. for duty with Inf., at Tientsin, China, proceed to join that station, via Government transportation. (June 14.)

Order amended to read: Col. F. R. Brown, sail on transport scheduled to leave S. F., Calif., for N. Y. C., Aug. 30. (June 16.)

1st Lt. O. R. Cole, from duty with 2nd Inf., Ft. Brady, Mich., detailed for duty with OR, 2nd CA, assigned to 78th Div., station at Newark, N. J.; proceed there and report for duty. (June 16.)

Order relating to 1st Lt. R. James, revoked. (June 16.)

Order amended to read: Capt. M. G. Rees, from duty at College of City of N. Y., N. Y. C., July 15. (June 16.)

Order amended to read: Capt. H. F. Teate, report for duty at Wofford College, Spartanburg, S. C., Sept. 1. (June 16.)

1st Lt. W. D. Killen detailed in QMC, Aug. 22; relieved from assignment to 1st Inf., and from duty at Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., proceed to S. F., Calif., sail on transport scheduled to leave July 30 for N. Y. C.; on arrival there proceed to Phila., Pa., report for duty as stu. in 1930-31 course at QMC Sch. (June 16.)

2nd Lt. G. R. Evans, from detail in AC, relieved from pres. duties, and assigned to Inf. of 2nd Div., station at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., and report for duty. (June 16.)

1st Lt. J. F. Greene, detailed in QMC, Aug. 22, relieved from assignment to 20th Inf., and from duty at Ft. Francis E. Warren, Wyo., proceed to Chicago, Ill., Aug. 22, for duty in Subsistence Sch., as stu., 1930-31 course. (June 16.)

Capt. R. H. Larkins, from duty with 6th Tank Co., Jefferson Bks., Mo., detailed to pursue course of instr. at French Tank Sch., Versailles, France, Sept. 1, proceed to N. Y. C., sail on S. S. Republic leave that port July 26, for Cherbourg, France, thence to Paris, France, report to military attaché, Amer. Embassy, for duty pending the opening of the course to which detailed. (June 17.)

Order relating to Maj. E. H. Engleman, revoked; he is assigned to duty with QMC, on arrival to U. S. from duty 24th Inf., Ft. Benning, Ga., proceed to Phila., Pa., report Aug. 22, to comdt. QMC Sch., for duty as stu. in 1930-31 course. (June 17.)

1st Lt. T. R. Howard, detailed in QMC, Sept. 2, from assignment to 22nd Inf., Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., proceed to Phila., Pa., report Sept. 1, to comdt. QMC Sch., for duty as stu. in 1930-31 course. (June 17.)

Maj. W. H. McCutcheon, Jr., from duty with 25th Inf., Ft. Huachuca, Ariz., detailed for duty with OR, 2nd CA, assigned to 98th Div., station at Syracuse, N. Y., proceed to S. F., Calif., sail on transport scheduled to leave for N. Y., July 29; on arrival there proceed to Syracuse, N. Y., take station, report for instr. (June 17.)

Capt. W. V. McCreight, assigned to 18th Inf., Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., on completing pres. tour of foreign service. (June 17.)

1st Lt. J. S. Miller, assigned to 28th Inf. station at Ft. Niagara, N. Y., on completing pres. tour of foreign service. (June 17.)

Order relating to Capt. M. B. Ridgeway, revoked. (June 17.)

Order relating to Capt. E. H. Mitchell, revoked. (June 17.)

## AIR CORPS

MAJ. GEN. J. E. FECHET, C OF AC  
Maj. A. L. Sneed, from duty at Rockwell Fld., Coronado, Calif., proceed to S. F., Calif., sail on transport scheduled to leave that port on or about July 30, for N. Y. C.; on arrival proceed to Wright Fld., Dayton, Ohio, for duty. (June 13.)

2nd Lt. J. W. McCauley, from duty at Ft. Sill, Okla., proceed to AC training center, Duncan Fld., San Antonio, Tex., for duty, Aug. 15. (June 13.)

Capt. W. F. Volandt, to duty in office of Ch. of AC, Wash., D. C., on completing pres. tour of foreign service. (June 14.)

1st Lt. E. M. Fogelsonger, from duty at Ft. Sill, Okla., July 1, proceed to Ft. Bragg, N. C., report 2nd Balloon Co., for duty. (June 14.)

## LEAVES

One month, 2 days, July 30, to Lt. Col. J. M. Dunn, CAC. (June 13.)

Extension, one month, 12 days, to Maj. J. L. Philips, Cav. (June 13.)

One month, 20 days, July 1, to Maj. C. L. Sturdevant, CE. (June 13.)

Two months, 15 days, July 15, to 1st Lt. E. C. Applegate, Inf. (June 13.)

Extension, 7 days, to 1st Lt. M. W. Balfour, A. C. (June 13.)

Twenty-five days, June 23, to Maj. F. A. Englehart, OD. (June 14.)

Twenty-five days, June 23, to Maj. F. A. Englehart, OD. (June 14.)

Extension, one month, to Maj. E. Parfit, PS, Inf. (June 14.)

Thirteen days, June 16, to Maj. J. R. Brabson, GSC. (June 14.)

Fifteen days, June 30, to Maj. G. K. Hobbs, GSC. (June 14.)

Ten days, June 16, to Capt. G. R. Hartrick, OD. (June 14.)

Four months, on relief from pres. duties, to Capt. P. G. Rutten, QMC. (June 14.)

Two months, July 1, to Maj. J. A. McGrath, Inf. (June 14.)

Three months, June 18, to Lt. Col. C. W. Tillotson, Inf. (June 16.)

One month, 15 days, July 8, to Maj. C. H. Danielson, AGD. (June 16.)

Five days, June 18, to Maj. E. O. Hopkins, FD. (June 16.)

Two months, July 5, to Col. J. A. McKinnon, VC. (June 17.)

Twenty days, July 1, to Lt. Col. R. C. Kirtland, AC. (June 17.)

One month, June 25, to Lt. Col. F. J. Griffin, SC. (June 17.)

Five days, June 23, to Maj. W. C. Crane, GSC. (June 17.)

Two months, July 17, to Maj. E. J. Steves, MC. (June 17.)

Two months, July 1, to Maj. J. N. Greeley, GSC. (June 17.)

One month, 15 days, July 15, to Maj. R. B. Bretz, MC. (June 17.)

One month, 10 days, July 20, to 1st Lt. J. B. Murphy, FA. (June 17.)

Extension, five days, to 1st Lt. W. D. Paschall, FA. (June 17.)

Two months, July 1, to 1st Lt. L. J. Greeley, FA. (June 17.)

Two months, July 14, to 1st Lt. D. G. Stitt, AC. (June 17.)

One month, 15 days, June 23, to Lt. Col. C. Lynn, AGD. (June 17.)

Five days, on arrival in U. S., to Lt. Col. J. O. Mauborgne, SC. (June 17.)

Six days, June 23, to Maj. L. B. Weeks, CAC. (June 17.)

One month, 15 days, to Capt. R. C. Winchester, Cav. (June 17.)

One month, 5 days, to Capt. F. M. S. Johnson, CE. (June 17.)

Two months, July 1, to 1st Lt. P. C. Hains, 3rd, Cav. (June 17.)

One month, 15 days, June 23, to 2nd Lt. J. E. Briggs, AC. (June 17.)

## RESIGNATIONS

Resignation by 2nd Lt. C. E. Martin, CE, June 15, accepted. (June 16.)

Resignation by 2nd Lt. R. R. Middlebrooks, Inf., accepted. (June 16.)

## TRANSFERS

2nd Lt. D. C. McNair, Inf., to FA, June 10, announced; he is relieved from assignment to 12th Inf., and from duty at Ft. Washington, Md., assigned to 83rd FA, proceed to Ft. Benning, Ga., report for duty. (June 17.)

ORDERS TO RETIRED OFFICERS  
Maj. R. A. Billmore, Philippine Scouts, retirement announced April 23. (June 17.)

Col. H. S. Wagner, Inf., retirement announced, Aug. 31. (June 17.)

## BOARDS

A board consisting of the following named officers is appointed to meet at Ft. Logan, Colo., for purpose of exam. applicants for commission in Veterinary Corps, Reg. Army:

Maj. F. B. Dwire, MC; Maj. S. R. Ingram, VC. (June 14.)

A board appointed to meet at hq., 2nd CA, Governors Island, N. Y., for exam. of such officers as may be ordered before it. Detail for the Board:

Members: Col. Truman O. Murphy, Inf.; T. A. Baldwin, Jr., AC; W. McK. Lambdin, FD; W. L. Pyles, MC; Maj. L. A. Kefauver, MC.

Recorder: Capt. Pinkney L. Ogle, MAC. (June 14.)

## WARRANT OFFICER

Order amended to read: Warrant Offr. A. E. Gingrich, band leader, sail on transport scheduled to leave N. Y. C., Sept. 27. (June 14.)

Order relating to Warrant Offr. J. F. Luce, ch. eng., revoked. (June 14.)

Warrant Offr. P. J. Keating, ch. eng., Army Mine planter, Philippine Dept., assigned to harbor defenses of Sandy Hook,

continue treatment, Nav. Hosp., Newport, Capt. J. E. McDonald (SC), det. Aircraft Sqds., Battle Flt., about July 15; to Army Industrial College, Wash., D. C. Lt. Comdr. L. A. Odlin (SC), det. Navy Yard, New York, N. Y., about June 30; to Navy Purch. and Disbursing Office, New York, N. Y., as Disb. officer.

Lt. L. D. Whitgrove (CC), det. Off. of Suptg. Const., Newport News Shipbldg. and Drydock Co., Newport News, Va., about June 24; to Navy Yard, Phila., Pa. Ch. Mach. J. W. Boldt, det. USS Whippoorwill; to USS Rigel.

Ch. Mach. F. B. Early, det. USS Marblehead; to Subm. Base, New London, Conn.

Ch. Mach. L. W. Knight, det. USS Rail; to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Ch. Elec. M. Bergman, relieved all active duty; to home.

Ch. Rad. Elec. H. L. Bixbee, relieved all active duty; to home.

Ch. Pay Clk. C. M. Eysinger; det. Rec. Ship at San Francisco, about June 25; to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.

June 14  
Capt. W. T. Tarrant, det. Office, Naval Operations; to chief of staff, Comdr. in Chief, Battle Flt. Ors. June 11, 1930, revoked.

Lt. Comdr. S. W. Kirtland, det. USS Tattall; to USS Ramapo.

Lt. Comdr. A. W. Radford, det. USS Saratoga; to command VF Sqd. 1B, Air Sqds., B. F.

Lt. R. P. Bielka, det. command USS Kewadin; to Navy Yard, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Lt. R. C. Brown, det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.; to USS Breckinridge.

Lt. G. Chadwick, det. Dest. Sqd. 14, Scg. Flt.; to Asst. Nav. Insp. of Machy., Bethlehem Shipbldg. Corp., Quincy, Mass.

Lt. B. David, relieved from all active duty about June 30; to home.

Lt. E. B. Guernsey, det. USS Colorado; to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. A. O. Kustel, ors. May 23 revoked; to continue present duties, on board the USS Maryland.

Lt. R. F. McCall, det. USS Oobbin; to Fuel Oil Testing Plant, Phila., Pa.

Lt. (jg) R. Davis, Jr., det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., about July 7; to USS Hannibal.

Lt. (jg) J. F. Johnson, det. Rec. Ship, San Francisco; to USS Sicard.

Lt. (jg) R. G. Norman, det. USS Sands about June 28; to USS Bainbridge.

Lt. (jg) C. R. Rdawader, ors. April 18 modified. To USS Sanads.

Lt. (jg) E. W. Shanklin, det. USS Arizona about May 29; to USS Taylor.

Ens. C. B. Beasley, det. USS Preble about June 10; to USS Southard.

Ens. R. C. Brownlee, 2nd, det. USS Texas; to U. S. Flt. for duty.

Ens. J. J. Carey, ors. May 15 revoked. Det. Subm. Base, New London, Conn., about June 6; to Subm. Div. 19.

Ens. U. S. G. Sharp, det. USS Long about June 10; to USS Buchanan.

Ens. D. C. White, ors. May 15 revoked. Det. Subm. Base, New London, Conn., about June 6; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. E. J. Cummings (MC), relieved from all active duty; to home.

Lt. (jg) J. M. Jordan (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Cal., about July 15; to Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa.

Lt. Comdr. S. J. Brune (SC), det. USS Idaho about July 25; to Navy Yard, Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. Comdr. T. A. Durham (SC), det. Navy Freight Office, San Pedro, Calif., about June 30; to USS Idaho.

Lt. Comdr. M. J. Stubbs (SC), det. USS Memphis about July 20; to Nav. Air Factory, Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. C. J. Lanier (SC), det. Div. 11, Dest. Sqds., Battle Flt., about July 15; to Nav. Proving Ground, Dahlgren, Va.

Mach. W. E. Kelly, det. USS Argonne about June 27; to Asiatic Station.

Ch. Pharm. C. F. Whitmore, det. Nav. Med. Supply Depot, Brooklyn, N. Y., about July 1; to Bu. M. & S.

Ch. Pay Clk. M. C. Mattison, det. USS Gold Star; to Navy Freight Office, San Pedro, Calif.

June 17  
Capt. W. R. Gherardi, det. Member, General Board, Navy Dept., about June 18; to duty as Hydrographer, Navy Dept.

Capt. C. S. Kempff, ors. June 11 modified. To command Light Cruiser Div. 2.

Capt. G. T. Pettengill, uncompleted portion desp. ors. of May 8 revoked; to

Ft. Hancock, N. J. (June 14.)

Warrant Offr. J. W. Guthrie, ch. eng., Army Mine Planter Service, is relieved from pres. duties at harbor defenses of Sandy Hook, Ft. Hancock, N. J., to N. Y. C., sail on transport scheduled to leave Oct. 28, for Philippine Dept., assigned to duty with harbor defenses of Manila and Subic Bays. (June 14.)

Warrant Offr. H. H. Hampton from duty at Ft. Rosecrans, Point Loma, Calif., to home and await retirement, June 30. (June 14.)

Order relating to Warrant Offr. R. J. Meskill, revoked. (June 16.)

Warrant Offr. R. J. Meskill from duty at hq. 8th CA, Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., proceed to home and await retirement. (June 16.)

Warrant Offr. E. Dominguez, from duty in P. C. Dept., proceed to home and await retirement. (June 17.)

Order amended to read: Warrant Offr. J. M. Stewart, to duty with gm., Ft. Lewis, Washington. (June 17.)

Order amended to read: Warrant Offr. G. M. Hughes from duty at Camp Knox,

(Please turn to Page 998)

## NAVY ORDERS

(Continued from Preceding Page)

R. I., and upon being discharged to duty in command Subm. Divs., Battle Fleet.  
Capt. F. H. Potet, det. Bu. Nav.; to duty as Asst. Chief of Staff, Comdr. in Chief, U. S. Fleet.

Lt. Comdr. R. S. Berkey det. aide and flag sec'y on staff, U. S. Fleet; to Naval Operations, Navy Dept.

Lt. N. D. Brantly, det. USS Utah about Aug. 15; to duty as Asst. Nav. Insp. of Machy, Babcock and Wilcox Co., Bayonne, N. J.

Lt. W. A. Brooks, det. Asst. Nav. Insp. of Machy, Babcock and Wilcox Co., Bayonne, N. J., after Sept. 1; to Dest. Sqd. 14, Scg. Flt.

Lt. W. R. Gardner, desp. ors. June 2 modified. To Navy Yard, Boston, Mass., Lt. E. E. Pettee, det. Dist. Commun. Officer, San Juan, P. R., about July 7; to Rec. Sta., Hampton Roads, Va.

Lt. W. M. Shipley, det. USS Sapele; to Navy Yard, New York, N. Y.

Lt. T. Smith, det. USS West Virginia; to treatment, Nav. Hosp., Mare Island, Calif.

Lt. (jg) R. Davis, Jr., det. Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla., involving flying; to temp. duty Nav. Air Sta., Pensacola, Fla.

Lt. (jg) J. S. Fitzgerald, det. USS Camden about July 12; to USS Seattle.

Lt. R. O. Myers, det. Dest. Sqd. 10, B. F.; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Lt. F. C. Sachse, det. Dest. Sqd. 10, B. F.; to Navy Yard, Puget Sound, Wash.

Lt. J. W. Storm, det. USS Ramapo about July 5; to Nav. Sta., Guam.

Lt. W. E. Sullivan, det. USS Florida; to Navy Yard, Phila., Pa.

Lt. B. P. Ward, det. Dest. Sqd. 7, Scg. Flt.; to duty at Engineering Experiment Sta., Annapolis, Md.

Lt. (jg) R. C. Boyden (MC), to duty Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. (jg) R. H. Draeger (MC), det. USS California; to Nav. Hosp., Mare Is., Calif.

Lt. (jg) J. L. Enyart (MC), det. USS West Virginia; to Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (jg) C. E. Fitzgerald (MC), det. USS Idaho; to Nav. Hosp., Great Lakes, Ill.

Lt. (jg) N. M. Hardisty (MC), det. Nav. Hosp., Boston, about July 1; to Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H.

Lt. H. C. Johnston (MC), det. Navy Yard, Portsmouth, N. H. about July 5; to Nav. Hosp., Wash., D. C.

Lt. O. A. Smith (MC), det. Nav. Sta., Tutuila, Samoa about July 15; to Nav. Hosp., Great Lakes, Ill.

Lt. (jg) J. T. Parker (MC), det. USS Melville; to Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

Lt. (jg) H. G. Young (MC), det. USS Arkansas; to Div. 23, Dest. Sqds., Scg. Flt.

Rear Adm. T. S. Jewett (SC), relieved from all active duty to home.

Ch. Mach. R. I. Hart, det. USS Holland about June 23; to USS Argonne.

Ch. Pharm. C. R. Holmes det. Nav. Hosp., Portsmouth, N. H.; to Bu. M. & S.

Ch. Rad. El. R. W. Justice, det. USS Medusa about June 17; to continue treatment, Nav. Hosp., San Diego, Calif.

June 18, 1930  
Capt. F. T. Evans, relieved from all active duty; to home.

Capt. J. J. Hyland, det. Navy Yard, Boston, about July 3; to command USS Nevada.

Capt. F. D. Karns, relieved from all active duty; to home.

Capt. H. F. Perrill, det. Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.; to duty as Sr. Member, Bd. of Inspection and Survey, Pac. Coast Sect., San Francisco, Cal.

Capt. W. C. Watts, det. Chief of Staff, June 23; to duty as Asst. Comdt., 4th Nav. Dist., Phila., Pa.

Lt. Comdr. E. W. Burroughs, det. aide on staff, Comdr., Control Force, about July 12; to Bu. Nav.

Lt. Comdr. J. K. Davis, det. Insp. of Nav. Mat'l, Bethlehem Steel Co., Bethlehem, Pa.; to Asiatic Station.

Lt. Comdr. A. E. King, Jr., det. USS Barney about June 9; to USS Reuben James.



## Marine Corps Orders.

June 14

Lt. Col. H. O. Smith, detached Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to MB, Quantico, Va.

Maj. P. A. DelValle, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Second Brigade, Nicaragua, via the SS Columbia, scheduled to sail from New York, N. Y., on or about June 21.

Capt. J. Lienhard, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

1st Lt. W. W. Davidson, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

1st Lt. L. A. Hohn, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

1st Lt. H. C. Roberts, detached MB, Parris Island, S. C., to MB, Norfolk NYD, Portsmouth, Va., to report on June 16.

1st Lt. W. J. Whaling, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

2nd Lt. I. M. Bethel, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

2nd Lt. D. K. Claude, on reporting of relief detached MD, USS Wyoming, to MB, NA, Annapolis, Md.

2nd Lt. A. J. Mathieson, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to MD, USS Wyoming, to report on June 20.

2nd Lt. J. Sabater, orders to Second Brigade, Nicaragua, modified to MB, Quantico, Va.

Mar. Gnr. C. R. Nordstrom, detached Second Brigade, Nicaragua, to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

June 16

Maj. G. A. Johnson, orders to MB, Quantico, Va., modified to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. W. W. Davidson, detached Second Brigade, Nicaragua, to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

1st Lt. L. A. Hohn, detached MD, NP, MB, Parris Island, S. C., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C., to report on June 16.

June 17

Capt. M. J. Kelleher, orders to Department of the Pacific revoked. Detached Garde d'Haiti to MB, NOB, Hampton Roads, Norfolk, Va., via first available Government conveyance.

Capt. F. E. Pierce, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C.

1st Lt. R. O. Bare, detached MB, Guantanamo Bay, Cuba, to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C.

2nd Lt. J. Snedeker, detached MB, Parris Island, S. C., to NAS, NOB, Hampton Roads, Va., to report not later than Aug. 15.

June 19

Lt. Col. R. B. Sullivan, AA&I, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to MB, Parris Island, S. C.

Maj. P. C. Marmion, AA&I, orders to MB, Parris Island, S. C., modified to Headquarters Marine Corps, Washington, D. C.

Capt. J. H. Fellowes, orders to MB, Washington, D. C., revoked. On June 20 detached Army Industrial College, Washington, D. C., to Office of the Chief Coordinator, Washington, D. C.

Capt. L. P. Hunt, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Nicaraguan National Guard detachment via the USS Nitro, scheduled to sail from Hampton Roads, Va., on or about July 17.

1st Lt. W. S. Fellers, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Nicaraguan National Guard detachment, via the USS Nitro, scheduled to sail from Hampton Roads, Va., on or about July 17.

1st Lt. L. E. Power, detached MB, Quantico, Va., to Nicaraguan National Guard detachment via the USS Nitro, scheduled to sail from Hampton Roads, Va., on or about July 17.

2nd Lt. F. G. Dailey, detached NAS, Pensacola, Fla., to AS, ECEF, MB, Quantico, Va.

2nd Lt. T. G. Ennis, detached NAS, Pensacola, Fla. to AS, ECEF, MB, Quantico, Va.

2nd Lt. P. O. Parmelee, detached NAS, Pensacola, Fla., to AS, ECEF, MB, Quantico, Va.

2nd Lt. J. N. Hart, detached AS, Second Brigade, Nicaragua, to NAS, Pensacola, Fla., via first available Government conveyance.

2nd Lt. H. J. Withers, detached MB, NAS, Lakehurst, N. J., to Nicaraguan National Guard detachment via the USS Nitro, scheduled to sail from Hampton Roads, Va., on or about July 17.

## Maryland NG Notes

ABOUT 7 officers and enlisted men of the 5th Infantry, Md. NG, went to Camp Albert C. Ritchie, at Blue Ridge Summit, from Baltimore, recently for target practice. These week-end trips are altogether voluntary, without expense to the individual, and are encouraged by the brigade commander, Brig. Gen. Milton A. Reckord. The Service Section, Service Battery, leads the 110th Field Artillery in drill attendance for May, with 87.90 per cent. The 1st is the leading battalion, with 74.15 per cent. Regimental percentage, 74.70.

## U. S. Fleet Directory

Corrected to June 19

Address mail for vessels in Atlantic "Care of Postmaster, New York City."

Adm. W. V. Pratt, Commander in Chief, USS Texas, flagship, Balboa to San Pedro, Calif.

Address all mail for vessels of Battle Fleet as follows: Battleship Divisions and Aircraft Squadrons, Care of Postmaster, San Pedro, Calif.; Submarine Divisions, and Destroyer Squadrons, Care of Postmaster, San Diego, Calif.

## BATTLE FLEET

Adm. F. H. Schofield, commander in chief, California (flagship), Balboa, to San Pedro.

## Battleship Divisions

Vice Adm. R. H. Leigh, Commander. Division 3—New York, Navy Yard, Bremerton; Nevada, Oklahoma, Balboa, to San Pedro.

Division 4—Mississippi, Charleston to Cristobal, C. Z.; New Mexico, Balboa to San Pedro; Idaho, Seattle, Wash., to Honolulu, T. H.

Division 5—West Virginia, Tennessee, Balboa to San Pedro; Colorado, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Maryland, Balboa, to San Pedro.

## Destroyer Squadrons

Rear Adm. Thomas J. Senn, Commander. Rigel, Omaha, San Diego, to Bremerton, Wash.

Squadron 6—Decatur (leader), Balboa, to San Diego; Melville, San Diego.

Division 15—Trevor, Perry, Wasmuth, Mare Island, Calif.; Zane, San Diego.

Division 10—Aaron Ward, Wickes, Buchanan, Mare Island; Claxton, Philip, San Diego.

Division 14—Hamilton, Jacob Jones, Badger, Babbatt, Tattnell, San Diego; Twiggs, Mare Island.

Division 45—Sicard, Preble, Pruitt, enroute to San Diego; Wm. B. Preston, Noa, Hulbert, San Diego.

Squadron 10—Litchfield (leader), Balboa, to San Diego; Altair (tender), San Diego.

Division 11—Elliott, Upshur, Yarnall, Greer, Roper, San Diego; Tarbell, Mare Island.

Division 12—Waters, Rathburne, Mare Island; Dent, Lea, Talbot, Dorsey, San Diego.

Division 37—Broome, Hover, Mare Island; Long, Hovey, Southard, Alden, Chandler, San Diego.

## Aircraft Squadrons

Rear Adm. H. V. Butler, Commander. Saratoga (flagship), enroute to San Pedro; Lexington, Norfolk; Arctostock, Langley, Gannett, Balboa, to San Pedro.

## Submarine Divisions

Holland (flagship and tender), San Diego; Ortolan (tender), Mare Island, Calif.

Division 11—S-25, S-27, S-28, S-29, San Diego; S-24, S-26, Mare Island.

Division 19—S-45, S-43, San Diego; S-44, S-46, S-42, S-47, Mare Island.

Division 20—Argonne (tender), V-3, V-2, Balboa, to San Diego; V-1, Navy Yard, Mare Island; 4-4, San Diego, Calif.

Submarines Based on Pearl Harbor. Seagull (tender), Widgeon (tender), Pearl Harbor, T. H.

Division 9—K-1, R-3, R-5, R-6, R-7, R-8, R-9, Pearl Harbor, T. H.; R-2, R-4, R-10, Pearl Harbor.

Division 14—R-11, R-13, R-14, R-16, R-17, R-18, R-20, R-12, R-19, Pearl Harbor, T. H.

## BASE FORCE

Procyon, Balboa, to San Pedro. Mine Squadron 2—Whippoorwill, Pearl Harbor; Ramsay, Gamble, Tanager, Mare Island, Calif.

Train Squadron 1—Antares, Newport; Brazos, Navy Yard, Boston; Vestal, Bridge, Newport, R. I.

Train Squadron 2—Relief, Cuyama, Balboa, to San Pedro; Medusa, Mare Island; Neches, San Pedro; Arctice, San Francisco.

## SCOUTING FLEET

Vice Adm. A. L. Willard, Commander. Send mail "Care of Postmaster, New York City."

## Battleship Divisions

Division 2—Wyoming, (flagship of Admiral Willard) Newport, R. I.; Arkansas, Florida, Utah, Annapolis, to Cherbourg, France; due to arrive June 21; Pennsylvania, Navy Yard, Philadelphia; Arizona, Navy Yard, Norfolk, Va.

## Light Cruiser Divisions

Rear Adm. Frank H. Clark, Commander. Division 3—Detroit, Cincinnati, Milwaukee, Newport, R. I.; Raleigh, Newport; Pensacola, New York, N. Y.

Division 2—Richmond, Memphis, Newport, R. I.; Salt Lake City, Newport, R. I.; Trenton, Marblehead, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.

## Destroyer Squadrons

Rear Adm. W. R. Sexton, Commander. Concord, Boston, Mass.; Manley, Newport, R. I.

Squadron 7—Dallas, Norfolk; Whitney, Charleston, S. C.

Division 22—Barney, Breckenridge, Blakely, Bernadon, Biddel, Dupont, Charleston, S. C.

Division 23—Crowninshield, Cole, Ellis, Tillman, J. Fred Talbot, Charleston, S. C.; Hale, Charleston, S. C.

Division 33—Herbert, Fairfax, Dickerson, Leary, Taylor, Schenck, Charleston, S. C.

Squadron 14—Dobbin (tender), Newport, R. I.; Hopkins, Navy Yard, Brooklyn, N. Y.

Division 40—Lawrence, Gilmer, Hatfield, Humphreys, Newport, R. I.; Brooks, Kane, New York Navy Yard.

Division 41—McFarland, Boston, Mass.;

Childs, Navy Yard, Boston; Overton, King, Sturtevant, J. K. Paulding, Newport, R. I.

Division 42—Sands, Williamson, Reuben James, Barry, Bainbridge, Goff, Newport, R. I.

## Aircraft Squadrons

Capt. John Halligan, Jr., Commander. Wright, Newport, R. I.; Sandpiper, Newport, R. I.; Teal, Hampton Roads, Va.

## CONTROL FORCE

Rear Adm. Thos. C. Hart, Commander. Camden, New London; Mallard, Balboa, C. Z.; S-4, New London, Conn.; Falcon, New London.

Mine Squadron No. 1—Oglala, Lansdale, Lark, Quail, Luce, New London, Conn.

## Submarine Divisions

Division 2—Chewink—O-8, O-6, O-2, O-1, O-3, O-4, New London; O-7, Bellevue, D. C.; O-9, O-10, New London, Conn.

Division 3—S-10, S-11, S-12, S-13, Coco Solo; S-20, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Division 4—S-1, S-23, S-48, S-22, S-21, New London; S-19, S-18, Portsmouth, N. H.

Division 12—Bushnell, S-3, S-7, S-9, New London; S-8, New London; S-6, V-5, Portsmouth, N. H.

Division 18—S-14, S-15, S-17, S-16, Coco Solo, C. Z.

Eagle Division 1—Eagle 35, Eagle 18, New London, Conn.

## U. S. ASIATIC FLEET

Adm. Chas. B. McVay, Commander in Chief. Pittsburgh (flagship), Tsingtao, China. Send mail to Asiatic Station via Postmaster, Seattle, Wash.

Guam, Changsha; Isabel, Tsingtao, China; Palos, Kinkiang; Monocacy, Shanghai; Luzon, Hankow; Mindanao, Canton; Helena, Hongkong; Pecos, Shanghai; Oahu, Ichang; Panay, Chungking; Tutuila, Hankow, China.

## Destroyer Squadron

Paul Jones (flagship), Tsingtao; Black Hawk, Chefoo, China.

Division 38—John D. Edwards, Wuhu; Smith-Thompson, Manila; Barker, Amoy; Whipple, Tracy, Chefoo, China; Borie, Nanking, China.

Division 39—Parrott, Simpson, McLeish, McCormick, Edsall, Bulmer, Chefoo, China.

Division 43—Peary, John D. Ford, Truxtun, Stewart, Pillsbury, Pope, Chefoo,



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## China.

## Aircraft Squadron

Jason, Heron, Avocet, Tsingtao, China. Submarine Division

Pigeon, Tsingtao, China. Division 16—Beaver (tender), S-32, S-33, S-34, S-35, S-30, S-31, Tsingtao, China.

Division 17—Canopus (tender), S-36, S-37, S-38, S-39, S-40, S-41, Tsingtao, China; S-41, Manila, P. I.

## Mine Detachment

Hart, Rizal, Manila, P. I.; Finch, Bittern, Chefoo, China.

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## MISCELLANEOUS

Chaumont, Port au Prince, Haiti; Hannibal, Philadelphia; Henderson, Guam to Honolulu; Houston, Norfolk, Va.; Kittery, Norfolk; Niagara, surveying duty in Panama; Nitro, San Diego; Nokomis, Philadelphia; Patoka, Hampton Roads; Northampton, Boston, Mass.; Ramapo, Woosung to Mare Island; Salinas, to Beaumont, Texas; Sapelo, Hampton Roads, Va.; Sirius Corinto to San Diego; Vega, Hampton Roads, Va.

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## Orders

(Continued from Page 996)

Ky., proceed to home and await retirement. (June 17.)

## RETIREMENT OF ENLISTED MEN

1st Sgt. M. Varley, CA, placed on ret. list, Ft. Monroe, Va., and sent to home. (June 13.)

Master Sgt. L. Kuntz, FD, placed on ret. list, Edgewood Arsenal, Md., and sent to home. (June 13.)

Staff Sgt. R. P. Wood, CAC, placed on ret. list, Ft. Rosecrans, Calif., and sent to home. (June 13.)

Tech. Sgt. W. R. Holtshouser, OD, placed on ret. list, Inf. Sch., Ft. Benning, Ga., sent to home. (June 17.)

Master Sgt. J. J. Cody, Inf., placed on ret. list at Ft. Jay, N. Y., sent to home. (June 17.)

Tech. Sgt. J. Moses, QMC, placed on ret. list at Camp Jóna Hay, Philippine Islands, sent to home. (June 17.)

1st Sgt. E. Fay, Cav., placed on ret. list at Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., sent to home. (June 17.)

Master Sgt. F. J. Landing, Inf., placed on ret. list at Los Angeles, Calif., sent to home. (June 17.)

Master Sgt. W. Eberhart, Inf., placed on ret. list at Ft. Thomas, Ky., sent to home. (June 17.)

## ORGANIZED RESERVES

The following Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Army Med. Center, Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Wash., D. C., for duty:

1st Lts. J. R. Coperhaver; J. L. Hager; W. C. Knott; E. M. Sager. (June 13.)

The following of Med.-Res., to active duty at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for duty at the station hospital:

1st Lts. J. Harrell; A. H. Robinson; J. P. Russell; H. J. Sweetpot. (June 13.)

The following of Med.-Res., to active duty at Letterman Gen. Hosp., S. F., Calif., for duty:

1st Lts. A. L. Baker, L. E. Griffs, F. Y. Leaver, A. J. Revell. (June 13.)

The following of Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Fitzsimons Gen. Hosp., Denver, Colo., for duty:

1st Lts. L. Barbato, K. H. Gates, P. E. Keller, E. H. Littig, C. E. McEnany. (June 13.)

Lt. Col. D. W. Ayars, San.-Res., to active duty, June 16, at Surgeon General's Office, Wash., D. C., for duty. (June 13.)

Maj. G. E. Webster, OD-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., for training. (June 13.)

Capt. R. E. Kirk, OD-Res., to active duty, July 30, at Chicago, Ill., for training at Chic. district ordnance office. (June 13.)

Capt. L. A. Smith, Spec.-Res., to active duty, June 16, report in person to office of Asst. Sec. of War, room 2549, Munitions Bldg., Wash., D. C., for training in connection with procurement activities. (June 13.)

2nd Lt. G. A. McBride, OD-Res., to active duty, July 6, proceed from Alton, Ill., to Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill., for training. (June 13.)

Order relating to 2nd Lt. J. R. Reed, FA-Res., revoked. (June 13.)

2nd Lt. C. F. Scott, Air-Res., to active duty, July 2, at Selfridge Fld., Mich. (June 14.)

2nd Lt. W. W. Caldwell, Air-Res., to active duty, July 2, at Rockwell Fld., Calif. (June 14.)

The following to active duty, July 7, at Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill., for training:

Capt. P. C. Cunick, Spec.-Res., July 7; 2nd Lt. H. Fink, Ord.-Res., June 23; 2nd Lt. A. C. Hanson, Ord.-Res., July 7; 2nd Lt. R. E. Herrstrum, Ord.-Res., June 23. (June 14.)

1st Lt. R. E. Bultman, Spec.-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., for training. (June 14.)

The following to active duty, July 27, at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for training:

Maj. H. G. Roberts, Ord.-Res.; Capt. J. D. Armour, Spec.-Res.; Capt. R. J. Johnson, Spec.-Res.; Capt. P. L. Mardis, Spec.-Res.; Capt. E. M. Richards, Spec.-Res.; Capt. H. H. Thompson, Spec.-Res.; 1st Lt. C. E. Baston, Ord.-Res.; 1st Lt. R. E. Bevington, Ord.-Res.; 1st Lt. W. M. Dunlap, Spec.-Res.; 1st Lt. Karl J. Fairbanks, Ord.-Res.; 1st Lt. S. R. Kuhns, Spec.-Res.; 1st Lt. A. L. Milton, Spec.-Res.; 2nd Lt. W. C. Aber, Ord.-Res.; 2nd Lt. N. E. Cook, Ord.-Res.; 2nd Lt. R. W. Graham, Ord.-Res.; 2nd Lt. E. F. Heselbarth, Ord.-Res.; 2nd Lt. N. H. Krayner, Ord.-Res.; 2nd Lt. M. L. Lazear, Ord.-Res.; 2nd Lt. T. J. Wisecarver, Jr., Ord.-Res. (June 16.)

1st Lt. E. F. Dirks, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., for training. (June 16.)

1st Lt. G. H. Parker, Spec.-Res., to active duty, July 7, at Buffalo, N. Y., for training. (June 16.)

Capt. C. G. Trimbach, Spec.-Res., to active duty, July 21, at N. Y. C., reporting in person upon arrival to the Air Corps procurement planning representative for training. (June 16.)

Spec.-Res.: Maj. H. M. Brayton, Capt. H. V. Coulston; Capt. A. M. Gallagher, Capt. E. W. Jenkins, Capt. S. L. Kerr.

Ord.-Res.: Capt. E. C. Moriarty; 2nd Lt. G. H. Chambers, 2nd Lt. L. W. Hildreth, 2nd Lt. H. P. Jordan. (June 16.)

The following to active duty, July 27, at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for training:

Spec.-Res.: Maj. F. C. Clark, Maj. C. M. Eason, Maj. A. B. Owen, Maj. C. B. Watkins, 1st Lt. C. H. French, 1st Lt. H. M. Webster.

Ord.-Res.: Maj. S. D. Graff, Maj. H. J.

Williams, Capt. A. C. Oliphant, 2nd Lt. A. G. Baral, 2nd Lt. E. S. Wotkins. (June 16.)

2nd Lt. W. R. Bradford, Air-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for duty with tactical unit of the Air Corps. (June 16.)

Capt. L. L. Driggs, Jr., Spec.-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill., for training. (June 17.)

The following of FA-Res., to active duty, June 20, at Ft. Bragg, N. C., for training in sound ranging:

2nd Lt. A. B. Dickinson, 2nd Lt. G. B. Emery, 2nd Lt. W. C. Gorthy, 2nd Lt. D. C. Ketner, 2nd Lt. C. E. Scott. (June 17.)

The following to active duty, July 27, at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for training:

Ord.-Res.: Lt. Col. A. F. Carlin, Lt. Col. S. G. Green, Lt. Col. J. Guthrie, Lt. Col. G. F. Hull, Maj. C. O. Gunther, Maj. K. L. Holmes, Maj. H. N. Mason, Capt. J. B. Hoon, Capt. F. R. Scherer.

Spec.-Res.: Capt. O. R. Schurig. (June 17.)

The following to active duty, July 27, at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for training:

Ord.-Res.: Maj. J. H. Boerckel, Maj. J. C. Karnes, Maj. E. S. Van Brunt, Capt. H. H. Mitchell, Capt. L. M. Walton, 2nd Lt. C. P. Almon, Jr., 2nd Lt. L. G. Hugins, 2nd Lt. M. P. Ledbetter.

Spec.-Res.: Capt. J. A. Willners, 1st Lt. G. D. Green. (June 17.)

Capt. W. J. Risley, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill., for training. (June 17.)

The following of Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 27, at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for training:

Maj. C. deZafra, Maj. R. W. Gardner, Maj. G. H. Hall, Maj. E. R. Northrop, Maj. K. I. Tredwell, Maj. C. A. Wendell, Capt. F. Short, 1st Lt. E. L. Ducliel, 1st Lt. D. L. Fiske, 1st Lt. C. W. Ivery, 2nd Lt. C. E. Blaydon, 2nd Lt. E. J. McKeon, 2nd Lt. J. W. Robinson, 2nd Lt. Philip A. Salmon, 2nd Lt. Peter R. Suden. (June 17.)

LATE WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS

The following orders were received too late for classification:

S. O. No. 141, W. D., June 18, 1930

Judge Advocate General's Department

Capt. T. Trapnell, from duty at Wright Fld., O., detailed for duty with OR, 5th CA, assigned to nondivisional OR units, report 5th CA for instr.

Quartermaster Corps

1st Lt. A. N. Caldwell, from Holabird qm. depot, Baltimore, Md., detailed for duty with OR, 3rd CA, Oct. 18, report 3rd CA, for instr.

Medical Corps

Maj. J. C. Woodland, excepted from the provisions of sect. 4c of National defense act of June 3, requiring duty with troops of one or more of the combatant arms of the Army, to take effect Oct. 9, 1930.

Signal Corps

Maj. C. N. Sawyer, relieved from duty with OR, 3rd CA, and duty with no divisional units, Harrisburg, Pa., Oct. 1; to SC, 1st Div., proceed to Ft. Hamilton, N. Y., for duty.

Field Artillery

Order relating to Maj. K. P. Lord, revoked; he is relieved from duty as stu. at Command and General Staff Sch., Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., on completing pres. course of instr., proceed to Wash., D. C., report to Ch. F. A., for duty in his office until Aug. 18, at which time he will stand relieved from duty in office of Ch. F. A., report to Director of Army Industrial College, Wash., D. C., for duty as stu. in 1930-31 course.

Air Corps

Capt. A. I. Puryear, from duty at Langley Field, Hampton, Va. July 15, proceed to Ft. Bragg, N. C., report for duty with Second Balloon Company.

Order amended to read: 1st Lt. J. Greer, sail on transport scheduled to leave S. F., Calif., Nov. 19, for Philippine Dept.

Leaves

Three months, July 12, to Capt. H. C. Drayton, AC.

One month, 5 days, to Chap. H. R. Westcott, Jr., USA.

Two months, July 1, to Warrant Offr. Francis Donovan.

Boards

A board consisting of the following to meet at Ft. Riley, Kans., for purpose of exam. applicants for commission in Med. Dept.:

Col. E. L. Ruggner, MC; Maj. C. E. Stima, MC; Maj. E. J. Strickler, MC.

Retirement of Enlisted Men

Master Sgt. M. J. Murphy, placed on ret. list at Madison, Wisc., proceed to home and await retirement.

Organized Reserves

2nd Lt. C. B. Fay, Air-Res., to active duty, July 2, at Rockwell Fld., Coronado, Calif., for duty.

The following of Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, proceed to Army Med. Center, Walter Reed Gen. Hosp., Wash., D. C., for duty.

1st Lt. J. F. Blatt, 1st Lt. J. T. Hair.

1st Lt. R. B. Skinner, Med.-Res., to active duty, July, at Fitzsimons Gen. Hosp., Denver, Colo., for duty.

1st Lt. C. C. Purviance, Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at William Beaumont Gen. Hosp., El Paso, Tex., for duty.

Lt. Col. H. J. Howard, Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Brooks Fld., Tex., for course of instr. at Sch. of Aviation Medicine.

Lt. Col. R. Sanderson, Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Brooks Fld., Tex., for course of instr. at Sch. of Aviation Medicine.

Lt. Col. J. B. Falk, Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Brooks Fld., Tex., for course of instr. at Sch. of Aviation Medicine.

Lt. Col. D. T. Dawson, Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Brooks Field, Tex., for course of instr. at Sch. of Aviation Medicine.

1st Lt. J. Stewart, FA-Res., to active duty, July 7, at Ft. Bragg, N. C., for training.

2nd Lt. L. Harwood, Jr., FA-Res., to active duty, June 20, at Ft. Bragg, N. C., for training.

Capt. L. B. Hitchcock, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., for training.

Maj. W. R. Withers, FA-Res., to active duty, July 15 at Ft. Benning, Ga., for training.

2nd Lt. H. R. Battrell, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 27, at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for training.

2nd Lt. J. W. Schealy, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 14, at Birmingham district ordnance office, for training.

Lt. Col. D. T. Dawson, Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Brooks Field, Tex., for course of instr. at Sch. of Aviation Medicine.

1st Lt. J. Stewart, FA-Res., to active duty, July 7, at Ft. Bragg, N. C., for training.

2nd Lt. L. Harwood, Jr., FA-Res., to active duty, June 20, at Ft. Bragg, N. C., for training.

Capt. L. B. Hitchcock, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., for training.

Maj. W. R. Withers, FA-Res., to active duty, July 15 at Ft. Benning, Ga., for training.

2nd Lt. H. R. Battrell, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 27, at Aberdeen Proving Ground, Md., for training.

2nd Lt. J. W. Schealy, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 14, at Birmingham district ordnance office, for training.

LATE WAR DEPARTMENT ORDERS

The following orders were received too late for classification:

S. O. No. 142, W. D., June 19, 1930

Ordnance Department

Order amended to read: Maj. C. E. Partridge, report to comd. Offr., Watertown Arsenal, Watertown, Mass., for duty.

Lt. Col. R. W. Case, relieved from duty in office of Ch. of Ord., Wash., D. C., proceed to N. Y. C., sail Aug. 20, for Philippine Dept.; on arrival at Manila, report to comd. gen. for duty with OD.

Order relating to Maj. B. W. Simpson, revoked.

Chemical Warfare Service

Maj. B. A. Brackenbury, from duty with OR, 3rd CA, from assignment to 343d Eng. Gen. Service Reg., from duty in office of Ch. of Staff, Wash., D. C., Aug. 1, on expiration of leave of absence, proceed to Del Monte, Calif., for temp duty; on completing temp. duty, proceed to S. F., Calif., sail on transport scheduled to leave Sept. 3, for Hawaiian Dept., on arrival report for duty with Chem. Warfare Service.

Field Artillery

Capt. A. F. Kibler, from duty with 315th FA, 80th Div., Wash., D. C., and from detail with OR, 3rd CA.

The following to 7th FA, station at Ft. Ethan Allen, Vt., on completing pres. tour of foreign service: Capt. M. C. Shea, Capt. F. H. Timmerman.

Infantry

Order amended to read: Capt. H. A. Tonnesen, from detail in QMC, and pres. assignment at Wash., D. C., to 4th Inf.; proceed to Ft. Lincoln, N. D., report for duty with reg. to which assigned.

Capt. R. C. G. Nemo, from duty as instr., Inf. Calif., NG, station at Los Angeles, Calif., Aug. 30, proceed to Ft. Wayne, Mich., report for duty.

Air Corps

2nd Lt. H. C. Parks, from detail with AC, from duty at March Fld., Riverside, Calif., proceed to Presidio of S. F., Calif., report 9th CA for temp. duty; sail on transport scheduled to leave S. F., July 9, for Hawaiian Dept.

Leaves

One month, July 7, to Maj. J. T. H. O'Rear, GSC.

One month, 15 days, July 22, to Maj. J. A. Ladd, Inf.

Five days, Sept. 16, to Capt. E. J. Maloney, Inf.

One month, 14 days, July 17, to 1st Lt. R. F. Hallock, FA.

One month, 3 days, July 29, to 1st Lt. H. J. P. Harding, Inf.

Extension, one month, to 1st Lt. H. M. Haynes, PS (Inf.).

Extension, twenty-one days, to 1st Lt. J. A. Cella, FA.

Four days, June 23, to Lt. Col. P. H. Worcester GSC.

Ten days, June 23, to Maj. G. P. Baldwin, GSC.

Two months, July 1, to Capt. F. I. Eglin, AC.

One month, 18 days, July 7, to Capt. C. L. Chennault, AC.

One month, July 1, to 1st Lt. E. C. Whitehead, AC.

One month, 20 days, to 1st Lt. W. T. Larson, AC.

Two months, ten days, July 1, to 2nd Lt. R. R. Walker, AC.

Seven days, Aug. 15, to Capt. J. Harvey, Inf.

One month, June 21, to 2nd Lt. L. S. Kuter, AC.

Fifteen days, July 1, to 2nd Lt. D. T. Spivey, AC.

Nine days, Aug. 15, to Maj. W. H. Jones, Jr., Inf.

Two months, July 1, to Capt. F. E. Hagen, QMC.

Extension, seven days, to Capt. E. G. Gebhardt, DC.

One month, 19 days, June 20, to 1st Lt. E. M. Gregory, CAC.

Transfers

1st Lt. E. H. Harrison, transferred to Ordnance Dept., June 7, announced.

Orders to Retired Officers

Lt. Col. W. H. Neill, on his own application, retired from active service, Oct. 31.

Retirement of Enlisted Men

Master Sgt. W. B. Jones, now on active duty with Oakland Public High Sch., Oakland, Calif., from active duty, June 30, sent to home.

Staff Sgt. J. McDonald, placed on ret. list at Ft. Moultrie, S. C., sent to home.

Gen. Hagood on Pay

(Continued from Page 991)

## Gen. Hagood on Pay

(Continued from Page 991)

some from the volunteers of 1898 and some from the emergency list of the World War. There was no uniform system of appointments, examinations or marks. Whatever difficulties existed at the time of their appointment were then and there adjusted in a manner which the then existing authorities considered right and just. Later someone tried to improve it but made it worse. Any effort to change it now would simply transfer the irritation to another spot. There is undoubtedly injustice, but it is all a matter of opinion and no one short of Divine Providence could bring out a solution satisfactory to all concerned. All of these injustices were inherent in the original scheme for putting all officers on one list for promotion. The thing was impracticable and visionary from the beginning and I am credited with having kept it off the statute books for years. But it is on them now and I believe it is too late to unscramble the eggs.

"As to pay, in 1908 we did not make a frontal attack. We adopted a system of infiltration and descended to the depths of piece-meal legislation. First we got a small increase for soldiers only. This passed the House under promise that the officers concerned be left out. The Senate then passed a resolution increasing the pay of officers 40 per cent. The two were tied together with a substantial boost for the men, and after much argument and many accusations both houses adopted a conference report in which pay increase was carried as a rider to the Army Appropriation Bill. After this was all over a bill was passed increasing the pay of the Navy and Marines. This was engineered by Paymaster (now Adm.) Cowie.

"The Army is desperately in need of more pay. Not only the cost of living, but the standards of living has so increased that Army officers can not make ends meet and no thinking man would willingly allow his son or daughter to enter the commissioned ranks of the Army if he did not believe relief was in sight. Certainly I would not, and I have a boy at West Point and a daughter in the Navy. So make it simple and make it quick! Perhaps a simple resolution for 50 per cent increase all around (it should be 100 per cent) would meet the requirements. In war times we sacrifice one part of a command in order to insure victory to others. Fifty per cent would be too much for some, and not enough for others. But it is better that existing inequalities should be continued than that the greatest country in the world, and the richest, should be niggardly in its treatment of men who must stand at all times ready to make the supreme sacrifice.

"When the country was poor it gave its highest General one of the biggest salaries in the land. Now it is rich and gives him less pay than a football coach."

## Order to N. C. O.

Master Sgt. D. Borg, rel., ordered to active duty in his grade, July 1, report to professor of military science and tactics, Oakland Public High Schools, Oakland, Calif., for duty as asst.

## Organized Reserves

Capt. J. M. Piner, Sig.-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Presidio of S. F., Calif., for training.

Maj. H. R. White, Spec.-Res., to active duty, July 6 at Rock Island Arsenal, Rock Island, Ill., for training.

1st Lt. L. G. Smith, Eng.-Res., to active duty, June 23, at Columbus gen. reserve depot, Columbus, Ohio, for training.

Capt. C. A. Meyer, Ord.-Res., to active duty, July 6, at Jeffersonville, Ind., for training.

Maj. C. T. Tittmann, JAGD-Res., to active duty, July 15, to Judge Advocate General, Wash., D. C., for training.

The following of Med.-Res. to active duty, July 1, at Letterman Gen. Hosp., S. F., Calif., for duty:

1st Lt. J. R. Daly, 1st Lt. L. N. Swanson.

1st Lt. J. E. Roberts, Med.-Res., to active duty, Sept. 1, at Fitzsimons Gen. Hosp., Denver, Colo., for duty.

1st Lt. O. Benson, Jr., Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Fitzsimons Gen. Hosp., Denver, Colo., for duty.

1st Lt. R. L. Daniel, Med.-Res., to active duty, July 1, at Ft. Sam Houston, Tex., for duty at station hospital.

1st Lt. A. R. Dawson, Med.-Res., to active duty,



## Reports On USMA Athletics

(Continued from Page 993)

the Army. The investigation is believed to have been sufficiently comprehensive to establish adequately the truth or falsity of all or any of the allegations.

b. The scope of the inquiry has comprised:

(1) Examination of War Department records.

(2) Examination of the records and accounts of the Army Athletic Association and pertinent data of the United States Military Academy.

(3) Examination of the report of the Carnegie Foundation—American College Athletics—published in July, 1929.

(4) Examination under oath of the following officials associated with the United States Military Academy and the Army Athletic Association:

Maj. Gen. William R. Smith, United States Army, Superintendent, United States Military Academy.

Maj. Gen. Merch B. Stewart, United States Army, retired, Superintendent, United States Military Academy, 1926-1927; commandant of cadets, 1923-1926.

Maj. Gen. Fred W. Sladen, United States Army, Superintendent, United States Military Academy, 1923-1926.

Lieut. Col. Robert C. Richardson, jr., Cavalry, commandant of cadets and member of the athletic board.

Lieut. Col. C. B. Hodges, Infantry, former commandant of cadets and former member of the athletic board (1926-1927).

Lieut. Col. Chauncey L. Fenton, professor and member of the athletic board, United States Military Academy.

Col. Charles P. Echols, professor United States Military Academy from 1895 to date.

Col. Lucius H. Holt, professor United States Military Academy from 1910 to date.

Col. Clifton C. Carter, professor United States Military Academy from 1917 to date.

Lieut. Col. Sherburne Whipple, Adjutant General's Department, adjutant United States Military Academy.

Col. M. A. W. Shockley, Medical Corps, station surgeon and professor of military hygiene United States Military Academy.

Capt. Walter H. Wells, Infantry, publicity officer and intelligence officer United States Military Academy.

Mr. William J. Middleton, assistant chief clerk and clerk to the academic board United States Military Academy.

Maj. Philip B. Fleming, Corps of Engineers, graduate manager of athletics and member of the athletic board, United States Military Academy.

First Lieut. Royal B. Lord, Corps of Engineers, assistant graduate manager of athletics and officer in charge of construction for the Army Athletic Association, United States Military Academy.

Maj. William A. Copthorne, Chemical Warfare Service, former graduate manager of athletics, United States Military Academy, 1924-1927.

Lt. Col. Otto L. Brunzell, Field Artillery, treasurer United States Military Academy and treasurer Army Athletic Association fund.

Maj. Montgomery T. Legg, Finance Department, finance officer, United States Military Academy and auditor of the Army Athletic Association fund.

Mr. Edward T. Rafferty, clerk, Army Athletic Association.

Master Sergt. Joseph Raedig, United States Army, retired, former clerk, Army Athletic Association.

Maj. Ralph I. Sasse, Cavalry, head coach of football and formerly assistant coach of football, United States Military Academy.

Capt. Lawrence McC. Jones, formerly head coach of football and now assistant in the office of the graduate manager of athletics, United States Military Academy.

First Lieut. Blackshear M. Bryan, jr., Field Artillery, assistant coach of football and coach of the plebe football team, United States Military Academy.

First Lieut. Clovis E. Byers, Cavalry, business manager of the football team, one of the coaches of the plebe football team, and officer in charge of fencing team, United States Military Academy.

Maj. Robert R. Neyland, Corps of Engineers, former assistant coach of football, former officer in charge of baseball, and former member of the athletic board, United States Military Academy.

Mr. Harry O. Ellinger, assistant

coach of football, United States Military Academy.

Mr. Raymond V. Roberts, athletic trainer, and formerly assistant trainer, United States Military Academy.

Mr. Frank A. Wandle, athletic trainer, United States Military Academy, from September, 1923, to April, 1930.

Mr. Leo V. Novak, head coach of basketball, track, and cross-country, United States Military Academy.

Mr. Harold E. McCormick, head coach of baseball, United States Military Academy.

Maj. Wentworth H. Moss, Infantry, who was present at a "West Point Dinner" in Boston, 1928 or 1929, at which Mr. Frank A. Wandle (then athletic trainer, United States Military Academy) made a speech with reference to athletics at the United States Military Academy.

Mr. R. F. Whitelegg (same remarks as in the case of Major Moss, above).

(5) Examination under oath of cadets now at the Military Academy who have participated in any way in football on the academy squads. This group comprised 154 cadets, involving all classes of the academy.

(6) Examination of a pertinent statement made in Congress and published in the Congressional Record of May 16, 1930 (copy attached).

c. As a similar investigation was made by the Inspector General's Department in October and November, 1921, mentioned hereinafter, the period of this inquiry has been limited to the years from 1921 to date.

d. For purposes of clarity in studying the allegations in question, the following terminology adapted from the Carnegie Foundation report has been utilized in a general way:

Scouting in football: An organized attempt to ascertain in advance the principles, methods, and details of play to be employed by opponents.

Soliciting athletes: Special efforts, not involving financial disbursements, organized or by individuals, to increase an institution's prestige in athletics, by procuring athletes whose general qualifications and opportunities correspond to the normal product of the institution, and whose athletic prominence is incidental. In these cases no subsidy is involved.

Recruiting athletes: Special efforts, with or without financial disbursements, organized or by individuals, to increase an institution's prestige in athletics by procuring athletes, whose general qualifications and opportunities are deemed secondary to athletic ability, requiring special assistance offered by the institution. In these cases no subsidy is involved.

Subsidizing athletes: Securing athletes by offering or promising an inducement, assistance, favor, gift, award, scholarship, or concession, direct or indirect, which advantages an athlete because of his athletic ability or reputation, and which sets him apart from his fellows in the undergraduate body.

### IV. Facts and Related Circumstances Deduced in This Investigation

As a result of this investigation, evidence was discovered concerning the following facts and circumstances relating to the allegations set forth in paragraph II above:

a. War Department records for the period under consideration do not disclose any incident or circumstance of a nature associated with the allegations in question, except as follows:

(1) Certain irregularities reported in the investigation of October and November, 1921, which irregularities were remedied.

(2) A public letter issued by the Army Athletic Association dated January 31, 1924, to the members of the Army Athletic Association, in which reference was made to recent articles appearing in the daily press which carried "unwarranted insinuations that the Military Academy authorities have been guilty of systematic efforts to induce, by illegitimate and unethical means, athletes, particularly football players of other colleges, to desert these colleges and come to West Point for athletic purposes." The executive officer, Army Athletic Association, and the graduate manager of athletics stated, in behalf of the association, that, while "no denial is made that athletic types are desired for the Army, as the late war demonstrated the superiority of such types," nevertheless, "the authorities of the academy wish to make the most sweeping denial that there is the slightest basis for the report that they have or would countenance any unsportsmanlike methods to obtain such types." After alleging that the

press articles emanated from Annapolis, the letter stated that there was no intention, on the part of the Army Athletic Association, "to brand these charges as false or to stop the lies they contain," but simply to assure the friends of the Military Academy and of the Army that the authorities were zealously guarding the Military Academy's fair name. The letter also stated that:

"It may be of interest to note here that the authorities of the Military Academy have no control whatever over the appointments made to the academy; these appointments are vested in and controlled by the President, Senators, and Congressmen. Any charges, such as contained in these attacks, must of necessity, therefore, at least by inference, include some of these gentlemen."

After reviewing this letter the Secretary of War, on March 1, 1924, expressed his disapproval of discussing the subject matter contained in this letter in the manner followed therein. Moreover, he directed at this time, before any similar action was taken in the future by the authorities at the Military Academy, that the War Department's approval must be received.

b. (1) Over 4,000 vouchers pertaining to the financial accounts of the treasurer, Army Athletic Association, on which disbursements had been made, were examined, as follows:

All vouchers for the period April 1, 1929, to May 26, 1930.

All vouchers for the months of May and November, 1928.

All vouchers for the months of May and November, 1927.

All vouchers for the months of May and November, 1926.

All vouchers for the months of June and December, 1925.

All vouchers for the months of June and December, 1924.

All vouchers for the months of April and October, 1923.

All vouchers for the months of May and November, 1922.

(2) These vouchers were carefully examined for evidence of any irregular

or improper payments, and particularly for evidence of grafting or stealing of funds, payments to scouts or players, and subsidizing of athletes. Approximately 170 of the vouchers examined were selected for investigation to determine the propriety or irregularity of the payments covered thereby. These latter vouchers included all examined which did not in themselves appear to be sufficiently detailed, all which covered payments the propriety of which might in any way be questioned, and vouchers which could be considered as representative of various classes of payments, such as: For expenses, including railroad fares, of football squads playing games away from West Point; expenditures for theatrical entertainment; guarantees to visiting athletic teams; expense accounts of individuals and groups making trips in connection with athletics; hotel bills; purchases of and repairs to property; and taxicab service. There were also included a number of vouchers which indicated that the athletic association was entitled to refunds as, for example, from railroads where group transportation had been furnished on contracts based on estimates. In all such cases verification was made that refunds were secured.

(3) This representative examination of vouchers disclosed no evidence whatsoever of any payments of extra compensation to players engaging in football or any other sports at the Military Academy. There was no indication of any stealing or grafting or of payments to persons traveling as scouts for the purpose of picking players or establishing liaison with Congressmen. Payments relating to scouts were confined to the legitimate expenses of persons designated to scout athletic games and their expenses were paid on vouchers submitted for the particular game witnessed. All payments were found to be supported by vouchers and were entered in the cashbook.

(4) In connection with this examination there were found a few minor (Please turn to Page 1002)

## DANDRUFF?

### Men in Uniform--

**M**EN in uniform must be particularly careful about dandruff.

A "white coat collar" does not go so well at inspection.

To overcome dandruff, there is nothing better than Listerine, the safe antiseptic. Try this treatment if you are troubled this way. It really does the trick.

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### Weddings

**T**HE wedding of Miss MacKye Garwood Reed to Capt. Douglas Meriwether Griggs, CAC, USA, took place Wednesday evening, June 11, at "Brighton Hall," home of the bride's mother, before an improvised altar of palms, white roses, madonna lilies and cathedral candles, and was witnessed only by members of the two families.

A wedding of interest took place on Saturday, June 14, in the Cadet Chapel at West Point, N. Y., when Miss Frances Holloway Montgomery of New York City became the bride of Lt. Paul Arthur Roy, USA, of Lewiston, Me. Miss Montgomery had as her maid of honor her sister, Miss Alice Hardin Montgomery. Mrs. Robert Barry Montgomery, sister-in-law of the bride, sang "I Love You Truly," and "At Dawning," accompanied on the organ by Mr. Frederick Mayer. Lt. Roy had as his best man Lt. Ned Dalton, USA, and the ushers included Lts. Norman R. Burnett, USA, Thomas F. Wall, USA, John Fillmore Dice, USA, and David H. Baker, USA.

Miss Maude Snow became the bride of Lt. Daniel N. Cone, USN, at a ceremony performed Saturday, May 31, at the Del Monte Chapel by Rev. Austin B. Chinn.

The bride, who was given in marriage by her father, wore an attractive afternoon gown of dotted net and organza with a transparent hat. She carried white marguerites.

Miss Snow's sister, Mrs. T. J. H. Trapnell, was matron of honor. The bridegroom was attended by Lt. Dillingworth, USN.

Relatives and a few intimate friends  
(Please turn to Page 1006)

## SERVICE SOCIAL NEWS

ANNOUNCEMENTS of Personals, Entertainments, Engagements, Weddings and births requested. Address Society Editor, Army and Navy Journal, 1800 E Street Northwest, Washington, D. C.

### Engagements

**C**ARDS have been issued announcing the engagement of Miss Myrtle A. Hurt, of Santa Ana, Calif., and Lt. Frederick D. Harbaugh, USMC, who recently returned from Nicaragua and is now on duty at the marine base in San Diego, Calif.

Capt. William Lord Littlefield, USN, and Mrs. Littlefield announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Beatrice Ashmand Littlefield, to Mr. Bowman McCalla MacArthur, son of Mrs. Arthur MacArthur and the late Capt. Arthur MacArthur, USN, and nephew of Maj. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, USA.

Miss Littlefield made her debut in Washington in the season of 1928-29.

Capt. Littlefield and the late Capt. MacArthur were classmates at the Naval Academy.

Miss Patricia O'Connor, daughter of Mrs. Florence O'Connor of San Diego, Calif., has announced her engagement to Ens. Ulysses S. G. Sharp, jr., USN, son of Mr. and Mrs. U. S. G. Sharp of Ft. Benton, Mont., a graduate of the Naval Academy in the class of 1927 and now attached to the USS Buchanan.

Miss Louise E. McKenney, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Henry J. McKenney,  
(Please turn to Page 1006)

### Personals

**T**HE Chief of Staff of the Army and Mrs. Summerall entertained at dinner June 16, in honor of the Assistant Secretary of War and Mrs. Payne, at the Army, Navy and Marine Corps Country Club. The following were present:

The Austrian Minister and Mrs. Prochnick, the Norwegian Minister, Mr. Bachke, Senator and Mrs. McNary, Mrs. Florence P. Kahn, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Preston Brown, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. John L. DeWitt, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Harry A. Bishop, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. John W. Gulick, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. Samuel Hof, Brig. Gen. George Van Horn Moseley, Mrs. Robert Love Taylor, Mrs. Sydney Coleman, Princess Cantacuzene, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Pancoast of San Antonio, Tex., Mrs. and Mrs. Everett Sanders, Col. Marco Pennaroli, the Italian Military Attache, Col. David L. Stone, Col. Irving J. Carr, Col. Stanley Ford, Col. and Mrs. Dennis P. Quinlan, Miss Anne Randolph, Miss Mary Randolph, Mrs. John Allan Dougherty, Mrs. John D. Miley, Col. Harry N. Cootes, Col. and Mrs. Wm. L. Keller and Maj. George S. Patton.

Maj. and Mrs. J. K. Colwell, Ft. Meade, S. D., were host and hostess at a dinner and card party recently. The guests were Mr. and Mrs. Harry Atwater, of Sturgis, Lieut. and Mrs. O. M. Massey and Lt. and Mrs. G. J. Rawlins.

Rear Adm. Walter S. Crosley, USN, and Mrs. Crosley, accompanied by Lt. Francis H. Gilmer, USN, attended the dedication exercises of the new airport at Elgin, Ill., June 10.

The Exchange Club entertained Rear Adm. and Mrs. Crosley and Lt. Gilmer at luncheon in the Union League Club. Later, Rear Adm. Crosley and Mayor Earle R. Kelley of Elgin made the two principal addresses at the field, where the dedication exercises were held.

Many Army planes and a squadron of four planes from the Great Lakes Training Station participated in the dedication exercises.

In the evening, Rear Adm. and Mrs. Crosley and Lt. Gilmer were the dinner guests of Mr. and Mrs. Russell M. Dodson in their home at Wheaton, Ill. Among the other guests were Mrs. Grote, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Salisbury, Mr. and Mrs. D. D. Richards, and Dr. and Mrs. Frank J. Novak.

Rear Adm. Walter S. Crosley, USN, Mrs. Crosley, Mrs. Horace G. McFarland, Mrs. Anton B. Anderson, and Lt. Francis H. Gilmer, USN, his aide, attended the graduation exercises of the Northwestern Military Academy at Lake Geneva, Wisc., June 9.

Col. and Mrs. R. P. Davidson entertained Rear Adm. Crosley and his party at luncheon.

Col. Davidson received Rear Adm. Crosley, who after taking a salute of 13 guns reviewed the regiment of cadets.

Brig. Gen. Casper A. Conrad, USA, arrived after the luncheon and was given a salute of 11 guns and together with Rear Adm. Crosley reviewed the parade and graduation exercises.

Mrs. Thomas L. Gatch, with her children, are visiting Rear Adm. and Mrs. Walter S. Crosley at the U. S. Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, prior to joining her husband, Lt. Comdr. Thomas L. Gatch, USN, who has been ordered to the Naval Academy.

Mrs. C. A. Willoughby, of Ft. Leavenworth, entertained several ladies of the fort and Leavenworth with a bridge luncheon in her apartment. The table was beautifully decorated with red roses. The prize winners were, first, Mrs. Barton, a filet table cloth; second prize, Mrs. Baldwin, a hand painted bridge cover, and the consolation prize, Mrs. Dager, a white linen embroidery hand bag.

Lt. Col. and Mrs. W. E. Gunster were hosts at a delightful dinner given at their home, 2108 Jones Avenue, Nashville, Tenn., in honor of Maj. Gen. Frank R. McCoy, commanding the Fourth Corps Area, on the occasion of his recent visit to Nashville.

The guests, all Regular Army offi-

cers on duty in Nashville, and their wives, were:

Maj. Gen. Frank R. McCoy, and his aide, Capt. Daugherty; Maj. and Mrs. Frank Besson, Maj. and Mrs. Cole, Capt. and Mrs. DeLangton, Lt. and Mrs. John H. Gardner, Miss Mary Helen Gunster, Miss Jamison, Col. Wm. Newman, Lt. Col. and Mrs. Somerville, and Capt. and Mrs. Winton.

The Racquet Club at 1135 16th Street N. W., Washington, D. C., on Friday evening, June 13, was the scene of a gathering of nearly fifty Air Corps stationed in and about Washington who assembled at a stag dinner to do honor to Brig. Gen. William E. Gillmore, assistant chief of the Air Corps, who retires from active duty on June 30, by virtue of the completion of over thirty years' service.

Rear Adm. Walter S. Crosley, USN, and Lt. Francis H. Gilmer, USN, his aide, were the luncheon guests of the U. S. Naval Reserve on temporary training duty at the U. S. Naval Training Station, Great Lakes, Ill. Adm. Crosley made a brief address on the subject of the importance of the Naval Reserve.

Lt. and Mrs. C. P. Summerall, jr., entertained at dinner June 15, at the Army, Navy and Marine Corps Country Club, on the occasion of Lt. Summerall's birthday. The guests included Capt. and Mrs. Morris K. Barroll, jr., Capt. George J. Forster, Lt. and Mrs. Charles E. Hart, Lt. and Mrs. Charles H. Noble, Lt. Raymond B. Bosserman and Lt. Wilbur K. Noel.

A christening of interest in Army circles took place recently in the Cadet Chapel at West Point, Chaplain Arthur B. Kinsolving officiating at the baptism of Marion Maxine Barnes, daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Harry Cooper Barnes, jr. The baby wore the same robe in which her grandfather, Maj. Harry C. Barnes was christened. Mrs. James Burton Reynolds, of Washington, D. C., and Mrs. William Chamberlain of Washington, D. C., were the godmothers and Capt. Everard F. Olson of Ft. Hancock, N. Y., was the godfather. After the christening Capt. and Mrs. Barnes entertained at tea, when their guests were Mrs. Harry C. Barnes, Sr., of Washington, D. C., Mrs. J. M. Griest of New Haven, Conn., who is the baby's great aunt, Maj. Gen. and Mrs. William R. Smith, Col. and Mrs. Clifton C. Carter, Maj. Tate B. Collins, Capt. and Mrs. Paul R. Goode, Lt. and Mrs. Patrick H. Tansey, Lt. John Foville, Lt. and Mrs. Phillip E. Gallagher, Lt. and Mrs. Edgar H. Snodgrass.

Miss Jane Semple Stewart, daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. Gilbert Henry Stewart, stationed at the Hawaiian Ordnance Depot, and Miss Elizabeth Wainwright Bull, daughter of Col. and Mrs. Henry L. Bull of Ft. Oglethorpe, Ga., received their A. B. degrees from Smith College at the commencement exercises on June 16.

Miss Stewart was one of two taking high honors in the Department of English. She was a member of the college swimming team for four years, as well as a life guard the last two years. She was elected her senior year to Phi Beta Kappa Society, a high academic honor. She also held the position of literary editor of Weekly, a college publication. After graduation she will assist in the English department of the University of Hawaii.

Miss Elizabeth Wainwright Bull majored in landscape architecture and has been very prominent in athletics and other college activities. She was a life guard and a member of the swimming team. She belonged to the Studio Club, whose membership is based on ability in art. She also did literary work for the Smith College Weekly and her class year book. She prepared for college at the American High School of Paris and at the Barstow School in Kansas City, Mo.

Maj. Gen. Willard Ames Holbrook, USA, ret., and Col. Daniel B. Devore, USA, ret., attended the reunion of the class of 1885 at West Point on June 11. Lt. and Mrs. Willard Ames Holbrook,  
(Please turn to Page 1006)

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**E**MILE, INC., located at 1221 Conn. Ave., Washington's largest Beauty Salon, where the old can look young and the young beautiful and the beautiful more beautiful. The pioneers of permanent waving in Washington. With their improved method grey hair does not turn yellow and no discomfort is caused to the most sensitive scalp. 55 expert operators specializing in all branches of approved beauty culture. For an appointment call Dec. 0920. For your convenience, five trunk lines.

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On Monday, at THE HECHT CO., 7th and F Streets, N. W., a tremendous sale of 600 yards of cretones in delightful patterns and colors to be used for draperies, slip covers, beach robes, pillows, scarfs and many other ways. In your bedroom, living room, brighten up your home for the summer. These Cretones are washable. Specially priced in two groups, 23 cents and 32 cents a yard.

First group, 23 cents a yard, 36 inches wide, dainty patterns on tan, black, green backgrounds, are of chintz cretone. Modern effects and many designs in linen finish crash cretones, heavy in weight.

Second group, also 36 inches wide, 32 cents a yard, part linen wide, 32 cents a yard part linen cretone in striped and plaid effects. Ideal for slip covers. Sateen cretones in dainty chintz, for coverings, slip covers and window hanging.

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## ARMY

WEST POINT, N. Y.  
June 19, 1930

MRS. EDGAR H. SNODGRASS honored Mrs. Paul C. Kelly of Ft. Screven, Ga., and Mrs. Ernest M. Brannon of Newburg with a luncheon Monday. Other guests were Mrs. Myra F. Forbes of Oakland, Calif.; Mrs. Philip E. Gallagher, Mrs. Donald Fay and Mrs. William E. Crist.

Distinguished guests at the post on Monday were Julio Prestes, president-elect of Brazil, accompanied by his party. After an inspection of the post, a review of the Corps of Cadets was held.

Capt. and Mrs. Edward W. Timberlake entertained as their guests at dinner on Wednesday evening, Maj. and Mrs. Lyons, and Mrs. Phillip E. Gallagher and Lt. George B. Conrad.

Lt. and Mrs. Robert W. Raynsford entertained at dinner at the Officers' Club Monday, honoring Mrs. J. J. Mason of Washington, D. C. Invited also were Lt. Col. and Mrs. William E. Morrison, Maj. and Mrs. Thomas A. Terry, Maj. John F. Conklin, Maj. and Mrs. Herman Beukema, Mrs. Hubert R. Harmon, Mrs. Walter L. Finley and Maj. Thomas D. Finley.

Lt. and Mrs. William E. Crist honored their guests, Lt. and Mrs. Paul C. Kelly of Ft. Screven, Ga., with a tea on Tuesday. Presiding at the tea table were Mrs. Phillip E. Gallagher and Mrs. Clovis E. Byers.

Chap. and Mrs. Arthur B. Kinsolving have as their guests, Mrs. Kinsolving's father, Mr. Wharton E. Lester of Washington, D. C., and her sister, Mrs. Roland J. Hett of Toronto, Canada.

Miss Caroline Miller departed Monday for her home in Washington, after passing several days as the guest of Maj. and Mrs. Philip B. Fleming.

Mrs. Hubert R. Harmon and Mrs. Edward W. Timberlake departed from the post this week to visit Maj. Harmon and Capt. Timberlake, who are on duty with the first class at Ft. Monroe, Va.

Mrs. Paul R. Goode and daughter Betsy are spending the summer on Otter-Kill-Creek Farm, near Washingtonville, N. Y.

FT. FRANCIS E. WARREN, WYO.  
June 17, 1930

CAPT. AND MRS. H. K. MOORE entertained with a dinner at their quarters recently, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. guests were Capt. and Mrs. L. O. W. L. O. W. Moore. Bridge was arranged after dinner, with Mrs. Hearn and Mrs. L. O. W. Moore receiving prizes. The guests were: Capt. and Mrs. L. O. W. Moore, Col. J. M. Coffin, Maj. and Mrs. F. H. Petters, Maj. and Mrs. L. E. J. Browne, Maj. and Mrs. T. P. Bull, Maj. and Mrs. F. R. Wunderlich, Maj. and Mrs. H. E. Hearn, and Capt. and Mrs. H. L. Watson.

Col. Tilman Campbell, the Finance Officer, 8th Corps Area, has arrived on his annual inspection of Finance Offices in the Eighth Corps Area.

Maj. and Mrs. L. E. J. Browne entertained with a dinner at the Plains Hotel recently, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. L. O. W. Moore, who are leaving for the Presidio of San Francisco.

Lt. and Mrs. W. A. Buck entertained at dinner in their quarters recently, a group of young ladies of the Post and Cheyenne. The occasion was the fifteenth birthday of their daughter, Miss Julia M. Buck. After dinner, the guests attended the Post Theater, where seats had been reserved for them.

Mrs. J. P. Green entertained at a bridge tea at her quarters Monday afternoon, in honor of Mrs. P. O. Franson. The honor guests were Mrs. P. O. Franson, Mrs. F. R. Wunderlich, Mrs. A. J. Zerbee, Mrs. J. H. Neff, Mrs. C. R. Farmer, Mrs. H. A. Hearn, Mrs. T. W. Essig, Mrs. L. W. Haney, Mrs. G. C. Donaldson, and Mrs. M. Montesinos. Prizes were won by Mrs. Hearn, Mrs. Essig, and Mrs. H. A. Murphy.

Maj. James A. Willis, Corps Area Judge Advocate, Eighth Corps Area, arrived at Ft. Francis E. Warren Monday morning on his annual inspection of courts-martial procedure.

Mrs. F. B. Hodson entertained at an afternoon bridge party recently, at her quarters on Roosevelt Avenue. Refreshments were served after bridge.

Brig. Gen. Howland entertained at dinner recently, in honor of Col. Tilman Campbell and Maj. James A. Willis, who have been his guests during their stay at the fort.

FT. BENNING, GA.  
June 16, 1930

THE outstanding party of the past week was the reception and dance sponsored by the Officers' Club, to honor Maj. Gen. Stephen Fuqua.

The reception was held on Brig. Gen. and Mrs. Campbell King's lawn.

Receiving were Gen. Fuqua, Gen. and

## POSTS and STATIONS

Mrs. King, and Miss Barbara King. The 29th Infantry Orchestra furnished the music for dancing.

Gen. King also honored Gen. Fuqua at a stag luncheon on Tuesday at the Polo Club. Covers were laid for Gen. Fuqua, Gen. King, Maj. Homer Dimon, Mr. Rhodes Browne, Mr. R. E. Dismukes, Mr. J. Rolston Cargill, Mr. Walter Richards, Mr. H. B. Crawford, Mr. T. C. Crawford, Mr. Leighton McPherson, Col. Harry Knight, Col. Malcolm Graham, Col. Clarence Manly, Col. Daniel Berry, Col. Charles Willard, Col. Walter Reed, Col. George Marshall, Col. Harry Wells, Col. Thorne Strayer, Maj. Charles Coates, Maj. Frank Ross, Maj. Sereno Brett, and Capt. Louis Maddox.

Col. and Mrs. Malcolm Graham entertained at luncheon Wednesday, to honor Gen. Fuqua. Covers were laid for ten and seated at the table were: Gen. Fuqua, Gen. and Mrs. King, Col. and Mrs. Harry Knight, Col. George Marshall and his sister, Mrs. Singer, Col. Charles Hunt, and Col. and Mrs. Graham.

Mrs. Frank Partridge, of Ft. Sam Houston, has been the honor guest at many parties given during her visit to Maj. and Mrs. Emil Leard.

Mrs. Charles Bolte was hostess at a series of luncheons given last week at her quarters.

Capt. and Mrs. Edward Earle entertained at a Michigan party given at their quarters, Thursday evening. Lt. Wayne Smith was awarded the prize for having high score.

Maj. and Mrs. Samuel Whitn entertained at a dinner party given Sunday evening at the Officers' Club Grill. The honor guest was Capt. Joseph Donovin, who is stationed at the University of Florida, and is now at Benning for the ROTC Camp.

Mrs. Emil Leard was hostess at a luncheon given at her quarters Tuesday of last week. Her guests were: Mrs. Campbell King, Mrs. J. R. Singer, Mrs. Harry Wells, Mrs. Thorne Strayer, Mrs. Walter Reed, Mrs. Stephen MacGregor, and Mrs. Raymond Pearson.

Capt. and Mrs. Albert Halsley entertained at a picnic Monday evening, at the 24th Infantry Recreation Camp, having as honor guests Miss Becky Hill, Miss Sue Brandt, and Lt. Hayden Grubbs.

CHANUTE FIELD, ILL.  
June 17, 1930

Lt. AND MRS. LAUGHINGHOUSE entertained with a delightful dinner prior to the monthly dance held at the Officers' Club. Their guests were: Capt. and Mrs. Bender, Lt. and Mrs. Roberson, Lt. and Mrs. Spry, Lt. and Mrs. Sparhawk, Lt. and Mrs. Burgess, Miss Elizabeth Burns, Miss Merle Murphy, Miss McCleave, Mr. and Mrs. M. Lipscombe, Capt. Scaneberger, Lt. Carter, Lt. Rivers, Lt. Hitchings, and Lt. Hildreth.

Lt. and Mrs. Roberson entertained with a dinner prior to the last Tuesday evening bridge club. The following guests were present: Lt. and Mrs. Wood, Lt. and Mrs. Heald, Lt. and Mrs. Smith, Lt. and Mrs. Hamilton, Lt. and Mrs. Pitts, and Lt. Rivers.

Lt. and Mrs. Gunn entertained with a dinner at the Officers' Club preceding the evening bridge club. The guests were: Maj. and Mrs. Heffernan, Maj. and Mrs. Mason, Capt. and Mrs. Nickles, Lt. and Mrs. Weikert, Lt. and Mrs. Moon, Lt. and Mrs. Spry, Lt. and Mrs. Souza, and Miss Ruth Singleton.

Mrs. J. J. St. Croix of Detroit is the house guest of Lt. and Mrs. W. B. Souza. Lt. and Mrs. Goddard have returned from a three weeks' trip.

Lt. and Mrs. Roberson and Lt. and Mrs. Wood spent the week-end in Chicago with Maj. and Mrs. P. S. Wagner and attended the races at Washington Park.

Lt. and Mrs. Heald, who are leaving soon for their new station in Washington, were dinner guests of Lt. and Mrs. Laughinghouse.

Mrs. E. H. Nickles entertained with a bridge luncheon Tuesday, in honor of Mrs. R. S. Heald. Pink roses decorated the tables. The following guests were present: Mrs. L. G. Heffernan, Mrs. L. W. Ballantyne, Mrs. K. P. Mason, Mrs. T. S. Voss, Mrs. W. G. Smith, Mrs. G. O. Robinson, Mrs. A. G. Hamilton, Mrs. W. B. Souza, Mrs. E. S. Moon, Mrs. J. M. Weikert, Mrs. R. R. Laughinghouse, Mrs. J. W. Spry, Mrs. Russell Scott, Mrs. Claire Stren, Mrs. G. W. Goddard, Mrs. C. T. Green, Mrs. W. M. Kent, Mrs. W. M. Lanigan, Mrs. John O'Connell, Mrs. E. H. Wood, Mrs. J. J. St. Croix, Miss Margaret Mason. Prizes were won by

Mrs. Mason, Mrs. Ballantyne, Mrs. Wood, and Mrs. Goddard.

Lt. and Mrs. G. O. Robeson were hosts to a delightful dinner at the Champaign Country Club prior to the dance. Their guests were Maj. and Mrs. L. H. Heffernan, Lt. and Mrs. E. S. Moon, Lt. and Mrs. C. T. Gunn, Lt. and Mrs. C. H. Wood, Lt. and Mrs. W. G. Smith, Lt. and Mrs. R. S. Heald, and Capt. Bender.

Mrs. J. M. Weikert entertained with a bridge luncheon Wednesday. The tables were decorated with snapdragons. The guests were: Mrs. L. W. Ballantyne, Mrs. K. P. Mason, Mrs. E. H. Nickles, Mrs. E. S. Moon, Mrs. A. G. Hamilton, Mrs. W. M. Lanigan, Mrs. N. R. Laughinghouse, Mrs. W. B. Souza, Mrs. C. T. Gunn, Mrs. W. B. Smith, Mrs. G. W. Goddard, Mrs. J. J. St. Croix, Mrs. G. O. Robeson, Mrs. Kenneth Frost, and Mrs. M. Mason. Prizes were won by Mrs. Robeson and Mrs. Smith.

Mrs. K. P. Mason gave a delightful luncheon on Friday. The following guests were present: Mrs. L. G. Heffernan, Mrs. L. W. Ballantyne, Mrs. E. H. Nickles, Mrs. T. S. Voss, Mrs. G. W. Goddard, Mrs. A. G. Hamilton, Mrs. R. S. Heald, Mrs. N. R. Laughinghouse, Mrs. W. M. Lanigan, Mrs. E. S. Moon, Mrs. A. B. Pitts, Mrs. G. O. Robeson, Mrs. Russell Scott, Mrs. W. G. Smith, Mrs. W. B. Souza, Mrs. E. H. Wood, Mrs. C. T. Gunn, Mrs. J. M. Weikert, Mrs. J. J. St. Croix.

Capt. and Mrs. T. S. Voss entertained Saturday with a Spanish supper, in honor of Lt. and Mrs. R. S. Heald. The following guests were present: Mrs. L. G. Heffernan, Lt. and Mrs. C. T. Gunn, Lt. and Mrs. A. G. Hamilton, Lt. and Mrs. N. R. Laughinghouse, Lt. and Mrs. E. S. Moon, Lt. and Mrs. W. B. Souza, Lt. and Mrs. Sparhawk, Lt. and Mrs. J. W. Spry, Mrs. J. J. St. Croix, Miss Helen McCleave, Miss Rosana McCleave, Lt. J. P. Stoll, Lt. Fred Murchison, Lt. Harry Plateau, Lt. Jack Hitchings, Lt. Kaye. Miss Q. Harris of Chicago has been a week-end guest of Lt. and Mrs. W. G. Smith.

FT. RILEY, KANS.  
June 18, 1930

ONE of the largest and most enjoyable social affairs given during "June Week" at the Cavalry School, was a dinner given by Col. Bruce Palmer, the assistant commandant of the school, in honor of Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry, chief of Cavalry.

Col. and Mrs. Alexander B. Cox also entertained at a dinner in honor of Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry.

The 13th Cavalry Bridge Club was entertained last Friday afternoon by Mrs. Winfield C. Scott.

Mrs. Robert O. Wright was hostess at a luncheon on Saturday in compliment to Mrs. Thomas F. Van Natta, who is leaving soon.

Capt. and Mrs. William H. Dean were hosts at dinner on Thursday, honoring Mr. Stanley W. Dwinell of Minneapolis, who was the house-guest of Capt. and Mrs. Fred W. Keester during graduation week.

Chap. and Mrs. Frank L. Miller were the dinner guests of Maj. and Mrs. James G. Monihan on Saturday evening.

Others entertaining Saturday evening were Lt. and Mrs. William L. Barriger, Maj. and Mrs. Levy S. Johnson, Capt. and Mrs. Fred W. Keester, Capt. Albert Hlavac, Capt. and Mrs. Lucian K. Truscott, Maj. and Mrs. James Barnett, and Lt. and Mrs. Loyd N. Barnett.

SCHOFIELD BARRACKS, T. H.  
June 1, 1930

THE May Aloha reception and dance at the Infantry Club was attended by all officers and families of this regiment. Col. Hunt gave a brief address to the new and departing members of his command and then presented each of the honorees with a floral lei. In the receiving line with the commanding officer, were those departing: Capt. and Mrs. Thomas B. Holmes, who leave next week for their new station at Westminster, Md.; Capt. and Mrs. Howard N. Merrill, who sail for Ft. Benning, Ga., on the June transport; Mrs. Floyd R. Waltz, who will sail on the transport Tuesday, and Lt. Leonard Murphy, who will also leave Tuesday for Ft. George Meade, Md. Among the new arrivals in the receiving line were Capt. and Mrs. Roland Wilkins and Capt. and Mrs. John R. Fountain, who arrived on the Somme Wednesday, and Mrs. Carlisle B. Wilson, who was recently married to Capt. Wilson of the 27th. Music for dancing was furnished during the evening by the 27th Infantry Orchestra.

Capt. and Mrs. Thomas R. Holmes, who are leaving next week for new station on the mainland, and Capt. and Mrs. Carlisle B. Wilson, who were recently married, were the honor guests at a dinner given by Capt. and Mrs. Francis P. Simpson in their quarters Thursday evening. A centerpiece of garden flowers adorned the table, where places were laid for Maj. and Mrs. Thomas J. Cassidy, Capt. and Mrs. Jasper M. Groves, Lt. and Mrs. William W. Brier, Jr., Lt. and Mrs. Henry DuPre, Lt. Leonard Murphy, the hosts and the honorees. After dinner the party attended the 27th Infantry aloha reception and dance at the Infantry Club.

Capt. and Mrs. Norris A. Wimberley were hosts at a dinner in their quarters preceding the regular monthly meeting (Please turn to Next Page)

## NAVY

ANNAPOLIS, MD.  
June 19, 1930

REAR ADM. AND MRS. JOHN HALLIGAN have left to spend the summer in Newport, Rhode Island. They will be joined later in the summer by their daughter, Mrs. Charles Adair, who is with Ens. Adair in Charleston, S. C.

The Superintendent and Mrs. Samuel S. Robison have returned from a trip to Princeton, N. J., to witness the regatta between the Navy, California and Princeton Crews.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles Philip Snyder have had as their guests, Capt. Wilson Berry and children, of Short Hills, N. J.

Capt. and Mrs. Byron McCandless and their daughter, Miss Velma McCandless, who have been residing in Annapolis since before June Week, returned this week to Washington. Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. John H. Holt, Jr., have leased the McCandless home in Market Street for a year.

Capt. and Mrs. Roscoe McFall have left Annapolis and have gone to Newport, where Capt. McFall has joined his ship, the USS Dobbin.

Mrs. James Chambers Pryor was hostess this week at a tea given in compliment to Mrs. Henry H. Lane, wife of Comdr. Lane, and Mrs. Smith, wife of Dr. Smith.

Mrs. Alexander H. Van Keuren, who with Capt. Van Keuren is now residing in Washington, will be entertained in Annapolis Saturday, at a luncheon given by Mrs. Barton L. Keen and her daughter, Miss Sara Longacre Keen, at their home on Prince George Street.

Comdr. and Mrs. Theodore H. Winters and Lt. and Mrs. Melvin H. Bassett and daughters are guests of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Bassett at their home on Spa Creek. Comdr. and Mrs. Winters have just come from Bremerton, Wash., and will go to Newport at the conclusion of their visit here.

Maj. Philip H. Torrey, USMC, has arrived on leave from Haiti, and is with his family at 199 Hanover Street. His son, Philip Torrey, Jr., is entering the "Plebe" class at the Naval Academy.

Ens. and Mrs. R. S. Quackenbush, Jr., have arrived from Hampton Roads to spend several days here with her mother, Mrs. William Givens, before leaving for New York, where they will visit Ens. Quackenbush's parents at Cornwall-on-Hudson. They will return to Annapolis for a brief stay later.

Comdr. and Mrs. Vincent H. Godfrey and family, who have been visiting Maj. and Mrs. Arthur B. Owens at their country home at Greenock, Md., have left to spend the remainder of the season in Jamestown.

Miss Barbara Woodworth of Annapolis, is the guest of Miss Mary Ingraham Henry, at the home of her parents, Maj. Gen. Guy V. Henry and Mrs. Henry, in Washington, D. C.

Ens. and Mrs. Robert Dixie Sutton have returned from their wedding trip and are visiting her mother, Mrs. J. Bernard Lloyd, for several days, before going to Norfolk for a month.

Lt. and Mrs. William B. Steiner, whose marriage also took place June Week, are spending a few days in Annapolis with Professor and Mrs. Joseph H. Purdie, before leaving for Philadelphia.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. James A. Logan have returned to their home on Franklin Street after a week's visit to friends in Hartford, Conn.

Mrs. Theodore L. Schumacher and children have arrived from Atlanta, Ga., where Lt. Comdr. Schumacher is stationed, and will spend the summer with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Thomas, at their cottage at Arundel-on-the-Bay. Lt. Comdr. Schumacher will join his family here in August.

Prince Albert de Ligne, the Belgian ambassador, and Princess de Ligne have leased for the summer the country home of Comdr. and Mrs. Richard H. Knight, at Edgewater, South River.

NEWPORT, R. I.  
June 19, 1930

REAR ADM. HARRIS LANNING AND MRS. LANNING arrived June 16 from New York and are occupying the president's house at the Naval War College.

Lt. and Mrs. John C. Williams have leased one of the La Forge cottages for the season.

Capt. and Mrs. Chauncey Shackford arrived recently for the summer at their cottage on Calvert Place.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. H. F. Sasse, who are occupying the Swinburn bungalow for the season, are spending a few days in Boston.

Rear Adm. Cameron McR. Winslow, USN, retired, has returned to his Narragansett Avenue villa from Annapolis, where he attended the fifty-fifth anniversary re-union of his class of 1875.

Mrs. James H. Glennon, wife of Rear Adm. Glennon, USN, retired, arrived recently (Please turn to Next Page)

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## Reports On USMA Athletics

(Continued from Page 999)

irregularities, but none connected with the allegations which form the basis of this investigation. These will be made the subject of a separate communication with a view to their correction.

(5) The testimony indicates that the official correspondence of the Military Academy and of the office of the graduate manager of athletics contains nothing that could in any way support any of the allegations which are the subject of this investigation. When written inquiries concerning appointments to the Military Academy are received at the headquarters of the academy the applicants are furnished with the information pamphlet published by the War Department for general distribution, which completely covers all matters concerning appointments and admissions to the academy, and care is exercised that no improper information whatsoever is furnished. The football office itself (which is presided over by the head coach) and individuals associated with it receive letters of inquiry from persons interested in securing appointments as cadets, and from persons interested in securing appointments for others. These requests, as is natural, usually are in relation to prospective candidates of athletic ability. Correspondence of this nature received by the athletic office is usually turned over to the football office. This latter office has also at times received the names of and information regarding athletes as prospective applicants for appointments from individuals interested in the academy. All such correspondence now in the files of the football office having to do with inquiries concerning appointments and admissions was examined. This file is a temporary file and is incomplete, inasmuch as correspondence relating to any individual is usually not kept after he becomes a cadet or becomes ineligible by reason of age or for other cause.

The testimony and this correspondence show that the football office has been considerably interested in applicants of athletic ability, and that it maintained a list of applicants who had made inquiry as to appointments, together with the State and congressional district in which they resided. Usually the applicant was informed of such vacancies as existed for which he might be eligible. If no vacancies existed at the time of inquiry, the football office would so notify the applicant, and would later notify him when vacancies did occur and urge him to seek an appointment, giving him the names of Congressmen controlling the vacancies and, at times, the names of others who might be influential in assisting toward the appointment. At times some of those connected with the football office corresponded with officers and others asking them to do what they could assist the applicants in which the football office was interested. In some cases applicants who did not appear to have the necessary educational qualifications were advised to enter preparatory schools for the purpose of preparing themselves for West Point, and in some cases friends of applicants were advised that a particular school would give a reduced rate in case the applicant was not financially able to enter the school at standard rates. Captain Jones, formerly head coach of football, testified that the proprietor of this school was an ardent friend of the academy who was particularly interested in candidates from the Regular Army and the National Guard, and that the proprietor had told him that he would give reduced rates to any worthy candidate recommended by Captain Jones. There is no indication whatever in any of this correspondence that any promises or inducements were offered, or that any payments were ever made, or intended to be made, to any of these applicants. This activity on the part of the football office, as stated above, manifested a consid-

erable interest on its part in candidates of athletic ability, which is perhaps natural, and closely approximated a more or less organized system for keeping track of such candidates and giving them any information and advice that might be helpful, including advice of vacancies which might occur due to resignations and failures in examinations.

No advice or assistance in any of these cases was given which would not have been proper had it come from unofficial sources outside the Military Academy. But considering the source from which it did come and the files and records kept in connection therewith, these activities did contribute to a limited extent a form of recruiting, as that term is defined in this report. There are attached as Exhibit B copies of correspondence taken at random from the files of the football office which it is believed is representative of the type of correspondence discussed above.

(6) While some of the testimony, based principally on hearsay and rumor, connected the name of Mr. Frank A. Wandle, formerly assistant for training at the academy, with being unduly interested and active in securing the appointment of likely athletes as cadets, the competent evidence indicates that his interest and activity in this regard were substantially the same as those enumerated above on the part of the football office, with which he was connected.

c. Beginning in 1926, the Carnegie Foundation for the Advancement of Teaching undertook a study of American college athletics, and in 1929 published the results thereof in its Bulletin No. 23 (copy attached). The study, carried out by Dr. Howard T. Savage, was exhaustive and included such topics as those embodied in the allegations in question. Doctor Savage spent several days studying the athletic situation, etc., at the United States Military Academy, where he had full access to its personnel and records as well as to those of the Army Athletic Association. An examination of Doctor Savage's report convinces one of its merit, value, and comprehensiveness. In connection with the allegations under consideration the following quotations from this report are pertinent:

"It is far from our intention to imply that no American college or university possesses a well-reasoned athletic policy in the molding of which all the needs and responsibilities of the institution have been considered. The \* \* \* United States Military Academy \* \* \* may be taken as examples in which the administration of athletics has been bent to serve first the interests of the undergraduate and the educational program as a whole" (p. 80).

"As might be expected, the records of the United States Military Academy respecting participation (of athletes) are exceptionally complete" (p. 112).

"Few colleges or universities can give to their students the experience of games which the United States Military Academy requires of its fourth-class men" (pp. 132-133).

"The restriction of intercollegiate play to three years of undergraduate connection with an institution is almost unanimous. To some of these requirements the United States Military Academy at West Point has felt that because of its peculiar constitution and position it could not subscribe. Finally, late registration by athletes is discouraged" (pp. 202-203).

"The recruiting of athletes" (p. 227). (Note.—Under this heading the report discusses the subject from every conceivable angle, such as professional and nonprofessional recruiting, recruiting by correspondence, circulars, etc., recruiting by coaches, alumni, fraternities, etc. The conclusions as to the United States Military Academy in this respect can only be assumed through deduction, as the report does not include the academy by name in the list mentioned in the discussion under "lack of evidence of recruiting," or under other associated subjects where the evidence examined proved or disproved an institution's connection with recruiting. It, therefore, appears that Doctor Savage believes that there has been recruiting for the Military Academy, but to such a limited extent that its name should not be coupled with those colleges or universities specifically named.)

### Unsubsidized College Athletics

"The notion that intercollegiate competition is impossible, or at least impracticable, without subsidies is dis-

(Please turn to Page 1003)

## POSTS and STATIONS

### ARMY

#### SCHOFIELD BARRACKS

(Continued from Preceding Page)  
of the 27th Infantry Evening Bridge Club at the Regimental Club Wednesday.

A color scheme of yellow and black, carrying out the Wolfhound colors, was used on the table and in all the appointments. Enjoying the affair were Col. and Mrs. William E. Hunt, Maj. and Mrs. Arthur B. Hitchcock, Maj. and Mrs. Frank B. Wakeman, Chaplain and Mrs. Oscar W. Reynolds, Capt. and Mrs. George R. Hedge, Capt. and Mrs. Jasper M. Groves, Capt. and Mrs. Francis P. Simpson, Capt. and Mrs. Robert B. Ennis, Capt. and Mrs. Howard N. Merrill, Lt. and Mrs. William W. Brier, Jr., Lt. and Mrs. William P. Grace, Lt. and Mrs. Clarence M. Virtue, Lt. and Mrs. Donald C. Hardin, Lt. and Mrs. Lewton Butler, Lt. Nicholas J. Robinson, and Lt. Paul C. Hutton.

Mrs. Thomas J. Cassidy and Mrs. Robert B. Ennis complimented Miss Constance Hedge, whose marriage to Lt. James E. Holly will take place in August, with a luncheon and kitchen shower Wednesday, in the quarters of the former at Schofield.

A large table and several smaller ones were decorated with green and yellow and places were laid for Mesdames George C. Barnhardt, William E. Hunt, Ellicott A. Brown, Arthur B. Hitchcock, Walter F. Mullins, John R. Fountain, Norris A. Wimberley, Ellis Bates, Francis P. Simpson, William W. Brier, Jr., Burt Miller, Lawton Butler, Clarence H. Smith, Robert S. Nourse, James R. Anderson, William P. Grace, Harold J. Kelley, Miss Peggy Boren, the honoree and the hostesses.

The Infantry Club was chosen as the scene for a dinner Friday evening, given by Lt. and Mrs. Robert S. Nourse. The long dinner table was decorated with large floral centerpieces in shades of yellow and pale blue, with blending taper candles. The guest list included Col. and Mrs. William E. Hunt, Maj. and Mrs. Arthur B. Hitchcock, Maj. and Mrs. Ellicott A. Brown, Capt. and Mrs. Robert B. Ennis, Capt. and Mrs. Francis P. Simpson, Capt. and Mrs. Howard N. Merrill, Capt. and Mrs. Oscar W. Reynolds, Capt. and Mrs. Allan S. Willis, Capt. and Mrs. John S. Miller. Later the party attended the regular Post hop at the Infantry Club.

#### JEFFERSONVILLE DEPOT, IND.

June 17, 1930

MRS. JOSEPH SMITH entertained the Tuesday Afternoon Sewing Club recently. The ladies enjoying the afternoon with Mrs. Smith were: Mrs. James Howard, Mrs. Frank Heywood, Mrs. Irvin Dierking, and Mrs. Emory Theiss.

Mrs. Frederick Van Duynne has returned from a two months' visit with relatives in the East.

Mr. and Mrs. Dennie Barry had as their dinner guests recently, Capt. Harry Hunker, Lt. Nathan Thomas, and Lt. Watson of Camp Holabird.

The Quartermaster Association of the Three Falls Cities planned a boat trip and picnic this year, celebrating Quartermaster Corps Day. The picnicers planned to leave by boat early in the morning, going up to Rose Island for luncheon and games of various kinds, contests, etc.

The Service Bridge Club has discontinued for the summer months. We will begin our meetings again in October.

Mr. and Mrs. Warland Ingram entertained a party of friends recently with a box-party at the races. Those enjoying this delightful party were Mr. and Mrs. William Ingram, Miss Betty Van Duynne, Mr. Tom Manera, and Capt. and Mrs. George F. Spann. Little Leonora Spann is recovering from a recent tonsil operation.

#### VANCOUVER BARRACKS, WASH.

June 16, 1930

THE regular monthly meeting of the Evening Bridge Club was held Friday at the Service Club with the following members as hosts: Capt. and Mrs. A. L. Benedict, Capt. and Mrs. H. D. Birks, and Chaplain and Mrs. Joan Westerman.

Lts. E. T. McGinley, F. T. Dodd, and E. C. Bing, members of the Vancouver Barracks Polo Team, arrived home on Tuesday from Boise, Idaho, where they played in the Spring Polo Tournament. Mrs. Arthur D. Benedict and Mrs. Eugene T. McGinley motored to Boise, Idaho, for the last few games of the Polo Tournament.

Capt. and Mrs. Harry M. Henderson and Lt. and Mrs. William D. North were hosts to a large group when they honored Capt. and Mrs. James D. Bender with a picnic at Battleground Lake recently.

Lt. and Mrs. C. Birkett Ferenbaugh and Dorothy Ann, Mrs. C. W. Van Way, Miss Elsie Simpson, and Donald Rowe Sharp were week-end guests of Miss Virginia Andrews at her cabin on the Little White Salmon River.

Capt. and Mrs. H. Lynn Henkle were the guests of Capt. Henkle's mother in Tacoma for a few days last week.

Miss Jane Strain is expected to arrive next week from the University of Washington to spend some time with her brother and sister-in-law, Capt. and Mrs. James F. Strain.

Maj. Graham W. Lester and Lt. C. R. Smith left by motor Tuesday for a two

### NAVY

#### NEWPORT, R. I.

(Continued from Preceding Page)  
cently at the Knowles cottage on Canonic Avenue for the season.

Capt. W. D. Brereton and his family have arrived for the summer at the Craven cottage on Shoreby Hill. Lt. A. Dudley Brown spent the week-end here as the guest of relatives.

#### NORFOLK, VA.

June 20, 1930

REAR ADM. AND MRS. GUY H. BURRAGE and their daughter, Miss Charlotte Burrage, entertained at a supper dance Tuesday evening, in honor of 100 members of the first class of the U. S. Military Academy, who arrived Monday from West Point.

Capt. and Mrs. George Shamer entertained at a dinner Wednesday evening, in honor of Capt. and Mrs. H. P. Perrill and Capt. and Mrs. Cecil Sherman Baker.

Capt. and Mrs. C. W. Mauldin entertained Monday evening at a bridge supper in honor of Mrs. Mauldin's brother, Comdr. B. F. Poe, who is their guest.

Comdr. and Mrs. Philip Seymour entertained Monday evening at a supper party in honor of Capt. and Mrs. Ernest I. King.

Mrs. James Morgan Minter, wife of Capt. Minter, entertained Thursday afternoon at her home at a bridge tea. The guests played bridge at five tables and following the game additional guests called for tea.

Lt. and Mrs. F. D. Walker entertained Saturday night at a dinner party at their home. Covers were laid for eight.

Miss Lucretia Bitler, daughter of Commodore and Mrs. Reuben O. Bitler, whose marriage to Ens. John Zibitsky, USN, will take place this month, has been guest of honor at a number of entertainments.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. Raymond V. Miller entertained Saturday night at a dinner party at their home at Edgewater. Covers were laid for nine.

Capt. and Mrs. H. P. Perrill were guests of honor at a bridge party Tuesday evening, given by Dr. and Mrs. George H. Carr at their home in Portsmouth. Bridge was played at four tables.

Mrs. George E. Brandt, wife of Lt. Comdr. Brandt, entertained Friday afternoon at her home on Princess Anne Road at a bridge party in honor of her mother, Mrs. E. Morgan Pendleton, who is her guest.

Lt. Comdr. and Mrs. J. A. Byrne entertained Wednesday evening, June 11, at their home in Portsmouth, at a bridge party in honor of Capt. and Mrs. H. P. Perrill.

#### PUGET SOUND NAVY YARD

June 16, 1930

MRS. HENRY J. ZIEGEMEIER, accompanied by her mother, Mrs. E. V. Ridings, and her daughter, have left the Navy Yard for California, where they will spend three weeks at the desert resort at Palm Springs.

Capt. Edward S. Jackson, USN, and Mrs. Jackson entertained a group of friends from the Navy Yard in the Captain's quarters aboard the USS New York. Lt. Albert M. Bledsoe, USN, entertained 50 friends at the regular Thursday night dinner dance, June 12.

weeks' tour of duty with the National Guard of Oregon at Camp Clatsop, Ore. Capt. John E. Grose and Lt. Henry W. Hall spent Sunday at Mount Hood.

Lt. Carlton F. Bond has returned to Pearson Field after completing a course in Aerial Gunnery at Rockwell Field, Calif.

#### FT. EUSTIS, VA.

June 17, 1930

WEST POINT Cadets arrived last Sunday, for summer training and instruction. Maj. Richard E. Anderson, Capt. Joseph S. Ttate and Lt. Bert N. Bryan have been here for several days making preparations for the training and quartering of the cadets. The officers and cadets from West Point were honor guests at a dance at the Officers' Club Monday evening.

The June meeting of the Post Bridge Club was held at the Officers' Club on Tuesday evening when Mrs. David E. Kerr, Mrs. C. R. Jones and Mrs. Bovey M. Hall were hostesses. Prizes were won by Mrs. Louis W. Haskell, Capt. David H. Finley and Mrs. A. Wright Greenwell.

Col. A. T. Smith motored to Washington on Saturday and will meet Mrs. Smith there and return early in the week. Mrs. Smith has been with her mother in Leeburg for a few weeks.

Capt. and Mrs. Clyde A. Lundy are entertaining at dinner before the dance on Monday evening in honor of their house guest, Mrs. Robert E. Frye. The guest list will include friends of Capt. and Mrs. Frye who were stationed at Eustis before going to Porto Rico.

Mrs. Herman S. Rush and Mrs. Charles C. Morgan are in Washington as guests of Capt. and Mrs. W. Henry Sadler.

Mrs. Wycliffe Steele will be at Eustis for two weeks at the home of her parents, Maj. and Mrs. Herman S. Rush, in the absence of Lt. Steele, who is with a squadron of airplanes on a flight to Ft. DuPont.

Capt. and Mrs. Charles C. Morgan are now occupying quarters, 604 South, formerly assigned to Maj. and Mrs. Walker.

## Samuel T. Ansell

Attorney at Law

Transportation Building,  
17th and "H" Streets,  
Washington, D. C.

Attention to legal matters of all the Services, including the Settlements of Estates and Claims.



## Reports On USMA Athletics

(Continued from Page 1002)

proved by the fact that at 28 of the 112 colleges and universities visited for the inquiry no evidence was found that athletes were subsidized by any group or individual:

Bates, Bowdoin, Carleton, Chicago, Cornell University, Dalhousie, Emory, Illinois, Laval, McGill, Marquette, Massachusetts Agricultural College, Massachusetts Institute of Technology, Ottawa, Queen's, Reed, Rochester, University of Saskatchewan, Toronto, Trinity, Tufts, Tulane, United States Military Academy, University of Virginia, Wesleyan, Williams, College of Wooster, and Yale.

"In this list stand colleges and universities of all sizes, sections of the continent, conferences, and unions. At some, the temptations to subsidize are less strong than at others. At some, there has been subsidizing in the past. Of any one it is impossible to say that there will not be subsidizing in the future. Possibly, also, at the time of the field visit subsidizing existed without being discovered, but in our inquiry an apparent absence of subsidizing inevitably occasioned the closest scrutiny. Whatever may be the rights and wrongs of athletic subsidies, the conditions encountered at this group of institutions, especially at those enjoying keen intercollegiate competition, should encourage anyone who feels that subsidies ought to be eliminated from American college athletics."

## Comment

The testimony given during my investigation is convincing that Doctor Savage was given full opportunity at the Military Academy to make a thorough study of its conduct of athletics. His deductions are indeed favorable to the academy. While the report contains no evidence or deduction to substantiate any of the allegations in question, it does refute those allegations relating to inducements, promises, or understandings as to termination of service and extra compensation to players by classing specifically the Military Academy in the small group of colleges or universities not involved in subsidizing athletics.

d. (1) The numerous witnesses enumerated in Paragraph III b (4), above were subjected to a careful, searching, and exhaustive examination under oath. Included in this list are most superintendents, commandants, prominent professors, staff officers, graduate managers, coaches, trainers, and other athletic officials of the academy covering the period from 1921 to date. The testimony given by these officials is important, being characterized by a helpful attitude and a sincere desire to uncover possible irregularities as well as to expose any individual responsible for deficiencies. They were "open and aboveboard" and

enumerated in Paragraph III b (4) did not disclose any evidence to prove the existence of any system, organized or individual, for subsidizing likely athletes for the academy. In fact, the evidence from these witnesses of recruiting and of soliciting, except as noted above, is limited to the individual efforts of interested Army officers, Congressmen, and friends of the academy. In this respect, the evidence of these witnesses indicates that the few officials of the academy associated with recruiting and soliciting have restricted their efforts to supplying athletic candidates seeking information with the routine data concerning appointments and with additional information as to existing vacancies.

(4) The evidence discloses that a special publicity campaign was undertaken by the academy officials during 1928 and 1929. The purpose of the campaign was to counteract any public misunderstandings of the circumstances associated with the severance of football relations with the Naval Academy. The main features of the campaign involved engaging a firm to insure publicity for all academy activities and, in a less degree, establishing contacts with athletic officials and sports writers, their entertainment and the traveling expenses incident thereto. The evidence indicates that this arrangement had no direct or indirect association with soliciting, recruiting, or subsidizing athletes, or direct connection with the allegations in question.

(5) The case of ex-Cadet Christian K. Cagle was especially investigated. The evidence clearly proves that Cagle's resignation from the academy had no connection in any sense with any subsidy or promise or understanding relative to his premature separation from the service; furthermore, that the officials of the academy had no knowledge of Cagle's marriage until just before his resignation. Attached hereto is a letter from the director of athletics, Southwestern Louisiana Institute, dated May 27, 1930, discussing ex-Cadet Cagle's appointment to the academy. The following quotations from this letter are pertinent:

"Having had this boy (Cagle) for four years and knowing what a fine young man he was, I suggested the possibility of him going to West Point not only for a continuation in athletics, but with the view of taking this as his life's work \* \* \* He liked the idea, and I wrote to the chairman of the athletic committee at West Point asking if there was such a thing as an athletic scholarship, and received this reply: 'No cadet can enter West Point other than by presidential, senatorial, or congressional appointment.' I do not remember who was the chairman of the committee at that time, but he was very nice about the matter and gave me a list of existing vacancies in Louis-

iana, but was emphatic on the point of the athletic scholarships, stating that no inducements were ever offered and that West Point had no control over the selection of a cadet \* \* \* No offer of any kind was ever made to Cagle by West Point or anyone connected with the institution before his appointment or prior to his entrance there. The appointment was secured in the regular way from his Congressman of this district, and so far as I know he was treated just as all other cadets are treated after his entrance there."

(6) Upon entry into the Military Academy, a cadet, in the presence of his classmates and other cadets, takes the following "oath of engagement":

"I, \_\_\_\_\_, of the State (or Territory) of \_\_\_\_\_, aged \_\_\_\_\_ years \_\_\_\_\_ months, do hereby engage (with the consent of my parent or guardian) that from the date of my admission as a cadet of the United States Military Academy I will serve in the Army of the United States for eight years unless sooner discharged by competent authority."

While the evidence refutes the allegation intimating existence of an

understanding or promise as to leaving the service after completion of football at the academy, the sanctity of such an oath taken in the presence of fellow cadets must remove all doubts in this connection.

(7) Academic policies at West Point prohibit an athlete who is deficient in studies playing with the academy teams. Proficiency in studies is announced each week. Consequently, outstanding athletes could not be subsidized in this way. The evidence discloses that football training, etc., does not interfere with instruction at the academy; in fact is subordinated thereto.

(8) The evidence of these witnesses and examination of the records and accounts disclose that the funds of the athletic association are safeguarded by sound policies, accurate accounts and audits, and, further, that no funds have been expended irregularly or to compensate in any way athletes or to secure the services of likely athletes.

(9) Included in this report is a list, prepared by the Superintendent United States Military Academy, of all cadets who, as football men at the academy since 1923, participated in intercollegiate football at the academy. The list also shows (1) age at admission, (2) State appointed from, (3) years played on civilian college first team, (4) college attended and attendance, (5) present status. The following pertinent deductions result from an analysis of this information:

a. Total on list, 163.  
b. Per cent who played on college teams before becoming a cadet and number of years so played: One year, 10 per cent; two years, 5 per cent; three years, 6 per cent.  
c. Per cent of total who have resigned since graduation, 4 per cent.

It will be observed that these deductions, which were corroborated by oral testimony of witnesses, refute the allegations, to wit:

a. Fifty per cent of the West Point teams during the last seven years were college men who had already played three years on college teams; that is, "first teams or varsity teams."

b. Sixty per cent of the Army teams are composed of famous football players from other colleges, many of whom resign immediately after they get through the academy.  
(10) The question of athletes of the academy utilizing their training, success, and prestige in this line as a stepping-stone to athletic professionalism was investigated. The testimony in this investigation, as well as an examination of the records of such graduates, disproves any tendency in this direction or that the academy is a training school for football stars. While a few athletes have resigned after graduation, the number taking up coaching as a profession is insignificant. The following data relative to outstanding academy football players, including those who have resigned in late years, is pertinent:

Name	Graduated	Resigned	Total service after graduation	Occupation after resigning
Garbich, E. W.	June 12, 1925	Dec. 15, 1925	6 months	Service with Post Products Co.
Sprague, M. E.	June 13, 1929	July 1, 1929	18 days	Service with Home Insurance Co., New York City.
Vidal, E. L.	Nov. 1, 1918	Mar. 10, 1926	7 years 4 months	Military School in Florida; T. A. T. Airline Co.
French, W. E.	Found deficient	Discharged as cadet Sept. 14, 1922		Professional baseball player.
Oliphant, E. Q.	June 12, 1918	Honorably discharged Dec. 15, 1922	4 years 6 months	Director of athletics, Union College, to 1924; insurance business.
McEwan, J. J.	Apr. 20, 1917	Dec. 22, 1925	8 years 8 months	Coach of Oregon University.
Hewitt, O. M.	June 14, 1927	Still in service		
Wilson, H. E.	June 9, 1928	do		
Mulligan, D. J.	June 12, 1924	Feb. 18, 1926	1 year 8 months	Merchant marine; student Fordham Law College.
Breidster	June 12, 1923	Apr. 1, 1925	1 year 10 months	American Cable Co.
Baxter, H. R.	June 12, 1926	Still in service		
Cagle, C. K.	Resigned as a cadet			Newspaper business.

NOTE.—It will be observed that only two of the outstanding football players included in this list were allowed to resign immediately after graduation, and that neither of these two went into football as an occupation the reafter.

did all within their power and knowledge to assist in this investigation.

(2) The testimony of these witnesses does not disclose a fact or even an indication which could form a basis for substantiating the allegations contained in Paragraph II of this report. In fact, this testimony emphatically refutes each and all of these allegations. The witnesses in this group comprised the officials closely associated with the affairs of the academy and its athletics since 1921. Their official relationship to the academy and their own statements give assurance of an intimate knowledge of its operation and management. The majority assert, and this investigation corroborates their view, that the offenses contained in the allegations could not have been committed without knowledge thereof coming to their attention. Each witness having intimate knowledge of the management of the athletic association denied categorically knowing or having heard of such offenses as are included in the allegations in question.

(3) The testimony of the witnesses

## AERONAUTICAL NOTES

CONTRACTS for new airplanes, engines and accessories, amounting to \$5,963,419.38, were just approved by the Secretary of War. The purchase will be paid for out of the funds made available by the 1931 Army Appropriation Bill, approved by the President May 28.

The expenditure will result in the Air Corps receiving 402 new airplanes, with spare parts, and 128 new engines and spare parts.

The contract, totalling \$1,543,183.90, awarded the Boeing Airplane Company, of Seattle, Wash., a subsidiary of the United Aircraft Company, covers 131 Model P-12C Pursuit planes with spare parts.

The Douglas Company of Santa Monica, Calif., was awarded a contract for \$2,221,623.60, covering 146 Model BT-2B Basic Training airplanes with spare parts, and 44 Model O-38 Observation airplanes with spare parts.

The Thomas-Morse Aircraft Corporation, of Buffalo, N. Y., is to construct 71 Model O-19C Observation planes, with spare parts, at a total cost of \$1,018,126.20.

For \$437,832.65, the Sikorsky Aviation Corporation of Bridgeport, Conn., will construct for the Air Corps ten Sikorsky Amphibian airplanes, with spare parts.

Contract for the 128 "Cyclone" air-cooled engines, Model R-1750, with spare parts, amounting to \$742,643.13, was awarded the Wright Aeronautical Corporation of Paterson, N. J., a subsidiary of the Curtiss-Wright Company. These engines will be used in bombardment planes already contracted for.

A noticeable feature of all the new airplanes just contracted for will be the new instrument board, which will incorporate small round dial instruments.

All of the new airplanes under the above contracts will be powered with the Pratt and Whitney air-cooled engines, the O-38 Observation type with the 525 horse-power "Hornet," and the remaining types with the 450 horse-power "Wasp." Negotiations for the purchase of these engines have not as yet been completed.

Seattle.—C. L. Egtvedt, vice president of the Boeing Airplane Company, has returned to Seattle after a prolonged eastern trip which took him to Washington, D. C., where he negotiated a contract with the Navy for 27 fighters, which was recently awarded the Boeing factory.

After representing his company at the Army-Navy Standards Conference at Dayton, C. N. Monteith, chief engineer of the Boeing Airplane Company, is now back at Seattle. Several years ago Monteith was Chief of Airplane Section, Engineering Division, Air Corps, McCook Field.

The Boeing Airplane Company is now in production on 27 F4B-2 fighters for the Navy, the contract for which was issued last month by the Navy Department. Completion of the delivery of planes on this order will be made next spring by the Boeing plant.

## Maxwell Bill Passes House

AFTER rejection of an amendment by Mr. Taber, to reduce authorized appropriation to \$110,000, the bill to acquire additional land at Maxwell Field—H. R. 7638—was passed by the House on June 11. A committee amendment reduced the authorization of the original bill from \$320,000 to \$200,000.

An amendment by Mr. Hill, of Alabama, was also accepted, providing that none of the authorized monies be expended until it was ascertained by the War Department that all the lands needed at the field for the accommodation of the Tactical School and the observation squadron to be housed there could be had within the limitation stipulated in the bill.

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(11) Athletics at the academy are not conducted on a commercial basis, i. e., "Commercialism in sport is the placing of a higher value upon monetary and material returns, whether direct or indirect, from any athletic activity than is placed upon its returns in recreation, health, and physical and moral well-being" (Carnegie Report, p. 11). The only transactions that could be characterized in any way with a tinge of commercialism relate to playing some prominent football games at New York and other large centers, and the construction at the academy of a football stadium and polo field from gate receipts. These fields were badly needed, and this method of financing these structures was authorized by Congress.

(12) "The definition of an amateur most widely current in the United States is as follows: 'An amateur sportsman is one who engages in sport solely for the pleasure and physical, mental, or social benefits he derives therefrom, and to whom sport is nothing more than an avocation.' (Carnegie Report, p. 35).

The evidence received in this investigation (Please turn to Page 1005)



## BORN, MARRIED, DIED

## BORN

**DAVIES**—Born at Colon Hospital, France Field, Canal Zone, May 31, 1930, to Lt. J. M. Davies, USA, and Mrs. Davies, a daughter.

**COCHRAN**—Born at Welling, New Zealand, June 20, 1930, to Vice-Consul William Pearsol Cochran, jr., and Mrs. Cochran, a daughter, Margarita Moreno. Mr. Cochran is a graduate of the Naval Academy, class of '24. Mrs. Cochran is the daughter of Col. Aristides Moreno, USA, and Mrs. Moreno, and the granddaughter of Col. John Morris Field.

**HILL**—Born at Corvallis, Ore., June 3, 1930, to 1st Lt. Donald C. Hill, USA, and Mrs. Hill, a son, Donald George.

**LAVENDER**—Born at Ft. Benning, Ga., May 31, 1930, to Corp. Frank L. Lavender, USA, and Mrs. Lavender, a son, Hollis Leslie.

**MURPHY**—Born at Panama, C. Z., recently, to Lt. Comdr. V. Murphy, USN, and Mrs. Murphy, a son, Robert Dudley Murphy.

**ROBERTS**—Born at Ft. Benning, Ga., June 4, 1930, to Maj. William L. Roberts, Inf., and Mrs. Roberts, a daughter, Louise Adair Roberts.

**RUMBOUGH**—Born at Brooklyn, N. Y., May 13, 1930, to Capt. David Sheridan Rumbough, FA, and Mrs. Rumbough, a son, David Huntington Rumbough, grandson of Col. David J. Rumbough, FA, and Mrs. Rumbough.

**SMITH**—Born at Emergency Hospital, Annapolis, Md., June 14, 1930 to Lt. D. H. Smith, USN, and Mrs. Smith, a son, Robert Mendham Smith.

**STODTER**—Born at Clark County Memorial Hospital, Jeffersonville, Ind., June 13, 1930, to Lt. J. H. Stodter, USA, and Mrs. Stodter, a daughter. The baby is the granddaughter of Capt. Charles I. Basire, USA, and Mrs. Basire, and Col. Charles E. Stodter, USA, and Mrs. Stodter.

**STURGIS**—Born at American Hospital, Paris, France, June 6, 1930, to Maj. R. L. Walsh, AC, and Mrs. Walsh, a daughter, Suzanne Sturgis.

## MARRIED

**BRADY-BIRNIE**—Married in the chapel at the Army War College, Washington, D. C., June 14, 1930, Miss Sue Schenck Birnie, daughter of Col. Upton Birnie, Jr., USA, and Mrs. Birnie, to Mr. Francis Ignatius Brady.

**BUCHLY-SAUNDERS**—Married at St. Ignatius Chapel, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., June 17, 1930, Maj. Walter E. Buchly, USA, to Miss Madge Lane Saunders, daughter of Col. Edwin O. Saunders, USA, and Mrs. Saunders.

**CLEXTON-LANGHORNE**—Married at Easton, Maryland, June 14, 1930, Lt. Edward William Clexton, USN, to Miss Zita M. Langhorne.

**GRIGGS-REED**—Married at Brighton Hall, Hampton, Va., Wednesday, June 11, 1930, Capt. Douglas Meriwether Griggs, CAC, to Miss Helen Francis Reed.

**HUFFMAN-JENKINS**—Married at New London, Conn., June 7, 1930, Lt. Leon J. Huffman, USN, to Miss Ferissa M. Jenkins.

**LEE-THRIFT**—Married at St. John's Church, Georgetown, Washington, D. C., Friday, June 21, 1930, Miss Sally Marion Thrift, to Lt. O. Lee, USA.

**McKEAN-DUNN**—Married at Upper Marlboro, Md., June 14, 1930, Lt. William B. McKean, USMC, to Miss Mary L. Dunn.

**ROY-MONTGOMERY**—Married in the Cadet Chapel, West Point, N. Y., June 14, 1930, Lt. Paul Arthur Roy, USA, to Miss Frances Holloway Montgomery.

**TWYMAN-POOLE**—Married at the Church of the Most Holy Trinity, West Point, N. Y., Friday, June 13, 1930, Miss Bernell Poole, to Lt. Joseph Twyman, Jr., USA.

**WILLIARD-NELSON**—Married at Minneapolis, Minn., June 5, 1930, Miss Jemima Adeline Nelson, to Mr. Henry O. Williard, son of Col. Harry O. Williard, USA, and Mrs. Williard, of Lewistown, Mont.

**ZABILSKY-BITLER**—Married at Old St. Paul's Church, Norfolk, Va., June 20, 1930, Miss May Lucretia Bitler, daughter of Commodore Reuben O. Bitler, USN, and Mrs. Bitler, to Ens. Zabilsky, USN.

## DIED

**ANDREWS**—Died at West Point, N. Y., June 10, 1930, Col. J. M. Andrews, USA.

**BURBANK**—Died June 17, 1930, at Walter Reed Hospital, Washington, D. C., Alice Goodrich White Burbank, wife of the late Brig. Gen. James B. Burbank, USA.

**CAVANAGH**—Died June 17, 1930, in New York City, Capt. Richard Bryan Cavanagh, USA.

**GARESCHE**—Died at Soldiers' Home Hospital, Washington, D. C., June 14, 1930, Louis J. Garesche, son of Col. Jules P. Garesche, USA.

**HANCHETT**—Died in Oakland Calif., June 9, 1930, Frank E. Hanchett, son of Mr. and Mrs. Hanchett, and nephew of Col. J. B. Doherty, USA.

**PERRY**—Died at Coronado, Calif., June 10, 1930, Ernest R. Perry, Jr., infant son of Lt. Ernest R. Perry, and Mrs. Perry.

**STADTMAN**—Died at San Bernardino, Calif., June 10, 1930, August Stadtmann, father of Maj. Cloud E. Stadtmann, Inf.

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## Service Views

(Continued from Page 987)

promotion question is going to interfere with pay, it should be dropped. I have heard so many opinions on promotion that it is all a scramble. It will have to be considered later, but pay is far more important now. Give us pay, and promotion will work itself out.

Major General, USA.—Pay and promotion are two entirely different matters, and under no circumstances should they be considered together. Procrastination and delay can only result if they are taken up at the same time, and as we all know the pressing need of thousands of officers and soldiers is vital.

To attempt to work out a promotion scheme for six different services is an extremely complicated matter. It is so important that separate and distinct consideration should be given under a thorough investigation.

The pay problem has been thoroughly gone over and the bill drawn by a joint service committee at the entire approval of the six services involved.

Another point which should receive major consideration is that in combining pay and promotion, the enlisted men in the Army suffer most decided injustice. They are not interested in the promotion bill, but are hopefully looking to Congress for relief. Combining the two subjects undoubtedly will adversely affect their morale.

Major, Quartermaster Corps.—Giving it to the Comptroller General? That settles it. It is pay that is desperately needed. We have enough promotion. The fault in the promotion muddle is not in Congress so much as in the Army. There is too much rank without commensurate duties. Morale in the Army is at the lowest ebb within my long experience. If I were able, I would retire tomorrow.

Captain, Quartermaster Corps.—I don't care about promotion. If a retirement law like the Wadsworth bill were passed, you'd see me darting out of here like a flash.

Captain, Quartermaster Corps.—If promotion is going to be connected with pay and depend upon pay they might as well kiss pay good-bye, and it seems to me that is what they are trying to do.

Major, Corps of Engineers.—I had given up all hope of anything being done either with pay or promotion. Pay and promotion, although not the most important thing Congress has to consider, is the most complicated. We now have a complicated matter being made more complicated and will probably result in another long delay. This delay, however, may result in a better bill being passed. I have been accustomed to delay and they have been fooling with this for so long that I'm not going to lose any sleep over it.

Captain, Air Corps.—I think they should have pay in rank, increased by service in rank, and a sliding scale of promotion. When a major or colonel is "bumped" off in the Air Corps they shove a second lieutenant in on us and someone in another branch of the service is promoted to his rank. Since there is a higher mortality rate in the Air Corps than in any other corps and they keep shoving a second lieutenant in on us when one of the higher ranks "kicks off" we have a congestion of captains, 1st lieutenants and 2nd lieutenants and not enough of the higher ranks. The Air Corps is not getting a square deal in promotion. You know our situation, and if the Army is to be considered as a unit instead of the individual corps it will never help the Air Corps.

Captain, Quartermaster Corps.—Pay and promotion are so closely interwoven that they should be synchronized. Everyone thought a year or so ago that they should be separated, but after all I think the questions really are inseparable. Age and service in grade should be considered. I know of nothing more pathetic than to see some captain or even lieutenant about fifty forced to adjust himself to association with his fellows of normal age. Try as they may, the mentality changes with age, and they can't do it. Age is considered in promotion and retirement; why not in intermediate stages? Some automatic promotion with extra numbers, or retirement upon failure to qualify, as in the Navy, should be adopted. Promotion among those of the different services with equal service in

STONE—Died at Washington, D. C., June 9, 1930, Maj. John Hamilton Stone, USA, ret.

WOTKINS—Died at Pasadena, Calif., June 6, 1930, Mrs. B. Marshall Wotkins, mother of Capt. Grosvenor L. Wotkins, USA.

## Rep. Irving Makes Charges

"CHARGE that congestion has been artificially created to turn over the best Army flying field in the west for a consideration," declared Representative Swing, of California, at a hearing on the Kahn bill to authorize acquisition of lands in Alameda and Marin Counties to house Air Corps activities to be diverted from March and Rockwell Fields. Mr. Swing said that he was representing the interests of San Diego, where Rockwell Field is located, and from which it is proposed in the bill that the Army Air Corps retire.

grades should be had approximately at the same time.

Captain, Air Corps.—I think things are going from bad to worse. Congress had one question to settle; now it has two. I thought we might get separate promotion for the Air Corps but now things look badly involved. I have given up hope for any action.

Lieutenant, Air Corps.—I think the two questions should be separated. We are not so badly off in respect to pay, but the condition of some of those in the line is pitiable, especially the married second lieutenants. The injustice done the Air Corps in the first promotion legislation should be corrected.

Lieutenant Commander, Line.—This ties everything into a snarl. An agreement on promotion between the services is too much to be hoped for, and after a lot of argument I expect to see the whole question of pay and promotion go down the river.

Commander, Line.—I do not see how a joint board of officers can agree on one system of promotion. It has been attempted before and no agreement was reached, due to the different problems involved. I do not look for any pay legislation now.

Navy Captain, Line.—Conditions in the six services are too totally different for one system of promotion and any attempt to evolve one and predicate pay revision upon it means no pay legislation. In the Navy, the great bulk of officers are in the line, and while it is a problem to judge their comparative fitness under a system of promotion by selection, it has been found to be a workable system. Not only the Navy Department would never agree to give up selection, but in my opinion would Congress let them give it up.

In the Army, however, it is a different proposition. With your officers divided into the various branches how would you compare the efficiency of an Infantry officer with a Coast Artillery officer? If the Army adopted selection, which they will never do, there would be the problem of comparing the officers of one branch with those of another, with the result that there would be more promotions in one branch than in another, or the problem of separate selection boards for each arm. As promotions could only be made upon vacancies, this would mean unequal promotion.

Major, Marine Corps.—The Marine Corps promotion system is in great need of revision, and the personnel bill now pending was drawn up after a great deal of study and labor. Even now it does not satisfy everyone. How can anyone expect a board of officers of the different services to equalize promotion in the six services when the Marine Corps, and I understand the Army, too, cannot reach an agreement that is satisfactory to all? The Marine Corps bill and the Army bill have been held up for years now because of this and any further complications will make the situation hopeless.

Commander Staff.—Equalization of promotions among the Staff Corps of the Navy is an extremely complicated problem and if it is attempted to equalize the promotions of say the Medical Corps of the Navy with the Medical Corps of the Army and with the Public Health Service, as well as with the other staff corps of the Navy and with the line—well, I would not like to be assigned the job.

Navy Commander, Line.—It's just a sop! There will be no pay increase, or any promotion revision. This will merely keep false hopes alive.

Lieutenant Commander, Line.—If this resolution passes it will permanently block the Britten bill and that will mean that a good many lieutenant commanders will be retired in two years' time without having ever been considered by a selection board. If they are not going to give us any more pay, why take this method of denying it. There cannot be an agreement on promotions within two years or ten.

## Engineers And Air Corps

## Get New Assistant Chiefs

PRESIDENT HOOVER upon recommendation of Secretary of War Hurley forwarded to the Senate on June 16 the following nominations:

Col. George B. Pillsbury, CE, to be assistant to the chief of engineers with the rank of brigadier general for a term of four years from date of acceptance, vice Brig. Gen. Herbert Deakyn, whose term will expire June 26, 1930.

Col. Charles H. Danforth, AC, to be assistant to the chief of Air Corps with the rank of brigadier general for a term of four years from date of acceptance, vice Brig. Gen. William E. Gillmore, who will retire June 30, 1930.

## Col. Pillsbury's Career.

Col. Pillsbury was born in Massachusetts, December 19, 1876, and appointed to the Military Academy from that State in 1896. Graduating first in his class in 1900, he was commissioned second lieutenant of engineers and ordered to duty of general supervision of fortification work in the harbor of San Francisco. He was promoted to first lieutenant Feb. 2, 1901. June 25, 1901, he sailed for the Philippines, where he was engaged in engineering work until his return to the United States in December, 1903. After serving with the 2nd Battalion, Engineers, at Washington Barracks, D. C., until April 7, 1905, he was appointed a member of the Board of Road Commissioners for Alaska and in charge of the Engineer District of Alaska to Aug. 8, 1908. He became captain of engineers March 2, 1906. Aug. 22, 1908, to Aug. 24, 1912, he was an associate professor of mathematics at the Military Academy.

Col. Pillsbury was promoted to major Oct. 12, 1912. Sept. 24, 1912, to Jan. 23, 1916, he was in charge of river and harbor and fortification work at New London, Conn., and at Los Angeles, Calif., until May 1, 1917. On July 14, 1917, he was promoted lieutenant colonel of engineers and on Aug. 5, 1917, colonel of engineers, National Army.

During the World War, from August, 1917, to September, 1918, Col. Pillsbury commanded the 115th Engineers, 40th Division. In France he commanded the 102nd Engineers, 27th Division, from Sept. 12 to Oct. 10, 1918, when he became engineer of the II Corps. He participated in the Somme offensive, Sept. 25, 1918.

Upon his return to the United States in 1919 he served in the office of the Chief of Engineers, Washington, D. C., as assistant to the officer in charge of Rivers and Harbors Division; as engineer St. Lawrence River Commission, and as district engineer in charge of Survey of Northern and Northwestern Lakes. April 16, 1928, he was appointed to his present duty of district engineer with station at Philadelphia.

Col. Pillsbury is a member of the general staff eligible list and is a graduate of the Army War College, 1921; honor graduate of command and general staff school, Ft. Leavenworth, Kans., 1924, and the recipient of a Distinguished Service Medal.

## Col. Danforth's Record

Col. Danforth was born in the District of Columbia, Feb. 5, 1876. He enlisted in the 4th United States Volunteer Infantry, June 16, 1898, and served through the grades of private, sergeant, 1st sergeant, and sergeant major with that regiment, until Jan. 22, 1899, being appointed the following day as a second lieutenant of Infantry.

He was appointed a 2nd lieutenant of Infantry, Regular Army, Feb. 2, 1901; promoted to 1st lieutenant Jan. 9, 1903; to captain June 6, 1911, and to major Aug. 5, 1917.

Jan. 21, 1918, he was detailed to the Aviation Section, Signal Corps, with the rank of lieutenant colonel, and assigned to duty at Kelly Field, San Antonio, where he commanded the Concentration Brigade and also served as executive officer of the field.

Pursuing the six months' course of training at the Primary Flying School at Carlstrom Field, Arcadia, Fla., from October, 1920, to April, 1921, he was, upon graduation, transferred to the Advanced Flying School at Kelly Field, Tex., and graduated from this school the following July.

For three years thereafter Col. Danforth commanded Langley Field, Va., following which he was assigned to duty as air officer of the 4th Corps Area at Atlanta, Ga., where he remained until March, 1928.

At the present time he is in command of Selfridge Field, Mt. Clemens, Mich., his rank of colonel dating from Oct. 2, 1928.

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## Reports On USMA Athletics

(Continued from Page 1003)

gation establishes facts that prove beyond doubt the amateurism of athletes at the Military Academy.

e. The testimony of the 154 cadets now at the academy who have been members of the various football squads or associated therewith was taken. This testimony establishes without question that no cadet in this group has ever received any extra compensation whatever in money or its equivalent as an athlete at the academy. None of these cadets had any knowledge of any improper or irregular use of funds pertaining to the Army Athletic Association. None had been offered any inducements in connection with their appointments to the academy, and none had been given to understand at any time by anyone that they would be allowed to leave West Point or the Army when they had finished their football association at the academy. A very small number of these 154 cadets testify that they had been in correspondence with the football office prior to their appointments as cadets, and that as a result thereof they received information and advice from the football office and, in one or two cases, minor assistance of the nature described in paragraph IV b (5) of this report.

### Conclusions

1. The scope of inquiry in this investigation, although limited to persons and records under jurisdiction of the Army, has been sufficiently comprehensive for the years under consideration (since 1921) to establish, beyond doubt, the truth or falsity of all or any of the allegations in question. Notwithstanding the fact that the allegations in question are vague and indefinite as to specific incidents, circumstances, persons, and accusers, the foregoing conclusion is substantiated by the quantity and character of testimony given under oath. The field of investigation has comprised all conceivable sources of information within the jurisdiction of the Army.

2. The evidence is conclusive that athletics at the United States Military Academy have been conducted in the best interest of the basic purpose of the academy and in accordance with the recognized high standards of this institution.

3. Careful and exhaustive examination of the records and accounts of the Army Athletic Association, as well as the testimony of reliable witnesses, positively refutes the allegation of grafting or stealing of the funds of the association by its members or by anyone else.

4. The evidence discloses that soliciting athletes for the academy (as defined on page 5 of this report) has been practiced with and without the knowledge of the athletic authorities of the academy. However, the evidence establishes that this soliciting involved no action on the part of any person which could be associated, in any way, with the allegations under investigation. In fact, I am of the opinion that there has been nothing irregular or unethical in this method of interesting athletes to come to the academy.

5. The evidence discloses some cases of recruiting (without financial disbursements) athletes for the academy (as defined on p. 5 of this report). The assistance associated with this recruiting involved:

- Advice as to prospective vacancies;
- Interesting friends from or thru whom appointments could be secured;
- Securing special scholarships at West Point preparatory schools; and
- Following up likely athletes.

While this recruiting involved no action on the part of any person which could be associated in any way with the allegations under investigation, I am of the opinion that such methods do not accord with the recognized high ethical standards of the academy.

6. The evidence establishes positively that there has been no subsidizing of athletes at the Military Academy (as defined on p. 5 of this report). The evidence corroborates the conclusions of the Carnegie Foundation report on American College Athletics, pages 241-242, which places the United States Military Academy with 27 other colleges or universities, out of 112 institutions visited, in a group where "no evidence was found that athletes were subsidized by any group or individual." I am of the opinion that all allegations of this nature are without foundation of fact and are false.

7. The evidence establishes that no athlete was induced to come to the academy with an understanding that, after finishing his football association at the academy, he would be allowed to leave the service. While no evidence was found which gave any tinge of truth to this allegation, the "oath

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All letters intended for publication should be accompanied by the name and address of the writer, not necessarily for publication, but as a proof of good faith. If the writer desires to omit his name when the letter is published, he should so state.

Letters printed in this column represent the views of the writer and publication herein does not imply endorsement by the Army and Navy Journal.

### FAIR PLAY

Editor, Army and Navy Journal:

TIME has brought moderation in the enforcement of the provisions of Class "B." But time has brought only additional punishment and humiliation to those retired officers who suffer under the recent legislation which precludes those of "Class B" from assuming the rank which they attained in war. We know that the findings of Class "B" Boards were based upon many things and we also know that the right to title of war rank should rest upon but one thing, viz: The manner in which war duties were performed. Why is it necessary to single out this small number of veterans for ignominy, when a far greater number of officers, consisting of those who were kept in this country in cases where it was felt that they were not qualified for duty in France and all of the generals who were removed from their commands in war, are allowed to assume their war rank?

Surely, this is a manifest injustice and it is to be hoped that the War Department will take steps to right the wrong that has been inflicted upon these veterans.

—JUSTICE

of engagement" required of all cadets must remove any doubts in the premises. By this oath the cadet agrees to eight years' service unless allowed to resign by competent authority, i. e., the War Department.

8. The evidence establishes conclusively that no athlete at the academy received extra compensation for playing.

9. The evidence establishes that of all cadets who played intercollegiate football at the academy since 1923, i. e., 163, only 10 had previously played on first teams of other colleges or universities for three years. This is only 6 per cent and not 50 per cent as alleged.

10. The evidence establishes that, in so far as the United States Military Academy is concerned, there was nothing irregular or unethical, or anything associated in any way with the allegations in question, connected with the service and resignation of ex-Cadet Christian K. Cagle.

11. The evidence establishes that funds of the athletic association are safeguarded by sound policies, accurate accounts and audits, and that there were no expenditures or transactions of these funds which related, in any way, to the allegations in question.

12. The evidence establishes, beyond doubt, that there is no professionalism or commercialism associated with athletics at the academy. In football the athletic managers and coaches are officers of the Army; they receive no extra compensation and are not subsidized.

13. In consequence of the conclusions reached in this investigation, all of the allegations which formed the basis for this investigation are found to be without foundation of fact and false. On the contrary, the deductions resulting from this searching investigation are convincing that the conduct of athletics at the United States Military Academy approaches, in practically all essentials except as to recruiting, the definition of amateurism which the Carnegie Foundation report sets forth as "most widely current in the United States."

"An amateur sportsman is one who engages in sport solely for the pleasure and physical, mental, or social benefits he derives therefrom, and to whom sport is nothing more than an avocation."

### Recommendation

That a copy of this report be furnished the Superintendent of the United States Military Academy with a view to the elimination of the objectionable features mentioned in paragraph 5 of conclusions of this report.

H. A. DRUM, Major General,  
The Inspector General.

# School Directory

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# FINANCE

## Personals

(Continued from Page 1000)

jr., were among those at the graduation exercises at West Point and are now guests of Maj. and Mrs. Wright Rumbaugh, at Onteora Park, N. Y. Later they will visit Lt. Holbrook's aunt, Miss Blanche Huntington Stanley, at her home in East Gloucester, Mass., and will return to Ft. Meyer, Va., about July 1.

Miss Eleanor Victoria Stokes, daughter of Mrs. W. J. Stokes and the late Maj. Stokes, USA, left for Chicago to resume the study of voice and piano under Dr. Francis Hemington, director of the Oak Park School of Music.

Maj. J. A. Rowe, USA, ret., and Mrs. Rowe have made their home at No. 227 East Craig Place, San Antonio, Tex. Maj. Rowe has opened an office in San Antonio for the practice of orthodontia.



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## War College Graduates

FOLLOWING is a tentative list of the student-officers who will graduate at the Army War College on June 27:

### Colonel

J. A. Moss, FA

### Captain

B. C. Allen

### Lieutenant Colonels

J. A. Atkins, Inf. L. B. McAfee, MC  
J. A. Barry, Cav. E. B. Miller, USMC  
Robt. Blaine, Cav. E. P. Moses, USMC  
J. F. Dyer, USMC A. L. Rhoades, SC  
Louis Farrel, Inf. T. L. Sherburne, Cav.  
A. G. Fisher, AC  
L. P. Horsfall, CAC H. F. Spurgin, CAC  
E. C. Jones, MC I. P. Swift, Cav.  
R. A. Jones, Inf. F. E. Williford, CAC  
K. A. Joyce, Cav.  
G. A. Lynch, Inf.

### Commanders USN

I. C. Bogart J. B. Oldendorff  
H. H. Frost J. M. Schelling  
W. F. Jacobs

### Majors

J. W. Anderson, J. T. McNarney, FA AC  
J. F. Barnes, FA E. S. Miller, Inf.  
A. E. Brown, Inf. W. H. H. Morris, Inf.  
C. M. Busbee, FA  
W. J. Calvert, QMC J. I. Muir, Inf.  
G. W. Chipman, W. R. Nichols, Cav. CAC  
F. S. Clark, CAC Earl North, CE  
T. A. Clark, OD R. E. O'Brien, Inf.  
E. B. Colladay, Richard Park, CE CAC  
R. F. Cox, CAC J. B. Pate, Inf.  
W. D. Crittendon, Cav. W. O. Rawls, FD  
R. L. Eichelberger, W. M. Robertson, AGD Inf.  
H. L. Flynn, Cav. C. A. Ross, Inf.  
W. A. Gano, Inf. C. W. Russell, AC  
W. H. Gill, Inf. A. L. P. Sands, FA  
M. J. Gunner, Inf. L. M. Silvester, Inf.  
C. P. Hall, Inf. G. W. Sliney, FA  
R. P. Hartle, Inf. T. C. Spencer, SC  
Philip Hayes, FA O. L. Spiller, CAC  
H. D. Higley, FA C. C. Stokely, Inf.  
R. A. Hill, Inf. Roger Taylor, OD  
J. B. Johnson, Cav. A. S. J. Tucker, Inf.  
J. W. Jones, AC C. A. Walker, OD  
L. E. Jones, FA C. H. White, Inf.  
E. P. King, FA C. F. Williams, CE  
E. E. Lewis, Inf. R. C. Williams, CE  
R. M. Littlejohn, QMC  
F. W. Llewellyn, JAGD O. S. Wood, Inf.  
R. C. McDonald, L. F. J. Zerbe, MC CWS

## Engagements

(Continued from Page 1000)

whose engagement to Mrs. Albert B. Heagy of Washington was recently announced, will be married June 28 at the home of her cousin, Mrs. A. M. Holcombe. Dr. William I. McKenney will perform the ceremony.

Owing to the recent death of Mrs. McKenney's mother the wedding will be attended by only the members of the immediate families. Miss Eleanor Greasley of Chevy Chase will be maid of honor and Mr. Charles V. Koons will act as best man.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Friedlander of Washington, D. C., announce the engagement of their daughter Helene to Lt. Morris Goldberg, USA, son of Mr. and Mrs. Morris Goldberg. The wedding will take place this summer.

Col. and Mrs. Charles B. Drake announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Barrine Drake, to Dr. Charles W. Bowers of New York, the son of Mr. and Mrs. Carl Petzlbauer of Vienna and Moedling, Austria. He is a graduate of the University of Vienna. Dr. Bowers will sail at the end of the month to visit in Austria and the wedding will take place in the early autumn shortly after his return.

The Thirteen Jinx Dinner, June 13, 1930, given by Maj. H. F. Cameron, Eng., 9th CA, to the local officers of the Corps of Engineers and families living in San Francisco, at the monthly post dinner hop of the Presidio Club, San Francisco, Calif., was the occasion for Miss Virginia Cameron to announce her engagement to Mr. J. D. Rafferty, San Jose, Calif.

Prompt renewal of your subscription will assure you that you will miss no issues of the Army and Navy Journal.

## 76 CAC Graduates

Ft. Monroe—Graduations in the Coast Artillery School were held June 18. Gen. Charles P. Summerall, the Chief of Staff, the new Chief of Coast Artillery, Maj. Gen. John W. Gulick, and Maj. Gen. Henry D. Todd, school commandant, were speakers. Inspection of the West Point Cadet Camp, and a review of the 12th, 51st and 52nd Coast Artillery, and ROTC units, will follow.

The graduating class in the Advanced Course comprises:

### Majors

Glenn P. Anderson.  
Willis D. Chapin.  
Donald M. Cole.  
Barrington L. Flanigan.  
Ferdinand F. Gallagher.  
William C. Hanna.  
Delmar S. Lenzner.  
Kenneth McCarty.  
James D. MacMullen.  
John B. Martin.  
Reinold Melberg.  
Charles D. Y. Ostrom.  
Edward C. Seeds.  
Berthold Vogel.

### Captains

William C. Braly.  
Alexander H. Campbell.  
Nelson Dingley, 3d.  
William D. Evans.  
Porter P. Lowry.  
Robert N. Mackin, jr.  
Edward H. Taliaferro.  
George W. Whybark.

Graduates in the Battery Officers' Course are:

### Majors.

Albert D. Chipman.  
Carl R. Adams.  
Clare H. Armstrong.  
Alvin L. Barr.  
Roy T. Barrett.  
Thomas R. Bartlett.  
Harold B. Bliss.  
William J. Burke.  
William R. Carlson.  
Eugene T. Conway.  
Leonard L. Davis.  
Archibald D. Fisk.  
Chauncey A. Gillette.  
Norman E. Hartman.  
Frank A. Hollingshead.  
Parry W. Lewis.  
Percy S. Lowe.  
Edward B. McCarthy.  
Marvel H. Parsons.  
Harry E. Pendleton.  
Earl R. Reynolds.  
Frank Richards.  
Kenneth Rowntree.  
Wilfred H. Steward.  
James R. Townsend.

### First Lieutenants

William I. Allen.  
Edward Barber.  
Russell E. Bates.  
Howard E. C. Breitung.  
George R. Burgess.  
Martin C. Casey.  
Girvelle L. Field.  
Karl C. Frank.  
Edgar M. Gregory.  
Donald B. Herron.  
David B. Latimer.  
William S. Lawton.  
F. C. McConnell.  
Darwin D. Martin.  
Joe D. Moss.  
George F. Nichols.  
Robin B. Pape.  
John H. Pitzer.  
C. H. Schabacker.  
Lloyd Shephard.  
Perry McC. Smith.  
Donald C. Treddenick.  
Everett C. Wallace.  
Charles W. West.  
C. Forrest Wilson.  
Auston M. Wilson, jr.

### Second Lieutenants

Bienvendo M. Alba.  
Rex I. Heinlein, jr. (CE).

## Weddings

(Continued from Page 1000)

witnessed the ceremony and attended the reception which followed at the quarters of Lt. and Mrs. Tarpnell.

Lt. Cone is a graduate of Annapolis with the class of 1922.

The marriage of Miss Lillian Whitside, daughter of the chief of the Remount Service of the Army, Col. W. W. Whitside, and Mrs. Whitside, to Lt. Wellington Alexander Samouche, USA, instructor of military mathematics at West Point, will take place June 28, at 4 o'clock, at the home of the bride's parents in Georgetown, Washington, D. C.

## Financial Digest

"IN THE past decade merchandise exports from the United States have increased in quantity more than 19 per cent and imports into the United States more than 65 per cent," a recent bulletin of the G. M.-P. Murphy and Co. states. "The money value of exports and imports is not as high at present as in the years immediately following the war, due to the higher commodity prices at that time.

"Correspondingly, the higher prices now prevailing make the increase in value over pre-war figures greater than the quantitative increase. In 1929 the value of exports was 111 per cent higher than in 1913 and the value of imports 145 per cent higher. Quantitative measurements are obtained by computations of the Bureau of Foreign and Domestic Commerce, in which the total value of goods is divided by a weighted index of prices of articles exported and imported. Corrected for price changes by this method, the comparison with 1913 shows a gain of 69 per cent for exports and 107 per cent for imports.

"Similarly corrected figures for other countries are not available for the year 1929. In 1927, however, when the corrected export figures for the United States showed a gain of 58 per cent over 1913, and imports an increase of 80 per cent, a study made by the League of Nations indicated that the total international trade was only about 20 per cent above the pre-war level."

## Vacate Goat Island

LEGISLATION directing the Army and Navy to turn over their holdings on Goat Island, in San Francisco Harbor to the State of California, has been instituted by Representative Welch, of California. In return the state is to furnish such harbor and terminal facilities in the harbor as are needed by the Army and Navy. The bill, H. R. 12838, has been referred to the Military Affairs Committee.

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## Cav. Officers Graduate

**MAJ. GEN. GUY V. HENRY**, the Chief of Cavalry, was chief speaker at the Cavalry School graduation, Ft. Riley.

Advanced Class graduates were:

## Majors

Gordon J. F. Heron.  
Thomas F. Limbocker.  
Renn Lawrence.  
Francisco P. DeLara (Cuban Army).

## Captains

George A. King.  
Harold E. Eastwood.  
William B. Van Auken.  
Donald A. Young.  
Harry A. Buckley.  
Ira A. Correll.  
Norman N. Rogers.  
Halbert H. Neilson.  
Randolph Russell.  
Gersum Cronander.  
Lewis A. Pulling.  
Albert Hlavac, jr. (Cav. Res.).

## First Lieutenant

P. Rodriguez (Cuban Army).

Graduates of the Special Advanced Equitation Class were:

## Major

Calvin DeWitt, jr.

## Captains

John T. Cole.  
Alexander B. MacNabb.  
Marcus E. Jones.  
Carleton Burgess.

## First Lieutenants

Samuel P. Walker.  
Earl F. Thomson.  
Eugene L. Harrison.  
Clarence W. Bennett.  
Gordon B. Rogers.  
James M. Callicutt (FA).  
Robert L. Taylor (FA).

The following graduated in the Troop Officers' Class:

## Captains

Thomas G. Hanson, jr.  
Benness B. Vail.  
Edward H. deSaussure.  
Edwin M. Burnett.  
Burlin C. Bridges, VC.  
Maurice G. Holmes, USMC.  
Carl A. G. De Geer (Swedish Army).

## First Lieutenants

Edwin P. Crandell.  
Wesley W. Yale.  
Francis L. Ready.  
Lee C. Vance.  
Harold E. Walker.  
Harry J. Theis.  
Clyde Massey.  
Lawrence R. Dewey.  
William A. Bugher.  
Carl W. A. Raguse.  
Cary B. Hutchinson.  
Peter C. Hains, III.  
Frank G. Trew.  
John H. Stadler, jr.  
Laurence K. Ladue.  
Logan C. Berry.  
John H. Claybrook, jr.  
John C. Murtaugh.  
Juan S. Moran (PS, Cav.).  
Hammond M. Monroe (Inf.).  
Landon J. Lockett (Inf.).  
Aurelio Martiney (Cuban Army).

## Second Lieutenants

Paul R. Greenhalgh.  
John P. Willey.  
Harry D. Eckert.  
William J. Bradley.  
Clark L. Ruffner.  
William O. Heacock.  
Thomas L. Harrold.  
Robert L. Howze.  
Ralph T. Garver.  
Allen A. Cavanaugh.  
Frank G. Fraser.  
William H. Nutter.  
Ronald M. Shaw.  
Roland A. Browne.  
William H. Wood.  
Gustavus W. West.  
George P. Berilla, jr.  
William A. Fuller.  
Raymond M. Barton.  
Donald H. Bratton.  
Hubert W. Ketchum, jr.  
John L. DePew.  
Mitchell A. Giddens.  
David E. Bradford.  
Charles H. Valentine.  
Richard H. Bridgman.

The following National Guard and Reserve Officers graduated from the Troop Officers' Class:

## Captains

William H. Abendroth, Idaho NG.  
George G. Belton, Ill. NG.  
Reginald L. Hatt, Wyo. NG.  
Benjamin I. Levine, Pa. NG.  
Walter Livingston, Iowa NG.  
Albert W. Morse, ORC.

## First Lieutenants

Harlan I. Abbey, Kans. NG.  
Elmer F. Arnbrecht, Col. NG.  
Eugene B. Baca, N. M. NG.  
James M. Gilbough, Tex. NG.  
Wilbar Halbert, Pa. NG.  
Harvey M. Hopp, ORC.  
Frank D. Huyler, ORC.  
William A. E. Leitzinger, Pa. NG.  
Harold A. Rose, Mass. NG.

## Transport Sch. Graduates

**BRIG. GEN. FRANCIS H. POPE**, Assistant to The Quartermaster General, issued diplomas to 91 commissioned and enlisted graduates of the QMC Motor Transport School, Holabird QM Depot, on June 13. Maj. Gen. John L. Dewitt, The Quartermaster General, and Col. Edgar S. Stayer, school commandant, delivered addresses.

The graduates were:

## Major

J. R. Hill

## Captains

F. T. Neville.  
R. O. White.  
S. L. Zea, USMC.  
J. H. Healy, Cav.  
J. C. Browne

## Lieutenants

H. M. Alexander, Cav.  
H. W. Allen, QMC, PS.  
J. B. Cooley, Cav.  
J. B. Edmunds, Cav.  
L. E. W. Lepper, FA.  
L. F. Watson, QMC.  
M. M. Santos, CAC, PS.  
A. B. Denniston.  
T. B. Jordan, USMC.  
C. G. Moints, USMC.

## Technical Sergeant

F. R. Osterkamp

## Staff Sergeants

H. W. Wurtzler J. P. Phillips  
P. F. Lurnin R. F. King  
J. G. Caron N. J. DeRosa  
L. W. Price

## Corporals

W. Golden F. E. Miller  
M. K. Bessinger F. Olsen  
C. W. Brantley D. H. Greer

## Privates First Class

B. J. Akin T. Larson  
J. A. Baranek H. W. McElroy  
H. J. Brown C. Nelson  
H. Francisco J. S. Patton  
H. A. Ferguson C. F. Roberts  
F. Gates L. M. Stump  
M. F. Gross A. T. Smario  
F. Kotz C. F. Tallon  
A. K. Long J. Welsh

## Privates

A. M. Adams J. R. Kenny  
C. L. Burnett J. T. Kowalskie  
C. B. Blakely Joseph Kochel  
F. J. Blasko C. J. Larnard  
J. D. Baumgardner John Morgan  
John Buzink R. J. Myers  
F. A. Boyette S. D. Miller  
H. O. Cooper F. W. Miller  
Elmer Couch Gilroy Price  
J. M. Cody J. P. Peluse  
Joseph DeVoter T. T. Rankin  
R. W. Dice J. T. Rickards  
J. S. Edwards W. E. Steel  
C. B. Ferree E. A. Voth  
H. T. Grier W. A. Watson  
H. G. Galladay H. L. Webb  
C. L. Heimsoth Harford Williams  
Orlie Haburne Johnny Williams  
E. W. Hearn R. N. Wardlow  
E. M. Heckler J. M. Yenusewski  
Michael Haluska H. O. Zeigler  
D. C. Kuhn

## Hear on Enlisted Blues

**MAJ. GEN. EWING BOOTH**, Assistant Chief of Staff, G-4, appeared before the House Committee on Military Affairs on June 19 at a hearing on Mrs. Rogers' bill providing the blue dress uniform for enlisted men of the Army.

Gen. Booth explained that the measure did not accord with present War Department policy because of budgetary considerations. The initial cost, it was explained, would be about \$1,202,404; annual maintenance, approximately \$287,422 more than that of the olive drab uniforms. There has been no contemplation of the restoration of the black dress shoes, but if they were restored the initial cost would be about \$285,647, without further additional cost.

## Senate Gets ATS Bill

**H. R. 7929**, providing retirement for persons who hold licenses as navigators and engineers, who have reached the age of 64 and who have served 25 or more years in the Army Transport Service, has been referred to the Senate Committee on Military Affairs.

Otto F. Schroeder, Wis. NG.  
Harry D. Simmons, ORC.  
Roland E. Simms, ORC.

## Second Lieutenants

Edward F. Grigg, Mass. NG.  
Charles C. Harmon, ORC.  
Carl O. Shytle, N. C. NG.  
Odin E. Wang, Wis. NG.  
Robert Maurt, Va. NG.

## QMC School Graduates

Schuylkill Arsenal, Pa.—Graduation exercises for the 1929-1930 Warrant Officers' and Noncommissioned Officers' Class of The Quartermaster Corps School, Philadelphia, Pa., were held in Pettus Hall recently and 38 were given diplomas.

Col. M. R. Hilgard, QMC, Commandant of the school, delivered a short address after which diplomas were presented to the following:

John Aden, Staff Sergeant.  
Thomas Ahearn, Sergeant.  
Howard Baker, Sergeant.  
Willie R. Barrett, Sergeant.  
Walter A. Borgeson, Private First Class.

Robert A. Bradley, Private First Class.

Nathaniel G. Chase, Warrant Officer.  
Walton H. Coleman, Sergeant.  
Robert H. Crask, Staff Sergeant.  
Walter E. Cross, Private First Class.  
Rex DeLoach, Sergeant.  
Charles S. Dunlap, Staff Sergeant.  
William H. Forbes, jr., Technical Sergeant.

Edward J. Giguere, Sergeant.  
Harry E. Graff, Staff Sergeant.  
Clifton Grimble, Sergeant.  
Emory P. Hastings, Staff Sergeant.  
Harold J. Hockin, Warrant Officer.  
Thomas L. Kitchen, Sergeant.  
John B. Koepf, Sergeant.  
Leo A. Legault, Sergeant.  
Harry E. Liljegen, Sergeant.  
Edmund Loeser, Sergeant.  
James McKenzie, Staff Sergeant.  
Jeff Mills, Sergeant.  
Max W. Minser, Staff Sergeant.  
Gordon D. Muschek, Corporal.  
George W. O'Daniel, Technical Sergeant.

Ernest H. Ostrander, Staff Sergeant.  
Paul R. Reagan, Sergeant.  
Walter R. Reynolds, Sergeant.  
Joseph P. Ryan, Sergeant.  
Frank W. Skene, Sergeant.  
Oswald H. Smith, Staff Sergeant.  
William C. Smith, Private.  
Jesse S. Street, Staff Sergeant.  
Neil Taitte, Sergeant.  
George J. Winters, Sergeant.

## Wants Academies to Meet

**REPRESENTATIVE BLANTON** this week introduced H. J. Res. 375, to provide for the resumption of athletic relations between the Military and Naval Academies, such relations to be governed by practices in force with substantial uniformity among colleges and universities of the first class.

If you are not a regular subscriber to the Army and Navy Journal subscribe now. You can't afford to be without it.

## Celebrate QM Day

**AS ONE** of a series of country-wide celebrations of the event, a dinner in commemoration of the 155th anniversary of the founding of the Quartermaster Corps was held on June 17 at the Army War College, under the auspices of the Washington Chapter of the Quartermasters' Association.

Gen. Francis H. Pope was toastmaster and outlined the history of the corps to the guests. Maj. Gen. John L. Dewitt, The Quartermaster General, welcomed the guests. There were approximately 130 present at the festivities.

At the head table in the banquet room of the Officers' Club were:

The Assistant Secretary of War, Col. F. H. Payne; Maj. Gens. Charles H. Bridges, Adjutant General; Ewing E. Booth; John L. Clem, retired; John L. DeWitt, Quartermaster General; Hugh A. Drum, Inspector General; George S. Gibbs, Chief Signal Officer; Samuel Hof, Chief of Ordnance; Merritte W. Ireland, Surgeon General, and Edward A. Kreger, Judge Advocate General; Brig. Gens. Louis H. Bash, assistant to The Quartermaster General; William E. Horton, retired; George V. H. Moseley, assistant to the Assistant Secretary of War; Francis LeJ. Parker, chief of the Bureau of Insular Affairs; Francis H. Pope, assistant to The Quartermaster General; George S. Simonds, and Henry C. Whitehead, assistant to The Quartermaster General; Col. Julian E. Yates, Chief of Chaplains.

Civilians on duty in the office of The Quartermaster General celebrated on June 18 with a trip to Ft. Washington on the General Rucker. At Ft. Washington a chicken dinner was followed by dancing.

Gens. DeWitt, Pope, Bash, Whitehead, and Horton, and Cols. Guiney, Gibson, Jones and Knox made the trip on Gen. DeWitt's launch, Enterprise. Maj. Louis C. Wilson, QMC, and Miss Annie Farrar were in charge of arrangements.

Military and civilian employees at the New York General Depot celebrated with a trip on the Belle Island to Roton Point, where bathing, roller coasting and baseball were enjoyed. The celebration was in charge of Lt. Col. A. B. Warfield, QMC.

## WOULD SHIFT RADIO

**REMOVAL** of the Otter Cliffs radio station on Mount Desert Island, Me., would be authorized by a bill introduced in the House on June 11. The sum of \$350,000 is to be provided to remove the station to a site on Government land on Schoodic Peninsula opposite Mount Desert Island, within the Acadia National Park. Upon the relocation of the station, the old site would be incorporated in the Acadia Park.

## I WANT ADS

## APARTMENTS—UNFURNISHED

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## FOR RENT

SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, 8 rooms, 3 baths, near Cathedral and Joan Eaton School. 3229 Klinge Road, Washington, D. C.

FURNISHED HOUSE at 3610 T Street N. W. (Burleith) for 6 weeks or 2 months, beginning any time prior to July 15. Phone Potomac 0313-W.

SEMI-DETACHED HOUSE, 7 rms., reception hall, 2 baths, porch, fire-place, garage, exclusive locality. One square west of Connecticut Avenue, Chevy Chase. Inquire PO 1900, Apt. 524, after 6 p. m.

## HELP WANTED

THE POST EXCHANGE, Ft. George G. Meade, Md., desires to obtain the services of a man who has had some Post Exchange experience and who is qualified to act in the capacity of Exchange Steward. Retired Non-commissioned Officers of the first three grades preferred.

## PATENTS

PATENTS—Time counts in applying for patents; send sketch or model for instructions or write for free book, "How to Obtain a Patent," and "Record of Invention" form. No charge for information on how to proceed. Clarence A. O'Brien, Registered Patent Attorney, 4602 Security Savings and Comm'l Bank Bldg., Washington, D. C.

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